

THE PSALMS

THE PSALMS

A New Translation
WITH THE CANTICLES OF
THE ROMAN BREVIARY

by Ronald Knox

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INTRODUCTION1

 ${f I}$ suppose that if any of us were asked which figure in the Old Testament he would soonest meet, he would answer at once, King David. With all the lawless faults of his age and character, there is still a freshness and a graciousness about the record of him which make him seem real to us, and in a degree lovable to us. Let me remind you of one touching incident in his career. When he had killed the Philistine giant with the aid of his sling and a stone from the brook, he had no sword with which to cut off the monstrous head; he took out for this purpose the giant's own sword, and, perhaps because he found it too unwieldy for his boyish strength, laid it up afterwards as a trophy in the tabernacle of God. Years later, when he was fleeing from the persecution of King Saul, he found himself weaponless, and asked the priest Achimelech if he had at hand a spear or a sword. "Yes," answered the priest, "there is the sword of the Philistine, Goliath, whom thou didst slay in the Valley of Terebinth. If thou wilt take that, take it; there is none other but that." "And there is none other like that," said David; "give it me."

Poor indeed must be his store of memories, who can read those words without a thrill. There are, in all our lives, associations of boyhood which have the power to stir and to reinvigorate us. There was some personal influence which affected us strongly, some book we read which

¹ Adapted from a meditation in Retreat for Priests, by Ronald Knox (Sheed and Ward, 1946).

seemed to open for us new windows of experience; there was some crisis in our spiritual history which happened just here, or in just these circumstances; some resolution taken, some temptation resisted, some ambition dedicated to God. And the memory of these things can be reawakened in us by a chance meeting, or an anniversary, or a familiar scene; we halt, and our minds go back over the years, and a virtue creeps into our sluggish veins. Renovabitur ut aquilae juventus tua; the resolution, the inspiration come back to us, familiar and desirable; "There is none other like that," we say with King David, "there is none other like that; give it me."

But of all the influences which have power to restore the past, none works upon us more easily than the gift of song. Among all its mysterious qualities (and it is probably the most mysterious thing in all our common experience) music is distinguished by this, that a tune or a phrase carries with it the associations amidst which it was first, or most familiarly heard. It can bring tears to the eyes, or quicken the action of the heart, by a power not its own; it has roots in the memory. That is why an old tune or a very few hackneyed lines of poetry affect us more than any amount of modern stuff. It is true-the truth is as old as Homer -that men will sing by preference the latest song which is in the public ear. But the emotions, which these novelties arouse in us, are simple, surface emotions; if we want to be deeply moved, we must go back to the songs which have grown up with us, which breathe memories of the past. So it is, too, with a familiar poem; our own history is woven into the phrases of it, and they bring back the

impressions of a stuffy class-room or a hot Sunday afternoon in the open. And of such a piece of music or such a poem our heart says, "There is none other like that, give it me."

Christendom has many songs, and many airs and many singers. But there is one body of poetry, far older than Christendom, which has from the first entwined itself in the history of the Church, interpreted her aspirations and enshrined her experiences. It was the poetry which our Lord sang with his apostles on that last night, before they went out to Olivet. It was the poetry from which he quoted, as he hung on the Cross. It was the poetry which first sprang to the lips of the assembled disciples, when they gave thanks in a time of persecution. The Psalms of David are, as it were, the Church's nursery rhymes; it is on that music that she falls back for consolation: "There is none other like that," she says, "give it me."

The Psalms of David, we call them; learned people would have us believe that this is a false title; the collection is only an anthology by various authors. It certainly does seem reasonable, saving the better judgment of the Church, to suppose that a psalm written about the Babylonian captivity was written by somebody who had experienced it, rather than by a king who had never heard of Babylon and lived several centuries before the captivity took place. But even if you allow for that, here and there, common sense tells you that the bulk of the psalter is King David's work. In the first place, because a great literary tradition does not grow round a man's name unless he really has some literary work to his credit. Imitators do not arise until there is

something to imitate. And in the second place, because the general inspiration of the work is a single inspiration, reflecting the experiences and the outlook of a single man.

You can trace David all through the Psalms. You can read his shepherd boyhood in his fondness for pastoral metaphor: "The Lord is my shepherd . . . we are his people and sheep of his pasturing. . . . Give audience, thou that leadest Joseph with a shepherd's care." You see him as a young warrior: "Blessed be the Lord, my God, who makes these hands strong for battle, these fingers skilled in fight. ... Not in the bow I trust, not to my sword I look for safety. . . . Who is to lead me on my march against this fortress, who is to find an entrance for me into Edom?" You see him thrown over and persecuted by his master King Saul: "Do not put your trust in princes, they are but men, they have no power to save. . . . Better trust the Lord than rely on the help of princes . . . countless as the hairs on my head are my wanton enemies. . . . " You see him fleeing for his life, an exile with a band of outlaw companions: "The Lord is my rockfastness, my stronghold, my rescuer . . . in the strength of my God I will leap over a wall.... I reeled under the blow, and had well nigh fallen, but still the Lord was there to aid me." You see him established in his kingdom: "The Lord who pities me and grants me safety, bowing down nations to my will . . . he drew me out of a cheerless pit where the mire had settled deep, and gave me a foothold on the rock and firm ground to tread. . . . Do not suffer the proud to trample on me, the wicked to dispossess me." You see him falling into sin and repenting: "I will be my own accuser, I said,

and confess my fault to the Lord; and with that thou didst remit the guilt of my sin. . . . Far as the east is from the west, he clears away our guilt from us." You see him fleeing from his son Absalom, betrayed by Achitophel: "But thou, my second self, my familiar friend.... kindness is repaid with injury, love with ill-will . . . the very man I trusted most, my own intimate friend, who shared my bread, has lifted his heel to trip me up." You see him planning, in his old age, the building of God's temple: "Never shall these eyes have sleep, these eyelids close, this brow take any rest, until I find the Lord a home, the God of Jacob a dwelling place . . . to the Lord your God let vows be made and paid; bring gifts from every side. . . . Lord, in thy great love send prosperity to Sion so that the walls of Jerusalem may be built. . . . " As Goethe's work is full of Goethe, David's work is full of David; you are haunted everywhere by the echoes of his breathless career.

All that is the basis of the Psalms, and it is overlaid with the associations which nineteen centuries of Christendom have attached to them. Some phrases are familiar to us from their use in the liturgy, some from their interpretation in ascetic or mystical theology, some because the saints have been converted by them, or have died repeating them, some because the theologians have drawn arguments from them. Thus, by association, the psalter has become a great organ of human sentiment, upon whose stops the Holy Spirit varies the moods of a divine melody; now our Lord's crucifixion is the theme, now the praises of our Lady, now the expectation of the faithful dead, now the triumph of the Church, now the Blessed Sacrament, now the aspira-

tions of the contemplative, now the Church's persecutions, now the glories of heaven. Imagine for a moment a devout Jew reading the psalter, reading the same phrases that you read, and see how different is their meaning to him: Regina adstat ad dexteram tuam ornata auro ex Ophir . . . Et introibo ad altare Dei . . . Deus meus, Deus meus, quare me dereliquisti . . . Calicem salutis accipiam—think what those phrases mean to him, and what they mean to you. If the psalms are the history of King David, they are also the history of Christ's Church.

And besides the public importance of the psalter, it has for each of us a private message. There are certain phrases which record landmarks in our own spiritual lives; the religious has a special meaning for Non confundas me ab expectatione mea; the cleric for Dominus pars hereditatis meae; the priest for Tu es sacerdos in aeternum. And most of us have had, at some time, lights of our own in reciting the Office; or verses quoted in books of meditation or in retreats will have stuck in our minds so that we hail them, when we come across them again, like a man greeting an old friend. Thus each of us, as he goes through the psalter, can trace in it a kind of secret code, a cipher by which God and the soul speak to one another.

THE PSALMS

BLESSED is the man who does not guide his steps by ill counsel, or linger where sinners walk, or, where scornful souls gather, sit down to rest; the man whose heart is set on the law of the Lord, on that law, day and night, his thoughts still dwell. He stands firm as a tree 3 planted by running water, ready to yield its fruit when the season comes, and never shedding its leaf; all that he does will prosper. Not such, not such the wicked; 4 the wicked are like dust the wind sweeps away. Not 5 for the wicked, when judgement comes, to rise up and plead their cause; sinners will have no part in the reunion of the just. They walk, the just, under the eye 6 of the Lord's favour; the path of the wicked, how soon is it lost to sight!

PSALM 2

Why do the peoples cherish vain dreams? See how the kings of the earth stand in array, how its rulers make common cause, against the Lord, and against the king he has anointed, crying, Let us break away from their bondage, let us throw off their yoke! He who dwells in heaven is laughing at their threats, the Lord

v. 1. "Scornful"; Vg. "corrupt."

makes light of them; and at last, in his displeasure, he
 will speak out, his anger quelling them: Here, on mount Sion, my sanctuary, I enthrone a king of my
 own choice.

It is for me to proclaim the Lord's edict; Thou art my son, the Lord's word came to me, I have 8 begotten thee this day. Ask thy will of me, and thou shalt have the nations for thy patrimony; the very ends of the world for thy domain. Thou shalt herd them 9 like sheep with a crook of iron, break them in pieces like earthenware. Princes, take warning; learn your 10 lesson, you that rule the world. Tremble, and serve ΙI the Lord, rejoicing in his presence, but with awe in your hearts; kiss the rod, do not brave the Lord's anger, 12 and go astray from the sure path. When the fire of his vengeance blazes out suddenly, happy are they who find their refuge in him.

vv. 5, 6. Vg. "And at last, in his displeasure, he will speak out; his fierce anger will quell them. To me, he has given a kingly throne on mount Sion, his sanctuary, there to proclaim his edict."

v. 9. "Herd them like sheep"; or, according to another reading, "shatter them."

v. 12. "The rod"; the word given in the Hebrew text should mean either "purity," or "the Son."

(A psalm David wrote when he fled before his son Absalom.)

- 2 SEE How they surround me, Lord, my adversaries, 3 how many rise up in arms against me; everywhere
- 4 voices taunting me, His God cannot save him. And yet, Lord, thou art the shield that covers me, thou art
- 5 the pride that keeps my head erect. I have but to cry out to the Lord, and my voice reaches his mountain
- 6 sanctuary, and there finds hearing. Safe in God's hand
- 7 I lay down, and slept, and have awoken; and now, though thousands of the people set upon me from
- 8 every side, I will not be afraid of them. Bestir thyself, Lord; my God, save me; thine to smite my enemies
- 9 on the cheek, thine to break the fangs of malice. From the Lord all deliverance comes; thy benediction, Lord, rests upon thy people.

PSALM 4

(To the choir-master. On stringed instruments. A psalm. Of David.)

2 WHEN I call on thy name, listen to me, O God, and grant redress; still, in time of trouble, thou hast brought me relief; have pity on me now, and hear

 $[\]nu$. 8. "Thine to smite my enemies on the cheek"; Vg. "thine to smite down the foes that wantonly assail me."

my prayer. Great ones of the world, will your hearts always be hardened, will you never cease setting your

4 heart on shadows, following a lie? To the souls he loves, be sure the Lord shews wondrous favour; when-

5 ever I call on his name, the Lord will hear me. Tremble, and sin no more; take thought, as you lie awake,

6 in the silence of your hearts. Offer sacrifices with due

7 observance, and put your trust in the Lord. There are many that languish for a sight of better times; do thou,

then, Lord, shew us the sunshine of thy favour. Never did rich harvests of corn and wine bring gladness like
 the gladness thou puttest into my heart. Even as I lie

the gladness thou puttest into my heart. Even as I lie down, sleep comes, and with sleep tranquillity; what need, Lord, of aught but thyself to bring me confidence?

v. 3. "Will your hearts always be hardened?"; the Hebrew text has, "Will my honour always be turned into reproach?" v. 5. Vg. "Do not let anger betray you into sin; be

v. 5. Vg. "Do not let anger betray you into sin; be ashamed, when you lie down to rest, of the thoughts that were in your hearts."

υν. 7, 8. Vg. "There are many that languish for a sight of better times; but already, Lord, the sunshine of thy favour has been plainly shewn to us; thou hast made me glad at heart (like) men (who) are enriched by the yield of their corn, and wine, and oil."

v. 9. Vg. "In peace and friendliness I will sleep and take my rest; thou, Lord, hast bidden me repose in confidence unprotected."

(To the choir-master. On the flute. A psalm. Of David.)

TORD, LISTEN to my plea, let me not sigh in vain; pay 2, 3 Lheed to my cry of petition, my King, my God. To thee my prayer goes up, early to win thy audience; early in the morning I present myself before thee and 4 watch. No evil thing claims thy Divine assent; with 5 thee baseness cannot dwell; in thy presence the rebel-6 lious cannot endure. Thou hatest the wrong-doer, and wilt bring the liar to destruction; bloodthirsty and treacherous men the Lord holds in abhorrence. I, then, 8 encompassed by thy mercy, will betake myself to thy house, and in reverence of thee bow down before thy sanctuary.

Lord, do thou lead me with faithful care; clear be
 my path, while I walk beset by enemies. In their speech no truth can be found; their hearts are emptiness, their mouths gaping tombs; they use their tongues
 to flatter. O God, pronounce thy sentence upon them, cheat them of their hopes, cast them out in all their wickedness; Lord, have they not defied thee? But for all those who trust in thee there is joy and everlasting triumph; thou wilt dwell among them; all those who love thy name will boast of thee, who givest thy bene-

v. 9. "Clear be my path"; literally, "smooth thy way in my sight"; Vg. "direct my way in thy sight"

13 diction to the just. Lord, thou dost throw thy lovingkindness about us like a shield.

PSALM 6

(To the choir-master. On stringed instruments. Over the Octave. A psalm. Of David.)

T ORD, WHEN thou dost reprove me, let it not be 2 Lin anger; when thou dost chastise me, let it not be in displeasure. Lord, pity me; I have no strength 3 left; Lord, heal me; my limbs tremble; my spirits are 4 altogether broken; Lord, wilt thou never be content? 5 Lord, turn back, and grant a wretched soul relief; as 6 thou art ever merciful, save me. When death comes, there is no more remembering thee; none can praise thee in the world beneath. I am wearied out with 7 sighing; every night tears bedew my bed and drench 8 my pillow. Grief has dimmed my eyes, and made an old man of me, so many are the adversaries that surround me. Depart from me, all you that traffic in 9 iniquity; the Lord has heard my cry of distress. The 10 Lord has heard my entreaty; I asked, and my prayer won acceptance. All my enemies will be abashed and 11 terrified; taken aback, all in a moment, and put to shame.

(A lament of David's, which he sang to the Lord because of Chus, the Benjamite.)

LORD MY GOD, my confidence is in thee; save me 2 from all my pursuers, and grant me deliverance: must I fall a helpless prey to the lion, to be torn in 3 pieces, with none to bring me aid? O Lord my God, if I too have been at fault, if these hands are stained with guilt; if I have been a false friend, and not rather 5 spared even those that wronged me, then indeed let some enemy overtake me with his relentless pursuit, trample me to earth, and level my pride with the dust! Lord, rise up in thy anger, make thyself feared in the 7 lands of my enemies! bestir thyself, O Lord my God, in defence of the laws thou thyself hast given us. All 8 the nations will gather about thee, if thou wilt come back to thy throne and rule them, the Lord judging the 9 nations! Give me redress, Lord, in my uprightness, in all the innocence that clothes me; surely thou wilt put 10 an end to the wrong-doing of the wicked, and prosper the innocent; no thought or desire of ours can escape the scrutiny of thy Divine justice.

From the Lord, refuge of true hearts, my protection

11

v. 5. Vg. "If I have avenged myself on the man who wronged me, then indeed let me go away from my adversary's presence empty-handed." Others would render the Hebrew text, "If I have wronged the man who was at peace with me, if I have wantonly despoiled my adversary."

υυ. 10, 11. The word "just," here taken in v. 11 as agreeing with "God," is taken by the Vulgate in v. 12 as agreeing with "protection"; perhaps render, "my unfailing protection."

comes. God judges ever true; day by day his indigna-12 tion mounts up; if they do not repent, his sword will 13 flash bright; he has bent his bow in readiness, and 14 deadly are the weapons he is preparing for them; he has barbed his arrows with fire. Here was a heart 15 pregnant with malice, that conceived only spite, and gave birth only to shame! Here was one who dug a 16 pit and sunk it deep, and fell into a snare of his own setting! All his spite will recoil on himself, all his 17 violence will fall on his own head. I will ever thank т8 the Lord for his just retribution, singing praises to the name of the Lord, the most High.

PSALM 8

(To the choir-master. To the mood of the song, The Wine-presses. A psalm. Of David.)

Lord, our Master, how the majesty of thy name fills all the earth! Thy greatness is high above heaven itself. Thou hast made the lips of children, of

v. 12. Vg. "How just a judge God is, how strong, how patient! And must he be daily provoked to anger?"

v. 14. "For them"; Vg. "upon it."

v. 15. "Shame," that is, according to the Latin, sin; the Hebrew word has also the sense of disappointment, frustration (cf. verse 16).

v. 3. Some would interpret the Hebrew here, "thou hast founded strength through the lips of children and infants at the breast."

infants at the breast, vocal with praise, to confound thy enemies; to silence malicious and revengeful tongues.

4 I look up at those heavens of thine, the work of thy hands, at the moon and the stars, which thou hast set

5 in their places; what is man, Lord, that thou shouldst remember him? What is Adam's breed, that it should

6 claim thy care? Thou hast placed him only a little below the angels, crowning him with glory and

7 honour, and bidding him rule over the works of thy hands. Thou hast put them all under his dominion,

8 the sheep and the cattle, and the wild beasts besides;

9 the birds in the sky, and the fish in the sea, that travel

10 by the sea's paths. O Lord, our Master, how the majesty of thy name fills all the earth!

PSALM 9A*

(To the choir-master. To the mood of the song, Mut Labben. A psalm. Of David.)

Lord, I give thee all the thanks of my heart, recounting thy wonderful doings; glad and triumphant in thee, I will sing psalms to thy name, O God most high.

3

v. 6. "Below the angels"; the Hebrew can also be translated, "below God."

^{*} Psalm 9 in the Latin combines Psalms 9 and 10 of the Hebrew text: Latin 9A, vv. 1-21: Hebrew 9; Latin 9B, vv. 22-39: Hebrew 10. Thus Psalm 10, Latin, is Psalm 11, Hebrew, etc.

4 See how my enemies turn back, how they faint and 5 melt away at the sight of thee! Thou hast given me redress and maintained my cause; thou art there on thy

throne, seeing justice done. Thou hast checked the heathen in their course; thou hast brought the wicked to nothing, blotting out their name for all time. Spent

to nothing, blotting out their name for all time. Spent is the enemy's power, doomed to everlasting ruin; the memory of them has died with the fall of their cities.
 But the Lord abides for ever on the throne of judge-

ment he has prepared, still judging the world rightly,
still awarding each people its due: he is a stronghold
to the oppressed in time of peril and affliction. Those
who acknowledge thy name, Lord, can trust thee;
never was man forsaken that had recourse to thee.

Sing, then, to the Lord, who dwells in Sion, tell the
Gentiles of his great deeds; how he, the avenger of
blood, cares for the afflicted, does not forget them when
they cry to him. Have pity on me, Lord, look upon
all that I suffer at my enemies' hands; thou who didst
ever rescue me from the gate of death, to proclaim thy
praises at the gate of thy loved Sion, to exult in thy
saving power. The heathen have been caught in their

own deadly devices; their feet have been trapped in the very toils they had laid; now it will be seen how the Lord defends the right, how the wicked contrive their own undoing. To the place of death the wicked

must return, heathens that have no thought of God.

v. 7. Vg. "The swords of the enemy have lost their edge for ever; thou hast rooted up their cities, and the memory of them died with the crash of their ruin."

He does not forget the helpless; their time will come; the patience of the afflicted will not go for nothing.
Bestir thyself, Lord, let not human strength prevail;
let the heathen stand upon their trial before thee; let the heathen, too, feel thy terrors, and learn they are but men.

PSALM 9B

TORD, why dost thou stand far off? In days of affliction, L why dost thou make no sign? The hearts of the oppressed burn within them, so triumphant is the schemer that has entrapped them; so proud of his 3 wicked end achieved, still robbing men, blaspheming and despising the Lord. God there is none to punish 4 me, the sinner thinks in his pride, and makes the thought his rule; still, as he goes on prospering, he 5 banishes thy laws from his mind, and makes light of his enemies. Endless time, he thinks, cannot shake 6 his untroubled existence. His mouth overflows with 7 curses, and calumny, and deceit; his tongue is a storehouse of dissension and mischief. Ambushed he lies 8

 $[\]nu$. 21. "Feel thy terrors"; Vg. "have a ruler over them." $\nu\nu$. 3-5 (B). Vg. "So proud of his wicked end achieved, so well content with his knavery. What wonder if the sinner defies the Lord, thinking, for all his anger, he will never exact punishment? A heart that has no thought of God, a life ever stained with crime, eyes that are blind to thy laws, and still he has the mastery of his enemies!"

 $[\]nu$. 8_•(B). Vg. "He will agree with the rich to lie in wait at dark corners, and kill the man who never wronged him."

at the village gate, to kill unawares the man who never

yronged him; his eyes are continually on his prey; like
a lion in its lair, he watches from his hiding-place, to
surprise the defenceless man and carry him off. So he
catches him in the toils; stands there bowing and
scraping, till the prey falls into his hands. Why not?
Thinks he to himself, God has forgotten about it; God
still turns his face away, and sees nothing.

12

13

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18

O Lord God, bestir thyself, lift up thy hand; do not forget the helpless. Why is the sinner allowed to defy God, to think he will never exact punishment? But in truth thou seest it; thou hast eyes for misery and distress, and wilt take them into thy keeping. The destitute are cast on no care but thine; to thee only the orphan looks for redress. Break down the power of the wicked oppressor, punish his ill-doing, and let him be seen no more. The Lord will reign for ever and ever, while the heathen vanish from the land he loves. The sighing of the defenceless has found audience; thou dost listen to the prayer of the well ordered heart, dost give redress to the fatherless and the poor; mortal man shall make himself feared no longer.

v. 10 (B). "Bowing and scraping" (as he accosts his victim and leads him into the ambush) is the natural meaning of the words according to usage; they are sometimes taken as referring to the habits of a wild beast crouching in its lair. The Vulgate has "bows and scrapes, now that he is master of his prey."

v. 14 (B). "And wilt take them into thy keeping"; Vg. "thou wilt give them up to vengeance."

(To the choir-master. Of David.)

MY TRUST is in the Lord; how is it that you say to your friend, Escape, like a frightened sparrow, to the hill-side? Escape; the rebels have strung their 2 bows, have arrows ready, to shoot from their hidingplaces at an unoffending heart; they have thrown down 3 all thou hadst built; what hope, now, for the just man? Is not the Lord in his holy shrine, the same Lord whose throne is in heaven, whose eye looks on the helpless, whose glance scrutinizes the deeds of men? Innocent or sinful, he reads every heart, and the 5 6 friends of wrong-doing are his enemies. He will rain down sudden destruction on sinners; fire, and brimstone, and stormy wind, these shall be the cup he brews for them. The Lord is just, and just are the deeds he 7 loves; none but upright souls shall enjoy his presence.

ν. 6. "His enemies"; Vg. "the enemies of their own souls." ν. 7. "None but upright souls shall enjoy his presence"; Vg. "None but upright souls enjoy the favour of his smile."

(To the choir-master. Over the octave. A psalm. Of David.)

- Zord, come to my rescue; piety is dead; in a base world, true hearts have grown rare. None but exchanges empty forms of speech with his neighbour; nothing but deceit is found on their treacherous lips.
- 4 Those treacherous lips, that tongue with high-sounding
- 5 phrases, may the Lord destroy them utterly! With our tongues, they say, we can do great things; our lips are
- 6 good friends to us; we own no master. Now, says the Lord, I will bestir myself, on behalf of the helpless who are so ill used, of the poor who cry out so bitterly; I will
- 7 win them the redress they long for. The words of the Lord are true metal, like silver that is tested in the crucible, the stains of earth gone, seven times refined.
- 8 Yes, Lord; thou wilt watch over us, and keep us ever safe from these evil days.
- 9 See how the wicked come and go all around us; how they rise to greatness, this base breed of men!

v. 6. "I will win them the redress they long for"; Vg. "I will win them redress, speak out for their cause."

v. 9. Vg. "See how the wicked come and go all around us! How high thou art above us, and yet how great the increase thou givest to a base breed of men!"

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David.)

Tord, must I still go all unremembered, must thy look

Testill be turned away from me? Each day brings a
fresh load of care, fresh misery to my heart; must I be
ever the sport of my enemies? Look upon me, O Lord
my God, and listen to me; give light to these eyes,
before they close in death; do not let my enemies claim
the mastery, my persecutors triumph over my fall! I
cast myself on thy mercy; soon may this heart boast of
redress granted, sing in praise of the Lord's bounty.

PSALM 13

(To the choir-master. Of David.)

3

THERE IS NO God above us, is the fond thought of reckless hearts; warped natures everywhere and hateful lives! There is not an innocent man among them. The Lord is looking down from heaven at the race of men, to find one soul that reflects, and makes God its aim; but no, all have missed the mark and re-

 $[\]nu$. 6. Following the Greek, the Vulgate adds at the end of this verse, "honour with psalms the name of the Lord, the most High."

 $[\]nu\nu$. 1-7. This psalm is a curious literary problem; the whole of it can be found elsewhere in the Bible. Verses 1 and

belled against him; an innocent man is nowhere to be
found. What, can they learn nothing, all these traffickers in iniquity, who feed themselves fat on this
people of mine, as if it were bread for their eating, and
never invoke the Lord's name? What wonder if fear
unmans them? Just souls the Lord comforts with his
presence; but you have thwarted the hopes of the
oppressed; it is for the just to put their confidence in
the Lord. Oh, may Sion bring deliverance to Israel!
Day of gladness for Jacob, day of Israel's triumph,
when the Lord restores the fortunes of his own people.

PSALM 14

(A psalm. Of David.)

THO IS IT, Lord, that will make his home in thy tabernacle, rest on the mountain where thy sanctuary is? One that guides his steps without fault, and gives to all their due; one whose heart is all honest purpose, who utters no treacherous word, never defrauds a friend, or slanders a neighbour. He scorns the reprobate, honours the Lord's worshippers, and is

^{2,} with the first sentence of verse 3, and verses 4-7, reappear in Ps. 52, with some variation in verse 6. An addition to verse 3 is found in the Septuagint Greek and the Vulgate, but not in the Hebrew text. It corresponds exactly with verses 10-18 in the third chapter of St. Paul's epistle to the Romans, and appears to be a cento of Scriptural quotations taken from the following sources: Ps. 5:10; 139:4; 9:28; Is. 59:7; Ps. 35:2.

5 true, come what may, to his pledged word; lends without usury, and takes no bribe to condemn the innocent. He who so lives will stand firm for ever.

PSALM 15

(A Miktam. Of David.)

K EEP ME safe, Lord; I put my trust in thee. The Lord, whom I own as my God, confess that in 2 him is all my good! There are faithful souls in this 3 land of his; wondrous delight he gives me in their companionship. What do they do but lay up fresh store of sorrows, that betake themselves to alien gods? I will not join with such as these in holding the assemblies where they drink blood; I will not take forbidden names on my lips. No, it is the Lord I claim for my 5 prize, the Lord who fills my cup; thou, and no other, wilt assure my inheritance to me. No fairer lot could 6 be mine; no nobler inheritance could I win. Blessed be 7 the Lord, who schools me; late into the night my in-

 $[\]nu$. 2. "In him is all my good"; Vg. "he has no need of aught that is mine."

v. 4. The first half of this sentence is very obscure in the Hebrew text; the Vulgate has, literally, "their infirmities were multiplied; after these things they made haste," of which the nearest suitable rendering seems to be "Many have sinned, and been quick to follow their evil ways." "Forbidden names"; literally, "their names"; but it can hardly be doubted that the names of the false gods are referred to. Cf. I Cor. 10:21.

8 most thoughts chasten me. Always I can keep the Lord within sight; always he is at my right hand, to 9 make me stand firm. So there is gladness in my heart, and rejoicing on my lips; my body, too, shall rest in confidence that thou wilt not leave my soul in the place of death, or allow thy faithful servant to see corruption. Thou wilt shew me the way of life, make me full of gladness in thy presence; at thy right hand are delights that will endure for ever.

PSALM 16

(A prayer. Of David.)

6

Lord, to my just complaint give ear; do not spurn my cry for aid. Listen to this prayer of mine; they are not treacherous lips that make it. From thy hearing I would obtain redress; I look for unerring justice from thy scrutiny. Wilt thou read my heart, drawing near in the darkness to test me as if by fire, thou wilt find no treachery in me. Never have these lips been led astray by man's evil example; still to thy law's pattern thy warnings kept me true; still in thy paths my steps were firmly planted, my feet did not stumble.

And now I cry to thee, the God who ever hearest me;

vv. 4, 5. Vg. "Never may I share the base thoughts of men; still mindful of thy warnings, I have kept to the paths that are hard to follow. Do thou maintain my steps firm in thy own ways, never allowing my feet to stumble."

turn thy ear towards me, and listen to my plea. Shew 7 me the signal mercy that saves a man from his enemies, when he trusts thy power. Protect me as thou wouldst 8 the apple of thy own eye; hide me under the shelter of thy wings, safe from the evil-doers who wrong me. See 9 how my enemies close about me mercilessly, their 10 hearts shut to pity, a boast on their lips! Even now 11 their stealthy tread closes in on me, as they watch their opportunity to overthrow me, as if a lion had caught 12 me, eager for his prey, a young lion that waits hidden in its lair. Bestir thyself, Lord; forestall him and throw 13 him to the ground; bare thy sword, and save me from the evil-doer, raise thy hand, to rescue me from the 14 hands of mortal men! Mortal men indeed, that have all their portion here on earth; whose desires thou dost satisfy with treasures from thy store, so that their children, too, live in abundance, and leave riches for new heirs to enjoy. As for me, I will come with upright 15 heart into thy presence, and when thy glory dawns, I shall be well content.

v. 7. Vg. "Shew me the signal mercy that delivers thy suppliant, when rebels defy thy power."

v. 11. Vg. "Even now they have pulled me down, and are closing in about me, their eyes fixed on the ground, avoiding mine."

v. 14. The Hebrew text here is probably corrupt. It is difficult to believe, in view of other Old Testament passages, that the wicked are here described as people whom God enriches, even in this life. The Vulgate version, which is obscure, perhaps means: "Deliver me from the evil-doer, me, thy chosen weapon, from the enemy that defies thee! Lord, shall they live to share the favours thou grantest to so few on earth, whose desires" . . . etc.

(To the choir-master. Of David, the servant of the Lord. He addressed to the Lord the words of this song, on the day when God delivered him from the hand of Saul, and from the hands of all his enemies; as follows:)

S HALL I not love thee, Lord, my only defender? The Lord is my rock-fastness, my stronghold, my rescuer; to God, my hiding place, I flee for safety; he is my shield, my weapon of deliverance, my refuge.

Praised be the Lord! When I invoke his name, I am secure from my enemies. All about me surged the waves of death, deep flowed the tide of wrong, to daunt me; the grave had caught me in its toils, deadly snares had trapped my feet. One cry to the Lord, in

snares had trapped my feet. One cry to the Lord, in my affliction, one word of summons to my God, and he, from his sanctuary, listened to my voice; the complaint I made before him found a hearing.

8 Earth thereupon shivered and shook, the very foundations of the hills quailed and quaked at his 9 anger; at the fiery smoke that breathed from his mouth 10 and nostrils, kindling coals to flame. He bade heaven stoop, and came down to earth, with a dark cloud at his 11 feet; he came, cherub-mounted, borne up on the wings 12 of the wind, shrouded in darkness, canopied with

υν. 1-51. The whole of this psalm has been preserved for us independently among the records of King David's reign, with very slight variations (I Kings 22).

black rain-storm and deep mist. Then, while coals

13

were kindled at the brightness as he came, the Lord sent his thunder from heaven, the most High let his voice be heard. How they scattered when he

rained down his arrows on them, how they fled in confusion before the volleys of his lightning! The secret springs of the rivers came to light, the very foundations of the world were laid bare, when thou didst threaten them, Lord, when thou didst blow upon them with the breath of thy anger. Then he reached down from heaven, caught hold of me, rescued me from that flood, saved me from triumphant malice,

from that flood, saved me from triumphant malice, from the enemies that held me at their mercy. Evil days, when they faced me at every turn! Yet the Lord stood by me, and brought me out into freedom again;

his great love befriended me.

So, for my faithfulness, the Lord would requite me,

as he sees me guiltless in act, he would make return.

Have I not kept true to the Lord's paths? Have I not

been ever loyal to my God? No law of his, but I have kept it before my eyes; no task he laid upon me have

I refused; ever stainless in his presence, ever watchful to keep myself clear of guilt. Ever faithful, ever guilt-

less in act, the Lord has requited me. Lovingly dost
 thou treat those who love thee, and biddest the inno cent go unharmed; open-hearted shall the open-hearted

find thee, the cunning thou wilt overreach. To humble folk thou wilt bring deliverance; the proud, with their haughty looks, thou wilt bring down to earth. It is

 $[\]nu$. 13. Vg. "The clouds, too, at the brightness of his coming, parted in a storm of hail and burning coals."

thou, Lord, that keepest the lamp of my hopes still burning; shinest on the darkness about me, O my God. In thy strength I shall be proof against all attack; in the strength of my God I will leap over a wall.

30

Such is my God, unsullied in his dealings; his prom-31 ises are like metal tested in the fire; he is the sure defence of all who trust in him. Who but the Lord is 32 God? What other refuge can there be, except our God? It is he that girds me with strength, bids me 33 go on my way untroubled. He makes me sure-footed 34 as the deer, and gives me the freedom of the hills; these hands, through him, are skilled in battle, these 35 arms are a match for any bow of bronze. Thy saving 36 power, Lord, is my defence, thy right hand supports me; thy tender care fosters me. Through thee, my 37 steps are untrammelled as I go, my tread never falters; I can overtake the enemies I pursue, and 38 never turn home till I have made an end of them; I can 39 beat them to their knees, and hurl them down at my feet. Thou girdest me about with a warrior's strength; 40 whatever power challenges me, thou dost subdue before me, putting my enemies to flight, and throwing 41 all their malice into confusion. Loudly they cry out 42 to the Lord, bereft of aid, but he makes no answer to their cries. I can crush them to pieces, like the dust 43 which the wind blows along; I can trample them down like mire from the streets.

v. 36. "Thy tender care is my reinforcement"; Vg. "And still thou humblest me for my correction, I am schooled by thy chastisement."

Thou wilt deliver me, then, from sedition among my 44 people; nay, thou givest me rule over other nations, alien folk becoming my subjects and listening atten-45 tively to my word. Strangers come cringing before me, slinking out pale-cheeked from their strongholds. 46 Blessed be the living Lord who is my refuge, praised 47 be the God who delivers me! It is thou, my God, that 48 bringest me redress, that bendest peoples to my will, that savest me from the spite of my enemies; so that 49 I am high above the reach of their assaults, proof against their violence. Then, Lord, I will give thee 50 thanks in the hearing of all the nations, singing in praise of thy name; how powerful thou art to protect 51 the king thou hast chosen, how merciful towards him whom thou hast anointed, towards David, and David's line for ever.

PSALM 18

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David.)

SEE How the skies proclaim God's glory, how the vault of heaven betrays his craftsmanship! Each day echoes its secret to the next, each night passes on to the next its revelation of knowledge; no word, no

 $[\]nu$. 4. The meaning of the Hebrew text here is quite uncertain.

5 accent of theirs that does not make itself heard, till their utterance fills every land, till their message reaches the ends of the world. In these, he has made a pavilion for the sun, which comes out as a bridegroom comes from his bed, and exults like some great runner who sees the track before him. Here, at one end of heaven, is its starting place, and its course reaches to the other; no one can escape its burning heat.

The Lord's perfect law, how it brings the soul back 8 to life; the Lord's unchallengeable decrees, how they make the simple learned! How plain are the duties 9 which the Lord enjoins, the treasure of man's heart; how clear is the commandment the Lord gives, the enlightenment of man's eyes! How sacred a thing 10 is the fear of the Lord, which is binding for ever; how unerring are the awards which the Lord makes, one and all giving proof of their justice! All these are more 11 precious than gold, than a hoard of pure gold, sweeter than the honey, dripping from its comb. By these I, 12 thy servant, live, nor bestow my pains amiss. And 13 vet, who knows his own frailties? If I have sinned unwittingly, do thou absolve me. Keep me ever, thy 14 own servant, far from pride; so long as this does not

v. 5. Vg. "In it (the sun) he has made his tabernacle," perhaps in the sense that the sun was his abiding witness in heaven (Ps. 88:38), as his tabernacle was on earth.

v. 14. The Greek Septuagint, followed by the Vulgate, has preserved a reading which differs only by one letter from our present Hebrew text, and gives a more natural sense: "Keep me ever thy own servant, far from (the worship of) alien gods."

lord it over me, I will yet be without fault, I will yet be innocent of the great sin. Every word on my lips, every thought in my heart, what thou wouldst have it be, O Lord, my defender, my redeemer!

PSALM 19

(To the end; a psalm of David.)

15

THE LORD listen to thee in thy time of need, the I power of Israel's God be thy protection! May he 3 send thee aid from his holy place, watch over thee, there on mount Sion; may he remember all thy offer-4 ings, and find savour in thy burnt-sacrifice. May he 5 grant thee what thy heart desires, crown thy hopes with fulfilment. So may we rejoice at thy deliverance, 6 extolling the name of the Lord our God; abundantly may he grant thy prayer. Shall I doubt that the Lord 7 protects the king he has anointed, will listen to him from his sanctuary in heaven? Is not his right hand strong to save? Let others talk of horses and chariots; 8 our refuge is the name of the Lord our God. Stumbled 9 and fallen they, while we stand firm on our feet. O 10 Lord, save the king, and hear us in the hour when we call upon thee.

 $[\]nu$. 10. Some would understand the Hebrew text as meaning, "O Lord, our King, save us."

PSALM 20

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David.)

WELL MAY the king rejoice, Lord, in thy protection, well may he triumph in thy saving power!

Never a wish in his heart hast thou disappointed, never a prayer on his lips denied. With abundant blessing

thou dost meet him on his way, dost set a jewelled crown on his head. Prays he for life? Long continu-

ance of his reign thou dost grant him; to last unfailing till the end of time. Great is the renown thy protection

has won for him; glory and high honour thou hast made his. An everlasting monument of thy goodness,

7 made his. An everlasting monument of thy goodness, comforted by the smile of thy favour, he stands firm,

8 trusting in the Lord; the favour of the most High is with him.

Ay, but thy enemies—they shall feel thy power; that right hand will not leave their malice unpunished. At thy frown, they will wither away like grass in the oven; whirled away by the Lord's anger, burnt up in its flames. Thou wilt rid the land of their breed, their race will vanish from the world of men. See how all their false designs against thee, all their plots come to nothing! Thou wilt rout them; bent is thy bow to meet their onslaught.

 $[\]nu\nu$. 9-13. These verses are perhaps addressed to God, more probably to the king himself.

v. 13. Vg. "Thou wilt direct their faces among (or by means of) thy men (or things) left over." Possibly the picture

14 Stand high above us, Lord, in thy protecting strength; our song, our psalm, shall be of thy greatness.

PSALM 21

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David.)

MY God, my God, look upon me; why hast thou forsaken me? Loudly I call, but my prayer 2 cannot reach thee. Thou dost not answer, my God; 3 when I cry out to thee day and night, thou dost not heed. Thou art there none the less, dwelling in the 4 holy place; Israel's ancient boast. It was in thee that 5 our fathers trusted, and thou didst reward their trust by delivering them; they cried to thee, and rescue came; 6 no need to be ashamed of such trust as theirs. But I. 7 poor worm, have no manhood left; I am a by-word to all, the laughing-stock of the rabble. All those who 8 catch sight of me fall to mocking; mouthing out insults, while they toss their heads in scorn, He com-9 mitted himself to the Lord, why does not the Lord come to his rescue, and set his favourite free?

is that of a commander who reserves his second-best troops to intercept a fleeing enemy, or "heads off" the enemy into an ambush.

v. 2. In the second half of the verse, the Vulgate has, "Why cannot my sinful words reach thee, who art my salvation?"

v. 3. "Thou dost not heed"; Vg. "I am patient still" (literally, "it does not turn to rashness for me"). The Hebrew text is ordinarily interpreted, "and I can find no rest."

What hand but thine drew me out from my mother's 10 womb? Who else was my refuge when I hung at the breast? From the hour of my birth, thou art my 11 guardian; since I left my mother's womb, thou art my God! Do not leave me now, when trouble is close at 12 hand; stand near, when I have none to help me. My 13

enemies ring me round, packed close as a herd of oxen, strong as bulls from Basan; so might a lion threaten me with its jaws, roaring for its prey. I am

14 15 spent as spilt water, all my bones out of joint, my heart turned to molten wax within me; parched is my 16 throat, like clay in the baking, and my tongue sticks

fast in my mouth; thou hast laid me in the dust, to die. Prowling about me like a pack of dogs, their 17 wicked conspiracy hedges me in; they have torn holes 18 in my hands and feet; I can count my bones one by one; and they stand there watching me, gazing at me. They divide my spoils among them, cast lots for my 19

garments. Then, Lord, do not stand at a distance, if 20 thou wouldst aid me; look to my defence. Only life is 21 left me; save that from the sword, from the power of these dogs; rescue me from the very mouth of the lion, 22 the very horns of the wild oxen that have brought me

Then I will proclaim thy renown to my brethren; 23 where thy people gather, I will join in singing thy praise, Praise the Lord, all you that are his worship-24 pers; honour to him from the sons of Jacob, reverence

thus low.

v. 16. "My throat"; Vg. "my strength."

to him from Israel's race! He has not scorned or 25 slighted the appeal of the afflicted, nor turned his face away from me; my cry for help did not go unheeded. Take what I owe thee, my song of praise before a 26 great assembly. I will pay my vows to the Lord in the sight of his worshippers; the poor shall eat now, 27 and have their fill, those who look for the Lord will cry out in praise of him, Refreshed be your hearts eternally! The furthest dwellers on earth will bethink 28 themselves of the Lord, and come back to him: all the races of the heathen will worship before him; to the 29 Lord royalty belongs, the whole world's homage is his due. Him shall they worship, him only, that are 30 laid to rest in the earth, even from their dust they shall adore. I, too, shall live on in his presence, and beget 31 children to serve him; these to a later age shall speak of the Lord's name; these to a race that must yet be 32 born shall tell the story of his faithfulness, Hear what the Lord did.

v. 30. The text here is quite uncertain; the Vulgate has "the great ones of the earth feast in his presence, and adore; men brought low, even to the dust, bow down at his feet."

 $[\]nu\nu$. 31, 32. Vg. "I, too, shall live on in his presence, and beget children to serve him; the Lord will claim for his own a generation still to come; heaven itself will make known his faithfulness to a people yet to be born, a people of the Lord's own founding."

PSALM 22

(A psalm of David.)

THE LORD is my shepherd; how can I lack anything? L He gives me a resting-place where there is green 2 pasture, leads me out by cool waters, and revives my 3 drooping spirits. By sure paths he leads me, as in honour pledged, and though I should walk with the 4 shadow of death all around me, I will not be afraid of any harm; thy rod, thy crook are my comfort. En-5 vious my foes watch, while thou dost spread a banquet for me; richly thou dost anoint my head with oil, generous the cup that steals away my senses! All 6 my life thy loving favour pursues me; through the long years, the Lord's house shall be my dwellingplace.

PSALM 23

(Of David. A psalm.)

- THE LORD owns earth, and all earth's fulness, the round world, and all its inhabitants. Who else has built it out from the sea, poised it on the hidden streams?
- 3 Who dares climb the mountain of the Lord, and [30]

appear in his sanctuary? The guiltless in act, the pure in heart; one who never set his heart on lying tales,
or swore treacherously to his neighbour. His to receive a blessing from the Lord, mercy from God, his sure
defender; his the true breed that still looks, still longs for the presence of the God of Jacob.

Swing back, doors, higher yet; reach higher, immemorial gates, to let the King enter in triumph! Who is this great King? Who but the Lord, mighty and strong, the Lord mighty in battle? Swing back, doors, higher yet; reach higher, immemorial gates, to let the King enter in triumph! Who is this great King? It is the Lord of Armies that comes here on his way triumphant.

has, "Lift the gates higher, captains of the guard."

PSALM 24

(Of David.)

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ALL MY HEART goes out to thee, O Lord my God Belie not the trust I have in thee, let not my enemies boast of my downfall. Can any that trust in thee be disappointed, as they are disappointed who

v. 4. "Set his heart on lying tales"; that is, probably, on false religion. Some Hebrew authorities read "lifted up his soul to falsehood," in reference to Ex. 20:7. The Vulgate has "played fast and loose with his soul."
vv. 7, 9. For "Swing back, doors, higher yet" the Vulgate

- lightly break their troth? Direct my way, Lord, as 4 thou wilt, teach me thy own paths. Ever let thy truth 5 guide and teach me, O God my deliverer, my ever-6 lasting hope. Forget not, Lord, thy pity, thy mercies of long ago. Give heed no more to the sins and frailties 7 of my youth, but think mercifully of me, as thou art 8 ever gracious. How gracious is the Lord, how faithful, beacon-light of sinful souls! In his own laws he will 9 train the humble, in his paths the humble he will guide. Jealous be thy keeping of covenant and ordi-10 nance, and the Lord's dealings will be ever gracious, ever faithful with thee. Kindly be thy judgement of 11 my sin, my grievous sin, Lord, for the honour of thy name. Let a man but fear the Lord, and he will be taught 12 the right path. Much content shall be his while he dwells on earth, and he will have children to be heirs of his land. No man ever feared the Lord, but found graciousness in him, and revelation in his covenant. On the Lord I fix my eyes continually, trusting him to
- 13 14 15 save my feet from the snare. Pity me, Lord, as thou 16 seest me so unbefriended, so greatly afflicted. Relieve 17 my heart of its burden, deliver me from my distress. 18,19 Sinful, I cry for thy pardon, who seest my grievous affliction, seest how many are my foes, and how bitter is the grudge they bear me. Take my soul into thy 20 keeping; come to my rescue, do not let me be disappointed of my trust in thee. Uprightness and purity 21 be my shield, as I wait patiently for thy help. When 22

wilt thou deliver Israel, my God, from all his troubles?

PSALM 25

(Of David.)

TORD, be thou my judge; have I not guided my steps Lclear of wrong? Have I not given the Lord unwavering confidence? Test me, Lord, put me to the 2 proof; assay my inmost desires and thoughts. Always 3 thy mercy dwells in my view, thy faithfulness is ever at my side. I have not consorted with false men, 4 or joined in plotting evil; I have shunned the company 5 of the wicked, never sat closeted with sinners. With 6 the pure in heart I will wash my hands clean, and take my place among them at thy altar, listening there to 7 the sound of thy praises, telling the story of all thy wonderful deeds. How well, Lord, I love thy house 8 in its beauty, the place where thy own glory dwells! Lord, never count this soul for lost with the wicked, 9 this life among the bloodthirsty; hands ever stained 10 with guilt, palms ever itching for a bribe! Be it mine 11 to guide my steps clear of wrong; deliver me in thy mercy. My feet are set on firm ground; where his 12 people gather I will join in blessing the Lord's name.

(Of David.)

8

The Lord is my light and my deliverance; whom have I to fear? The Lord watches over my life; whom shall I hold in dread? Vainly the malicious 2 close about me, as if they would tear me in pieces, vainly my enemies threaten my peace; all at once they stumble and fall. Though a whole host were arrayed 3 against me, my heart would be undaunted; though an armed onset should threaten me, still I would not lose my confidence. One request I have ever made of the 4 Lord, let me claim it still, to dwell in the Lord's house my whole life long, gazing at the beauty of the Lord, contemplating his sanctuary. In his royal tent he hides 5 me, in the inmost recess of his royal tent, safe from peril. On a rock fastness he lifts me high up; my head 6 rises high above the enemies that encompass me. I will join with the throng, and make an offering of triumphant music in this tabernacle of his, singing and praising the Lord.

Listen to my voice, Lord, when I cry to thee; hear and spare. True to my heart's promise, I have eyes only for thee; I long, Lord, for thy presence. Do not hide thy face, do not turn away from thy servant in anger, but give me still thy aid; do not forsake me, do

v. 8. "True to my heart's promise, I have eyes only for thee"; literally, "My heart says, My face seeks thee." The Hebrew text has, "My heart says, Seek (ye) my face."

not neglect me, O God, my defender. Father and mother may neglect me, but the Lord takes me into his care. Lord, shew me the way thou hast chosen for me, guide me into the right path, beset as I am with enemies; do not give me over to the will of my oppressors, when false witnesses stand up to accuse me, breathe out threats against me. My faith is, I will yet live to see the Lord's mercies. Wait patiently for the Lord to help thee; be brave, and let thy heart take comfort; wait patiently for the Lord.

PSALM 27

(Of David.)

To THEE, Lord, my refuge, I cry aloud, do not leave my cry unanswered; speak to me, or I am no better than a dead man, sinking to the grave. Listen, Lord, to my plea as I call upon thee, as I raise my hands in prayer towards thy holy temple. Do not summon me, with the wicked, before thy judgement-seat; with men who traffic in iniquity, men who talk of peace to their neighbours, while their hearts are full of malice. For them, the reward of their own acts, their own evil ways; an evil end for the evil-doers, no pity for the pitiless. Of the Lord's acts, the Lord's

 $[\]nu$. 12. "Breathe out threats against me"; Vg. "with malice self-betrayed."

ways, they took no heed; may he root them out, and never grant their line continuance.

Blessed be the Lord's name, my plea is heard; the Lord is my strength and shield. Trusting in him, I found redress; there is triumph in my heart, praise is the theme of my song. The Lord defends his own people, protects the king he has anointed. Lord, save thy people, bless thy own chosen race; be their shepherd, evermore in thy arms upholding them.

PSALM 28

(A psalm. Of David.)

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Sons of God, make your offering to the Lord; an offering to the Lord of honour and glory, an offering to the Lord of the glory that befits his name; worship the Lord, in holy vesture habited. The voice of the Lord is heard over the waters, when the glorious God thunders, the Lord, thundering over swollen waters; the Lord's voice in its power, the Lord's voice in its majesty. The Lord's voice, that breaks the cedars; the Lord breaks the cedars on Libanus; bids Libanus and Sarion leap high as a bullock leaps, breed of the

v. 1. The Hebrew text omits, after the first nine words, the phrase, "an offering to the Lord of yearling rams," which is in the Septuagint Greek, and in the Vulgate. It is perhaps due to an accidental repetition.

v. 2. "In holy vesture habited"; Vg. "in his holy precincts." v. 6. The Latin here reads, literally, "and he will throw

- 7,8 wild ox. The Lord's voice kindles flashing fire; the Lord's voice makes the wilderness rock; the Lord,
 9 rocking the wilderness of Cades. The Lord's voice sets the oak-trees a-swaying, strips the deep forest bare. Meanwhile, in his sanctuary, there is no sound but tells
 10 of his glory. Out of a raging flood, the Lord makes a dwelling-place; the Lord sits enthroned as king for
- ever. And this Lord will give strength to his people; the Lord will give his people his own blessing of peace.

PSALM 29

(A psalm. A hymn for the feast of the temple's dedication. Of David.)

- ² Praise to thee, Lord, thou hast taken me under thy protection, and baulked my enemies of their will;
- 3 I cried out, claiming thee for my God, and thou didst
- 4 grant me recovery. So didst thou bring me back from the place of shadows, rescue me from the very edge of
- the grave. Sing praise to the Lord, then, faithful souls, invoke his name with thankfulness. For a moment

them down like a calf of Libanus, the Beloved One (acting) like the young of unicorns." "The beloved one" is a title elsewhere given to God's people, but nowhere to himself; its sense in Hebrew is rather, "the upright one." It seems clear that the Septuagint, and the Latin in translating it, have mistaken one of the Hebrew words.

v. 6. Vg. "What if his vengeance falls swift when he is angry? With his favour life returns; sorrow" . . . etc.

lasts his anger, for a lifetime his love; sorrow is but the guest of a night, and joy comes in the morning.

I, too, had thought, in time of ease, Nothing can 7 8 shake me now; such power and state, Lord, had thy mercy granted me. Then thou didst turn thy face away from me, and I was at peace no more. Lord, 9 I was fain to plead with thee, cry upon my God for pity; How will it profit thee to take my life? I can 10 but go down into the grave; and will this dust give thanks to thee, or acknowledge, there, thy faithfulness? Listen, Lord, and spare; Lord, let thy aid befriend 11 me. With that, thou didst turn my sadness into re-12 joicing; thou hast undone the sackcloth I wore, and girded me about with gladness. So may this heart 13 never tire of singing praises; O Lord my God, I will give thanks to thee for ever.

PSALM 30

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David.)

To THEE, O Lord, I look for refuge, never let me
be ashamed of my trust; in thy faithful care, deliver me. Grant me audience, and make haste to rescue
me; my hill-fastness, my stronghold of defence, to save
me from peril. Thou dost strengthen and defend me;
thou, for thy own honour, dost guide and escort me;
by thee protected, I shall escape from the snare that

by thee protected, I shall escape from the snare that lies hidden in my path. Into thy hands I commend

my spirit; thou, God ever faithful, hast redeemed me for thyself. Let fools provoke thee by the worship of false gods; for me, no refuge but the Lord. I will triumph and exult in thy mercy; it was thou didst pity my weakness, and save me when I was hard bestead; before the enemy's toils could close around me, the open plain lay at my feet.

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And now, Lord, have compassion on my distress, 10 vexation has dimmed my eyes, frets me away, soul and body. My life is all grief, my years are but sighs; ΙI for very misery, my strength ebbs away, my frame is wasted. Openly my foes deride me; even to my neigh-12 bours I am a thing of utter scorn; my friends are adread, and the passer-by shuns my contact; I am lost 13 to memory, like a dead man, discarded like a broken pitcher. On every side their busy whispering comes 14 to my ears, to daunt me, the men who conspire against me, plot against my life. And still, Lord, my trust 15 in thee is not shaken; still I cry, Thou art my God, 16 my fate is in thy hand; save me from the enemy's power, save me from my pursuers! Smile on thy 17 servant once more, and deliver me in thy mercy; Lord, 18 do not let me plead in vain. Disappoint the wicked of their hopes, hurl them down thwarted into the abyss; let silence fall on those treacherous lips, that 19 spoke maliciously of the innocent, in the days of their pride and scorn!

 $[\]nu$. 11. "For very misery"; in the Hebrew text, "through my sin."

What treasure of loving-kindness, Lord, dost thou 20 store up for the men who fear thee, rewarding their confidence for all the world to see! Thy presence is a 21 sanctuary, to hide them away from the world's malice; thy tabernacle a refuge from its noisy debate. Blessed 22 be the Lord; so wondrous is his mercy, so strong the wall of his protection. I thought, bewildered, that thy 23 watchful care had lost sight of me; but I cried out to thee, and thereupon thou didst listen to my plea. Love 24 the Lord well, you who worship him; the Lord keeps faith with his servants, and repays the actions of the proud above measure. Play the man, and keep high 25 your courage, all you that wait patiently for the Lord.

PSALM 31

(Of David. A Maskil.)

B transgressions buried deep; blessed is the man who is not guilty in the Lord's reckoning, the heart that hides no treason. While I kept my own secret, I cried to thee evermore in vain; still my frame pined away, bowed down, day and night, by thy chastisement; still my strength ebbed, as though I were parched by summer heat. At last I made my transgression known to

v. 4. In the second half of this verse, the Vulgate has, "Still I tossed about in pain, so deep did the thorn rankle."

thee, and hid my sin no longer; I will be my own accuser, I said, and confess my fault to the Lord; and with that, thou didst remit the guilt of my sin. Let every devout soul, then, turn to thee in prayer when hard times befall; rise the floods never so high, they shall have no power to reach it. Thou art my hiding-place, when I am sore bestead; friends shall flock to my side, rejoicing at my deliverance.

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Friend, let me counsel thee, trace for thee the path thy feet should tread; let my prudence watch over thee. Do not be like the horse and the mule, senseless creatures which will not come near thee unless their spirit is tamed first by bit and bridle. Again and again the sinner must feel the lash; he who trusts in the Lord finds nothing but mercy all around him. Just souls, be glad, and rejoice in the Lord; true hearts, make your boast in him.

PSALM 32

TRIUMPH, just souls, in the Lord; true hearts, it is yours to praise him. Give thanks to the Lord with the music of the viol, praise him with a harp of ten

v. 6. Vg. "Let every devout soul, then, turn to thee in prayer while it has time to reach thee; none will find access, when the waters are running deep in flood."

v. 9. Some understand the Hebrew text here as meaning that the horse or mule will turn on its rider unless it is bridled.

strings. For him let a new song be sung; give him 3 of your best, sound the harp, sing lustily. The Lord's 4 word is true, he is faithful in all his dealings; mercy 5 he loves, and the just award, the whole earth overflows with the Lord's goodness. It was the Lord's word that 6 made the heavens, the breath of his lips that peopled them; he it is who stores up the waters of the sea as 7 in a cistern, and makes a cellar of its deep caverns. Let 8 the whole earth hold the Lord in dread, let all the inhabitants of the world stand in awe of him; he 9 spoke, and they were made, he gave his command, and their frame was fashioned. At the Lord's bidding, a 10 nation's purposes come to nothing, a people's designs are thwarted; his own designs stand firm for ever; 11 generation after generation, his will does not swerve. Blessed the nation that calls the Lord its own God, 12 the people he has chosen out to be his! Looking down 13 from heaven, he watches all mankind, his dwelling-14 place has the whole world in view; he has fashioned 15 each man's nature, and weighs the actions of each. There is no protection for kings in thronging armies, 16 for warriors in abundant prowess; nor shall horses 17 bring thee the mastery, brute strength that cannot save. It is the Lord, watching over those who fear him and 18 trust in his mercy, that will protect their lives, will 10 feed them in time of famine. Patiently we wait for the 20 Lord's help; he is our strength and our shield; in him 21

v. 10. At the end of this verse the Vulgate adds, "Kings are baulked of their will."

our hearts find contentment, in his holy name we trust.

Lord, let thy mercy rest upon us, who put all our confidence in thee.

PSALM 33

(Of David, when he feigned madness at the court of Abimelech, so that Abimelech sent him away, and he escaped.)

T ALL times I will bless the Lord; his praise shall 2 A be on my lips continually. Be all my boasting 3 in the Lord; listen to me, humble souls, and rejoice. Come, sing the Lord's praise with me, let us extol his 4 name together. Did I not look to the Lord, and find 5 a hearing; did he not deliver me from all my terrors? Enter his presence, and there find happiness; here is 6 no room for downcast looks. Friendless folk may still 7 call on the Lord and gain his ear, and be rescued from all their afflictions. Guardian of those who fear the 8 Lord, his angel encamps at their side, and brings deliverance. How gracious the Lord is! Taste and prove 9 it; blessed is the man that learns to trust in him. It is for you, his chosen servants, to fear the Lord; 10

v. 1. See I Kings 21:10 and following. The Vulgate here gives Achimelech instead of Abimelech; in the Book of Kings, he is called Achis.

those who fear him never go wanting. Justly do the proud fall into hunger and want, while those who search for the Lord are denied none of his blessings.

Know, then, my children, what the fear of the Lord 12 is; come and listen to my teaching. Long life, and 13 prosperous days, who would have these for the asking? My counsel is, keep thy tongue clear of harm, 14 and thy lips free from every treacherous word. Neglect 15 the call of evil, and rather do good; let peace be all thy quest and aim. On the upright the Lord's eye 16 ever looks favourably; his ears are open to their pleading. Perilous is his frown for the wrong-doers; he 17 will soon make their name disappear from the earth. Roused by the cry of the innocent, the Lord sets them 18 free from all their afflictions. So near is he to patient IQ hearts, so ready to defend the humbled spirit. Though 20 a hundred trials beset the innocent, the Lord will bring him safely through them all. Under the Lord's keep-21 ing, every bone of his is safe; not one of them shall suffer harm. Villains will come to an evil end; the 22 enemies of innocence will bear their punishment.

The Lord will claim his servants as his own; they go unreproved that put their trust in him.

v. 11. For "the proud," the Hebrew text has "the young lions."

(Of David.)

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TORD, espouse my quarrel; disarm the enemies who Lirise in arms against me; grip target and shield, 2 bestir thyself in my defence. With poised lance, bar 3 the way against my pursuers; whisper in my heart, I am here to save thee. Shame and confound those who 4 would take my life, defeat and disgrace the men who wish me harm; chaff before the wind, with the angel 5 of the Lord to scatter them, benighted and bemired on their way, with the angel of the Lord in pursuit! Wantonly they have spread their nets for me, wan-7 tonly they have dug the snare; now let sudden doom 8 overtake them, their own nets enmesh, their own snare entrap them! Mine to triumph in the Lord, to boast 9 of the aid he brings me; this be the cry of my whole 10 being. There is none like thee, Lord; who else rescues the afflicted from the hand of tyranny, the poor, the destitute, from his oppressors?

See how false witnesses have come forward, to browbeat me over charges of which I know nothing; how they have repaid my kindness with cruelty, and left me friendless! Time was, when these were sick; what did

v. 7. "Dug the snare"; Vg. "laughed at my misfortune."
v. 13. Vg. "What did I do, when they began to trouble me thus? I went clad in sackcloth, and kept rigorous fast; and all my prayer hid itself in my own bosom." The sense of this last phrase may be that it made no impression on his enemies (cf. Matt. 10:13), or merely that he bowed himself double in the intensity of his prayer (cf. III Kings 18:42).

I then? Sackcloth was my wear; rigorously I kept fast, prayed from my heart's depths. I went my way sadly. 14 as one that mourns for brother or friend, bowed with grief, as one that bewails a mother's loss. And now it 15 was my turn to reel under fortune's blows; what did they? Gleeful they met, and plotted to attack me unawares; tore at me without ceasing, baited and 16 mocked me, gnashing their teeth in hatred. Lord, wilt 17 thou look on unheeding still? Wilt thou leave my life at the mercy of these roaring lions? Let me live 18 to praise and thank thee before the multitude that throngs thy courts. No more the leer of triumph in the 19 eve of yonder treacherous foe, that wantonly assails me! In all their whispering, never a word of peace; they 20 will still be plotting against the land's repose. See how 21 they mop and mow at me, crying out, Joy, joy that we should have lived to see this! Thou too, Lord, hast 22 seen it, do not pass it by in silence; Lord, do not abandon me. Bestir thyself and take my part, give me 23 speedy redress, my Lord and my God. As thou art 24

vv. 14-17. Vg. "I went on my way peaceably, treating them as friends and brothers; I humbled myself, as a mourner humbles himself for grief. Now they met to triumph over my misfortune, when punishments crowded in upon me, that was innocent. Now they would scatter, but still gave me no respite, baiting me, heaping mockery on mockery, gnashing their teeth at me. Lord, wilt thou never have eyes to see it? Rescue me at last from their cruelty. Nothing is left me but life, rescue that from the lions."

v. 20. "Time was when they talked to me peaceably enough, yet all the while they were plotting, and their talk bred quarrels in the land."

just, O Lord my God, give thy award for me, and do
not let them triumph over me; do not let them think,
All goes well, and boast that they have made a prey
of me. Disappoint them, fill them with confusion, the
men who delight in my misfortune; cover them with
shame and self-reproach, the enemies that triumph over
me. Joy and gladness be theirs, who applaud my innocence; Praise to the Lord! be their cry, who wish well
to his servant. And all day long, thy justice its theme,
this tongue shall make known thy praise.

PSALM 35

(To the choir-master. Of David, the Lord's servant.)

- DEEP IN HIS heart the sinner hears the whispering of evil, and loses sight of the fear of God; flatters himself with the thought that his wickedness goes un-
- 4 marked, earns no reproof. No word on his lips but is cruel and false; never a noble thought, a kindly deed.
- 5 He lies awake plotting mischief, and lends himself to every evil course, never weary of wrong-doing.
- 6 Lord, thy mercy is high as heaven; thy faithfulness

vv. 2, 3. The Hebrew text here is obscure, and probably corrupt. The Vulgate has, "The sinner thinks to keep his evil ways secret, forgetting that he has God to fear; plans treacherously under that watchful eye, till at last his sin comes to light in all its hatefulness."

reaches to the clouds; thy justice stands firm as the 7 everlasting hills, the wisdom of thy decrees is deep as the abyss. Lord, thou dost give protection to man and 8 beast, so rich is thy Divine mercy; under the shelter of those wings the frail children of earth will find confidence. Their senses will be ravished with the treas-9 ures of thy house; thou wilt bid them drink deep at thy fountain of contentment. In thee is the source 10 of all life; thy brightness will break on our eyes like dawn. Still let thy mercy dwell with those who ac-11 knowledge thee, thy favour with upright hearts; do 12 not suffer the proud to trample on me, the wicked to dispossess me. See what a fall awaits the wrong-doers, 13 how they are cast down to earth, and can keep their feet no more!

PSALM 36

(Of David.)

ART THOU impatient, friend, when the wicked thrive;

2 Adost thou envy the lot of evil-doers? they will soon

3 fade like the grass, like the green leaf wither away. Be content to trust in the Lord and do good; live on thy

4 land, with its riches to sustain thee, all thy longing fixed in the Lord; so he will give thee what thy heart

v. 7. "The everlasting hills"; literally, "the hills of God," a Hebrew form of speech for what is magnificent in Nature.

desires. Commit thy life to the Lord, and trust in him; 5 he will prosper thee, making thy honesty clear as the 6 day, the justice of thy cause bright as the sun at noon. Defer to the Lord's will, and pray to him, never fret-7

ting over the man that has his own way, and thrives by villainy. End thy complaints, forgo displeasure, do 8 not fret thyself into an evil mood; the evil-minded will 9

be dispossessed, and patient souls, that wait for the Lord, succeed them. Forbear yet a little, and the sin-10 ner will be seen no more; thou wilt search in vain to

find him, while patient souls are the land's heirs, 11 enjoying great peace. Gnashing his teeth with envy, the wrong-doer lies 12

in wait for the innocent, and cannot see his own turn 13 coming; but the Lord sees it, and laughs at his malice.

How they draw the sword, how they bend the bow, 14 these sinners, to bring ruin on helpless poverty, to murder the upright; swords that will pierce their own 15

16 hearts, bows that will break in pieces! Innocence, ill endowed, has the better of the wicked in their abundance; soon fails the strength of their arms, and still 17 the Lord has the just in his keeping. Jealously the 18 Lord watches over the lives of the guiltless; they will

hold their lands for ever, undismayed by adversity, in 19 time of famine well content. Knavery will yet come 20 to an end; like the spring's finery they will die, the Lord's enemies, vanish away like smoke. Let the sin-

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v. 20. "Like the spring's finery they will die, the Lord's enemies"; Vg. "Proud and powerful the Lord's enemies may be."

ner borrow, and never repay, still the good man will be a generous giver; win the Lord's blessing, and the land is thine; his ban is death. Man's feet stand firm, if the Lord is with him to prosper his journey; he may stumble, but never fall, with the Lord's hand to uphold him. Now youth is past, and I have grown old; yet never did I see the good man forsaken, or his children begging their bread; still he lends without stint, and men call down blessings on his posterity. Offend no more, rather do good, and be at rest continually; the Lord is ever just, and will not abandon his faithful servants. Perish the sinner, forgotten be the name of the evildoer, but these will hold their land, and live on it

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always at rest. 30 Right reason is on the good man's lips, well weighed are all his counsels; his steps never falter, because the 31 law of God rules in his heart. Sinners lie in wait, 3**2** plotting against the life of the innocent; but the Lord 33 will never leave him in their power, never find him guilty when he is arraigned. Trust the Lord, and fol-34 low the path he has chosen; so he will set thee up in possession of thy land, and thou wilt live to see the wicked come to ruin. Until yesterday, I saw the evil-35 doer throned high as the branching cedars; then, when 36 I passed by, he was there no longer, and I looked in vain to find him. Virtuous men and innocent mark 37 thou well; he that lives peaceably will leave a race behind him, while sinners are rooted out every one, 38 and their graceless names forgotten. When affliction 39 comes, the Lord is the refuge and defence of the inno-

cent; the Lord will aid and deliver them, rescue and 40 preserve them from the power of wickedness, because they put their trust in him.

PSALM 37

(A psalm. Of David. For a memorial.)

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THY REPROOF, Lord, not thy vengeance; thy chastise-2 I ment, not thy condemnation! Thy arrows pierce me, thy hand presses me hard; thy anger has driven 4 away all health from my body, and my bones are denied rest, so grievous are my sins. My own wrong-5 doing towers high above me, hangs on me like a heavy burden; my wounds fester and rankle, with my own folly to blame. Beaten down, bowed to the earth, I go mourning all day long, my whole frame afire, my 8 whole body diseased; so spent, so crushed, I groan aloud in the weariness of my heart. Thou, Lord, knowest all my longing, no complaint of mine escapes thee; restless my heart, gone my strength; the very light that shone in my eyes is mine no longer.

Friends and neighbours that meet me keep their dis-12 tance from a doomed man; old companions shun me. Ill-wishers that grudge me life itself lay snares about 13 me, threaten me with ruin; relentlessly their malice plots against me. And I, all the while, am deaf to their 14

v. 7. "Afire"; Vg. "cruelly buffeted."

- 15 threats, dumb before my accusers; mine the unheed-
- 16 ing ear, and the tongue that utters no defence. On thee, Lord, my hopes are set; thou, O Lord my God, wilt
- 17 listen to me. Such is the prayer I make, Do not let my enemies triumph over me, boast of my downfall.
- 18,19 Fall full well I may; misery clouds my view; I am ever ready to publish my guilt, ever anxious over my
- sin. And still they live, these wilful enemies of mine have the mastery; so many that bear me a grudge so
- wantonly, rewarding good with evil, and for the very
- 22 rightness of my cause assailing me. Do not fail me,
- O Lord my God, do not forsake me; hasten to my defence, Lord God, my only refuge.

PSALM 38

(To the choir-master, Idithun. A psalm. Of David.)

- T was my resolve to live watchfully, and never use my tongue amiss; still, while I was in the presence
- of sinners, I kept my mouth gagged, dumb and patient, impotent for good. But indignation came back, and
- 4 my heart burned within me, the fire kindled by my thoughts, so that at last I kept silence no longer.
- 5 Lord, warn me of my end, and how few my days

v. 18. "Fall full well I may"; Vg. "I bow before the lash."

v. 5. It is not clear what is the connexion between the two parts of this psalm.

are: teach me to know my own insufficiency. See how 6 thou hast measured my years with a span, how my life is nothing in thy reckoning! Nay, what is any man living but a breath that passes? Truly man walks the 7 world like a shadow; with what vain anxiety he hoards up riches, when he cannot tell who will have the counting of them! What hope then is mine, Lord? All 8 that I am is from thee. Clear me of that manifold guilt g which makes me the laughing-stock of fools, tongue-10 tied and uncomplaining, because I know that my troubles come from thee; spare me this punishment; I 11 faint under thy powerful hand. When thou dost 12 chasten man to punish his sins, gone is all he loved, as if the moth had fretted it away; a breath that passes, and no more. Listen, Lord, to my prayer, let my cry 13 reach thy hearing, and my tears win answer. What am I in thy sight but a passer-by, a wanderer, as all my fathers were? Thy frown relax, give me some 14 breath of comfort, before I go away and am known no more.

v. 12. "As if the moth had fretten it away"; Vg. "like gossamer."

PSALM 39

(To the choir-master. Of David. A psalm.)

DATIENTLY I waited for the Lord's help, and at last Phe turned his look towards me; he listened to my plea, drew me up out of a deadly pit, where the mire had settled deep, and gave me a foothold on the rock, with firm ground to tread. He has framed a new music on my lips, a song of praise to our God, to fill all that stand by with reverence, and with trust in the Lord. Happy is the man whose trust is there be-5 stowed, who shuns the lure of strange gods and lying 6 dreams. O Lord my God, how long is the story of thy marvellous deeds! Was ever care like thine? How should I tell the tale of those mercies, past all numbering? No sacrifice, no offering was thy demand; 7 enough that thou hast given me an ear ready to listen. Thou hast not found any pleasure in burnt sacrifices, in sacrifices for sin. See then, I said, I am coming to 8

 $[\]nu$. 5. The Hebrew text has "the proud" instead of "the idolaters."

υν. 7–8. Heb. 10:5.

v. 7. "Thou hast given me an ear ready to listen"; literally, "opened my ears"; in the Vulgate, "perfected ears for me." But the Septuagint Greek has, "thou hast fitted a body for me," and this is the form in which the Epistle to the Hebrews (10:5) quotes the passage.

v. 8. "Where the book lies unrolled"; literally, "in the volume of the book." This is often identified as the book of the Law; but the context suggests rather a metaphorical reference to David's own destiny (cf. Ex. 32:32; I Kings 13:14).

fulfil what is written of me, where the book lies unrolled; to do thy will, O my God, is all my desire, 9 to carry out that law of thine which is written in my heart. And I told the story of thy just dealings before 10 a great throng; be witness, Lord, that I do not seal my lips. Thy just dealings are no secret hidden away 11 in my heart; I boast of thy faithful protection, proclaim that mercy, that faithfulness of thine for all to hear it. Lord, do not withhold thy pity from me; thy mercy 12 and faithfulness that have ever been my shield. I am 13 beset with evils past numbering, overtaken by my sins; they fill my prospect, countless as the hairs on my head; my courage fails me. Deign, Lord, to set me 14 free; Lord, give heed and help. Disappointment and 15 shame be theirs, who lay plots against my life; may they slink away covered with confusion, who now rejoice over my downfall. Joy, joy! is their cry; let them 16 stand dumb with bewilderment. Rejoicing and tri-17 umph for all the souls that look to thee; Praise to the Lord, will ever be their song, who now long for thy 18 aid. I, so helpless, so destitute, and the Lord is concerned for me! Thou art my champion and my refuge: do not linger, my God, do not linger on the way.

PSALM 40

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David.)

BLESSED is that man who takes thought for the poor and the destitute; the Lord will keep him safe in time of trouble. The Lord will watch over him, and give him long life and happiness on earth, and baulk his enemies of their will. The Lord will sustain him when he lies bed-ridden, turn all to health in his sickness.

Lord have mercy on me, is my prayer; bring healing to a soul that has sinned against thee. Bitterly my enemies taunt me; How long, they ask, ere he will die, and his name be forgotten? When one comes to visit me, he comes with smooth words, his heart full of malice; ready to go out and plot against me in secret. There they stand, my enemies, talking of me in whispers, devising hurt; Here is a foul plague loosed on him; he will leave his bed no more. Why, the very man I trusted most, my own intimate friend, who shared my bread, has lifted his heel to trip me up. Lord, have mercy on me; give me back life, and let me requite them! Proof of thy love, my enemies are

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v. 4. The Hebrew text, perhaps corrupt, reads, literally, "Thou wilt alter all his lying down in his sickness."

v. 9. Vg. "Pitiless is their resolve; He sleeps now, but what is to prevent his waking?" evidently with the suggestion of ensuring the Psalmist's death by murder.

v. 10. John 13:18.

baulked of their triumph; thou dost befriend my innocence, assure me of thy unceasing favour. Blessed be the Lord God of Israel, from the beginning to the end of time, Amen, Amen.

PSALM 41

(To the choir-master. A maskil. Of the sons of Core.)

- God, my whole soul longs for thee, as a deer for running water; my whole soul thirsts for God, the living God; shall I never again make my pilgrimage into God's presence? Morning and evening, my diet still of tears! Daily I must listen to the taunt, Where is thy God now? Memories come back to me yet, melting the heart; how once I would join with the throng, leading the way to God's house, amid cries of joy and thanksgiving, and all the noise of holiday.
- 6 Soul, art thou still downcast? Wilt thou never be at peace? Wait for God's help; I will not cease to cry out in thankfulness, My champion and my God.

In my sad mood I will think of thee, here in this

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v. 5. Vg. "Memories come to me yet, melting the heart; I am back at God's house, his majestic tabernacle."

v. 7. The psalm seems to have been written by an exile from Jerusalem, living to the east of Jordan, at its northern end, on the foot-hills of the Hermon range. "Misar mountain" Vg. "stunted hills," perhaps by way of contrasting them with Mount Sion.

land of Jordan and Hermon, here on Misar mountain. One depth makes answer to another amid the roar of the floods thou sendest; wave after wave, crest after crest overwhelms me. Would he but lighten the day with his mercy, what praise would I sing at evening to the God who is life for me! Thou art my stronghold, I cry out to him still; hast thou never a thought for me? Must I go mourning, with enemies pressing me hard; racked by the ceaseless taunts of my persecutors, Where is thy God now? Soul, why art thou downcast, why art thou all lament? Wait for God's help; I will not cease to cry out in thankfulness, My champion and my God.

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PSALM 42

God, sustain my cause; give me redress against a race that knows no piety; save me from a treacherous foe and cruel. Thou, O God, art all my strength; why hast thou cast me off? Must I go mourning, with enemies pressing me hard? The light of thy 3 presence, the fulfilment of thy promise, let these be

v. 8. "One depth"; these depths are ordinarily understood as being waterfalls; they suggest, however, to the Psalmist the idea of storms at sea. Cf. Jonas 2:4.

v. 9. Vg. "Such mercy the Lord has shewn me while day lasted, and have I no song for him, here in the night, no prayer to the God who is life for me?"; as if "day-time" was used by a metaphor for the writer's former prosperity, and "night" for his present unhappy condition.

my escort, bringing me safe to thy holy mountain, to
the tabernacle where thou dwellest. There I will go
up to the altar of God, the giver of triumphant happiness; thou art my own God, with the harp I hymn thy
praise. Soul, art thou still downcast, wilt thou never
be at peace? Wait for God's help; I will not cease to
cry out in thankfulness, My champion and my God.

PSALM 43

(To the choir-master. Of the sons of Core. A maskil.)

Gop, the tale has come to our ears—have not our 2 fathers told it?-of the great things thou didst in their time, in days long ago; it was thy power that 3 gave them a home by rooting out the heathen, crushing and dispossessing nations to make room for them. It was not by their own sword that our fathers won the land, it was not their own strength that brought them victory; it was the work of thy hand, thy strength; thy smile shone upon them, in proof of thy favour. I 5 too have no King, no God, save thee; it is thou that sendest deliverance to Jacob. Through thee we rout 6 our enemies; under thy protection we repel all who

ν. 4. "Triumphant happiness"; Vg "youth and happiness." ν. 5. The repetition, here, of the refrain used in Psalm 41 makes it probable that these two were originally a single psalm.

7 take arms against us. Not in my bow I trust, not to 8 my sword I look for safety; it is thou that savest us from our enemies, and coverest their malice with con-9 fusion. In God was ever our boast; his name we praise eternally.

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And now? Now, O God, thou hast disowned us, and put us to shame, by refusing to go into battle with our armies. Thou dost put us to flight before our enemies; our ill-wishers plunder us as they will. Thou hast made us like sheep sold for food, scattered here and there among the heathen; thou hast bartered away thy people without profit, asking no rich amends for thy loss. Thou hast turned us into a laughing-stock for our neighbours, mocked and derided by all who dwell around; till the heathen make a by-word of us, and Gentiles toss their heads at us in scorn. Ever my disgrace confronts me; my cheeks are covered with blushes, as I hear nothing but reproach and reviling, see none but enemies, none but persecutors.

All this has come upon us, and it was not that we had forgotten thee. We have not been untrue to thy covenant, or withdrawn our hearts from thee, that we should let our steps wander away from thy paths. Why hast thou brought us so low, with misery all around us, darkness hanging over us? If we had forgotten the name of our own God, and spread out our hands

v. 20. "With misery all around us"; according to the Hebrew text, "in a place of monsters."

v. 19. In the Hebrew text, "that our step should wander away."

in prayer to the gods of the alien, would not he know 22 of it? He can read the secrets of men's hearts. How is it, then, that we face death at every moment for thy sake, reckoned no better than sheep marked down for slaughter? Bestir thyself, Lord, why dost 23 thou sleep on? Awake, do not banish us from thy presence for ever. How canst thou turn thy face away, 24 without a thought for our need and our affliction? Our 25 pride is bowed in the dust; prostrate, we cannot lift ourselves from the ground. Arise, Lord, and help us; 26 in thy mercy, claim us as thy own.

PSALM 44

(To the choir-master. Melody, The Lilies. To the sons of Core. A maskil. A love-song.)

JOYFUL the thoughts that well up from my heart, the King's honour for my theme; my tongue flows readily as the pen of a swift writer. Thine is more than mortal beauty, thy lips overflow with gracious utterance; the blessings God has granted thee can never fail. Gird on thy sword at thy side, great warrior, gird thyself with all thy majesty and all thy beauty; ride on triumphant, in the name of faithfulness and justice.

v. 5. Vg. "Make ready, ride on triumphant, and take thy crown, in the name of faithfulness, and mercy, and justice. Thy own wonderful deeds shall be thy passport."

6 Dread counsel thy own might shall give thee; so sharp are thy arrows, subduing nations to thy will, daunting the hearts of the king's enemies. Thy throne, O God, 7 endures for ever and ever, the sceptre of thy royalty is a rod that rules true; thou hast been a friend to 8 right, an enemy to wrong, and God, thy own God, has given thee an unction to bring thee pride beyond any of thy fellows. Thy garments are scented with myrrh, 9 and aloes, and cassia; from ivory palaces there are harps sounding in thy honour. Daughters of kings come out to meet thee; at thy right hand stands the 10 queen, in Ophir gold arrayed. (Listen, my daughter, 11 and consider my words attentively; thou art to forget. henceforward, thy own nation, and the house of thy fathers; thy beauty, now, is all for the king's delight; 12 he is thy Lord, and worship belongs to him.) The 13 people of Tyre, too, will have its presents to bring; the noblest of its citizens will be courting thy favour.

14,15 She comes, the princess, all fair to see, her robe of

v. 7. "Thy throne, O God"; various other ways of taking these words have been suggested, as, for example, "God is (the support of) thy throne." None of these has met with general acceptance. This verse and the following are applied to our Lord in the Epistle to the Hebrews (1:8).

υν. 9, 10. Vg. "Thy garments are scented with myrrh, and aloes, and cassia, stored till now in ivory palaces, whence the daughters of kings have brought them as gifts to do thee honour. At thy right hand stands the queen, in a vesture of gold, all hung about with embroidery."

ν. 12. "Thy Lord"; Vg. "thy Lord and God."

υν. 14, 15. Vg. "All her splendour is the splendour of a princess through and through; so bedecked is she with embroidery, and tassels of gold. The maidens of her court will follow her into the King's presence."

golden cloth, a robe of rich embroidery, to meet the King. The maidens of her court follow her into thy presence, all rejoicing, all triumph, as they enter the king's palace! Thou shalt have sons worthy of thy own fathers, and divide a world between them for their domains. While time lasts, thy name shall never be forgotten; age after age, nations will do thee honour.

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PSALM 45

(To the choir-master. . To the sons of Core. Melody, The Virgins. A Song.)

on is our refuge and stronghold; sovereign aid
the has brought us in the hour of peril. Not for
us to be afraid, though earth should tumble about us,
and the hills be carried away into the depths of the
sea. See how its waters rage and roar, how the hills
tremble before its might! The Lord of hosts is with
us, the God of Jacob is our refuge. The city of God,
enriched with flowing waters, is the chosen sanctuary of the most High, God dwells within her, and

v. 4. The second half of this verse is omitted in the Vulgate; the first reads, "See how their torrents rage and roar, how the hills tremble before his might."

v. 5. There may be a reference here to II Paralip. 32:4. v. 6. Some connect this psalm with the defeat of Sennacherib (cf. IV Kings 19:35).

she stands unmoved; with break of dawn he will grant her deliverance. Nations may be in turmoil, and 7 thrones totter, earth shrink away before his voice; but 8 the Lord of hosts is with us, the God of Jacob is our refuge. Come near, and see God's acts, his marvellous 9 acts done on earth; how he puts an end to wars all 10 over the world, the bow shivered, the lances shattered, the shields burnt to ashes! Wait quietly, and you shall 11 have proof that I am God, claiming empire among the nations, claiming empire over the world. The Lord of 12 hosts is with us, the God of Jacob is our refuge.

PSALM 46

(To the choir-master. Of the sons of Core. A psalm.)

TLAP YOUR hands, all you nations, in applause; acclaim your God with cries of rejoicing. The 3 Lord is high above us, and worthy of dread; he is the sovereign Ruler of all the earth; he has tamed the 4 nations to our will, bowed the Gentiles at our feet, claimed us for his own portion, Jacob the fair, the well 5 beloved. God goes up, loud are the cries of victory; the 6 Lord goes up, loudly the trumpets peal. A psalm, a 7 psalm for our God, a psalm, a psalm for our King! God is King of all the earth; sound the hymn of 8 praise! God reigns over the heathen, God sits en-Q

throned in holiness. The rulers of the nations throw in their lot with us, that worship Abraham's God; a God so high, he has all earth's princes for his vassals.

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PSALM 47

(A song. A psalm. Of the sons of Core.)

THE LORD is great, great honour is his due here in I the city where he, our God, dwells. Fair stands his holy mountain, the pride of the whole earth, where it slopes northward, the city of the great King; within 4 those walls, God has proved himself a sure defence. See, where the kings of the earth have made common 5 6 cause, and met in arms! At the sight of this city all was bewilderment, and confusion, and dismay; fear 7 took hold of them, sudden as the throes of a woman in travail: the east wind falls on ocean-going ships 8 no more ruinously. Here, in this city of the Lord of hosts, the city of our own God, we have proved the

v. 10. The Hebrew text seems to mean: "the rulers of the nations have been reckoned as a people belonging to the God of Abraham; God holds the shields of the earth; he is greatly exalted." The Vulgate has, "the rulers of the nations gather before him, the God of Abraham, men high in honour, powerful lords (literally, gods) of the earth."

v. 3. "Where it slopes northward"; literally, in the Hebrew text, "the thighs of the north." Some think mount Sion is here compared to that northern range of hills which was the Olympus of Assyrian mythology.

tale long since told us, that God has built her for eternity; sheltered in thy temple, we give thanks for 10 our deliverance. O God, wherever thy name is known 11 on earth, thy praise is told, ever just in thy dealings; well may the hill of Sion rejoice, well may the town-12 ships of Juda triumph, at the decrees which thou, Lord, hast executed. Walk about Sion, make the 13 round of her towers, and count the number of them; mark well the defences that are hers, pass all her 14 strongholds in review; then give the word to the next generation, Such is the God, who is our God for ever 15 and ever: our Shepherd eternally.

PSALM 48

(To the choir-master. Of the sons of Core. A psalm.)

LISTEN, you nations far and wide; let all the world give hearing, poor clods of earth, and men nobly born, for rich and poor the same lesson. Here are wise words, thoughts of a discerning heart; mine to overhear mysteries, and reveal, with the harp's music, things of deep import.

What need have I to be afraid in troubled times, when malice dogs my heels and overtakes me, malice

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v. 15. "Eternally"; the Hebrew text reads, "Until death," but there is some doubt of its genuineness.

of foes who trust in their own strength, and boast of their great possessions? No man can deliver himself from his human lot, paying a ransom-price to God; too great is the cost of a man's soul; never will the means

be his to prolong his days eternally and escape death.

He will see wise men die; but reckless fools perish no

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less; their riches will go to others, and the grave will be their everlasting home. Age after age, they will

live on there, under the fields they once called their own. Short is man's enjoyment of earthly goods; match him with the brute beasts, and he is no better than they.

Fatal path, that ensnares the reckless! Pitiful end of

v. 8. The Vulgate has, "What, can brother pay the penalty instead of brother; must not each pay his own?"; or perhaps, "Brother cannot ransom brother; shall a man, then, be able to ransom himself?" The Hebrew text appears to mean, "It is quite certain no man can ransom his brother," which is simpler, but does not fit in well with the context.

υν. 9, 10. The Vulgate has, "Man cannot give a ransom for his own life, so that he should be able to scheme on continually, live to eternity, and never meet death"; or perhaps, "His life is too precious a thing for that; he will labour for ever in vain (trying to find the ransom needed), even though he should live eternally."

υν. II-I3. The Vulgate here perhaps means, "He cannot grasp (the meaning of death) though he sees that," . . . etc. Instead of "the grave will be their everlasting home," . . . etc., the Hebrew text seems to read, "their innermost thought is, that their homes will last for ever, that their brief abodes will go on from generation to generation, and so they call their fields by their own names."

v. 13 (also v. 21). Vg. "Yet man, in his self-esteem, will not reflect (on what he is); match him" . . . etc.

 $[\]nu$. 14. Vg. "Fatal path, that ensnares both themselves and the men who follow, trusting their advice."

the men that love life! There they lie in the world 15 beneath, huddled like sheep, with death for their shepherd, the just for their masters; soon, soon their image fades, the grave for its tenement. But my life 16 God will rescue from the power of that lower darkness, a life that finds acceptance with him. Do not be dis-17 turbed, then, when a man grows rich, and there is no end to his household's magnificence; he cannot 18 take all that with him when he dies, magnificence will not follow him to the grave. While life lasts, he calls 19 himself happy: None but will envy my success; but 20 soon he will be made one with the line of his fathers, never again to see the light. Short is man's careless 21 enjoyment of earthly goods; match him with the brute beasts, and he is no better than they.

PSALM 49

(A psalm. Of Asaph.)

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IT IS THE LOID, the God of gods, that speaks; his message goes out to all the earth, from the sun's rise to its setting. Out of Sion, in perfect beauty, God

v. 15. "The just for their masters; soon, soon their image fades, the grave for its tenement"; Vg. "By tomorrow's dawn, the just will be triumphing over them; helpless, their pride fades away in the world beneath."

 $[\]nu$. 19. "None but will envy my success"; Vg. "and gives thanks to thee (O God) for blessing him."

comes, revealed; he will keep silence no longer. Before him goes a raging fire; there is a whirling storm round
about him. So, from on high, he summons heaven and earth to witness the judgement pronounced on his
people: Muster in my presence my faithful servants,
who honour my covenant still with sacrifice. The heavens themselves pronounce him just, God who is

our judge. Listen, my people, to these words of mine, listen, 7 Israel, to the protestation I make thee; I, the God thou ownest as God. I do not find fault with thee over thy 8 sacrifices; why, all day long thy burnt offerings smoke before me. But the gifts I accept are not cattle from 9 thy stock, or buck-goats from thy folds; I own already 10 every wild beast in the forest, the hills are mine, and the herds that people them: I know every bird that 11 flies in heaven: mine is all the verdure of the fields. If I am hungry, I will not complain of it to thee, I, 12 who am master of earth and all that earth contains. Wouldst thou have me eat bull's flesh, and drink the 13

is a sacrifice of praise, so wilt thou perform thy vows
to the most High. So, when thou criest to me in time
of trouble, I will deliver thee; then thou shalt honour
me as thou wilt.

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blood of goats? The sacrifice thou must offer to God

But thus, to the sinner, God speaks: How is it that thou canst repeat my commandments by rote, and boast of my covenant with thee, and thou, all the

v. 11. "The herds that people them"; Vg. "their beauty."

while, hast no love for the amendment of thy ways. casting every warning of mine to the winds? Swift 18 thou art to welcome the thief who crosses thy path, to throw in thy lot with the adulterers. Malice wells 19 up from thy lips, and thy tongue is a ready engine of deceit; thou wilt sit there in conclave, speaking evil of 20 thy brother, traducing thy own mother's son. Such 21 were thy ways, and should I make no sign? Should I let thee think I am such as thou? Here is thy reproof: here is thy indictment made plain to thee. Think well 22 on this, you that forget God, or his hand will fall suddenly, and there will be no delivering you. He 23 honours me truly, who offers me a sacrifice of praise; live aright, and you shall see the saving power of God.

PSALM 50

1,2 (To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David, when the prophet Nathan came to reproach him for his adultery with Bethsabee.)

HAVE MERCY on me, O God, as thou art ever rich in mercy; in the abundance of thy compassion, blot out the record of my misdeeds. Wash me clean, cleaner yet, from my guilt, purge me of my sin, the guilt which I freely acknowledge, the sin which is never lost to my sight. Thee only my sins have offended; thou wast the witness of my wrong-doing;

thy sentence was deserved, and if thou art called in question thou hast right on thy side. For indeed, I was born in sin; guilt was with me already when my mother conceived me. But thou art a lover of faithfulness, and now, deep in my heart, thy wisdom has instructed me. Sprinkle me with a wand of hyssop, and I shall be clean; washed, I shall be whiter than snow; tidings send me of good news and rejoicing, and the body that lies in the dust shall thrill with pride. Turn thy eyes away from my sins, blot out the record of my guilt; my God, bring a clean heart to birth within me; breathe new life, true life, into my being. Do not banish me from thy presence, do not take thy holy spirit away from me; give me back the comfort of thy saving power, and strengthen me in generous resolve. So will I teach the wicked to follow thy paths; sinners shall come back to thy obedience. My God, my Divine Deliverer, save me from the guilt of bloodshed! This tongue shall boast of thy mercies;

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O Lord, thou wilt open my lips, and my mouth shall tell of thy praise. Thou hast no mind for sacrifice, burnt-offerings, if I brought them, thou wouldst refuse; the sacrifice God loves is a broken spirit; a heart

that is humbled and contrite thou, O God, wilt never disdain. Lord, in thy great love send prosperity to

 $[\]nu$. 20. It seems certain that David built a great part of the defences of Jerusalem (Josephus, Antiquities, VII, iii. 2). But some scholars think that these last two verses were added to the original psalm, after the capture of Jerusalem by the king of Babylon.

Sion, so that the walls of Jerusalem may rise. Then indeed thou wilt take pleasure in solemn sacrifice, in gift and burnt-offering; then indeed bullocks will be laid upon thy altar.

PSALM 51

1,2 (To the choir-master. A maskil. Of David, when Doeg, the Edomite, came and told Saul, David went into Achimelech's house.)

Thou still take pride, infamous tyrant, in thy power to harm? Evermore thou settest thy heart on mischief; thy words are razor-edged, and thou a traitor. Cruelty, never kindness, is thy study, treason, never honest speech; well thy false lips love the word that brings men to ruin. And will not God destroy thee utterly, root thee up, drive thee from thy home, till thy stock is known among living men no more? Honest folk will watch, and wonder, and taunt him then: So much for the man who would have none

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v. 21. If this verse is part of the original psalm, it seems to imply that the sacrifice of beasts, though of no avail in reparation for grievous sin (verse 18), was a legitimate form of thanksgiving ceremony. Cf. Ps. 49:15.

vv. 3, 4. Vg. "Wilt thou take pride, tyrant, in thy own malice, in thy own ill-doing, all the long day? Thy tongue is skilled in mischief, thy wits razor-edged for treachery." Or the words, "all the long day," may be attached, not to what goes before, but to what follows.

of God's help, but relied on his store of riches, and
found his strength in knavery! And I? rooted like a
fruitful olive-tree in the house of my God, I will trust
for ever and for ever in his divine mercy; I will give
thee eternal thanks for all thou hast done, and boast
of thy name, the name thy true servants love so well.

PSALM 52

(To the choir-master. The melody, Mahalat. A maskil. Of David.)

THERE IS NO God above us, is the fond thought of reckless hearts. Warped natures everywhere and hateful lives! There is not an innocent man among them. God looks down from heaven at the race of men, to find one soul that will reflect, and search for him; but no, all have missed the mark and rebelled against him; an innocent man is nowhere to be found. What, can they learn nothing, all these traffickers in iniquity, who feed themselves fat on this people of mine, as if it were bread for their eating, and never

vv. 1-7. See notes on Psalm 18 above. In the part common to the two psalms, this one uses "God" where the earlier psalm uses "the Lord," but otherwise there is no substantial variation except in v. 6.

v. 6. Vg. "Where are the foes whom men held in honour? God has strewn" . . . etc. Some think this verse was inserted to celebrate the destruction of Sennacherib's army (IV Kings 19:35).

invoke God's name? What wonder if fear unmans them, where they have no cause for fear? Where are the foes that hemmed thee round? God has strewn the earth with their bones, routed as his enemies must ever be. Oh, may Sion bring deliverance to Israel! Day of gladness for Jacob, day of Israel's triumph, when God restores the fortunes of his own people.

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PSALM 53

(To the choir-master. For stringed instruments. A maskil. Of David, when the men of Suph told Saul that David was in hiding among them.)

- Tord, by the virtue of thy name deliver me, let thy sovereign power grant me redress; give a hearing, Lord, to my plea; let me speak, and know thou art
- 5 listening. Scornful foes take arms against me, fierce foes that grudge me life itself, with no thought of God
- 6 to check them. Ah, but God is here to help me; the
- 7 Lord has my safety in his keeping. Let the blow recoil on my persecutors; ever faithful to thy word, do thou
- 8 overthrow them. So will I joyfully offer thee sacrifice, and praise thy name, Lord, as praised it must ever be.
- 9 Who else has delivered me from all peril, and let me see the downfall of my enemies?

v. 5. "Scornful"; Vg. "alien."

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(To the choir-master. For stringed instruments. A maskil. Of David.)

IVE AUDIENCE to my prayer, O God; do not spurn this plea of mine; hear and grant relief. No rest I find in my distress, daunted ever by the hue and cry of godless enemies, whose malicious spite would compass my ruin. My heart is full of whirling thoughts; the fear of death overshadows me; trembling and terrified, I see perils closing round me. Had I but wings, I cry, as a dove has wings, to fly away and find rest! Far would I flee; the wilderness should be my shelter, so I might find speedy refuge from the whirlwind and the storm.

Plunge them deep, Lord, in ruin, bring dissension into their councils! Do I not see, already, violence and sedition in the city? Day and night they make the round of its walls, and all the while there is wrong and oppression at the heart of it, its treacherous heart; cruelty and cunning walk ever in its streets. Had some enemy decried me, I could have borne it patiently; some open ill-wisher, I could have sheltered myself from his attack. But thou, my second self, my familiar

v. 9. "The whirlwind," Vg. "the fears that daunt me."

v. 11. Vg. "Does not wrong stalk about the walls of it night and day? What is there at the heart of it but misery and crime?"

friend! How pleasant was the companionship we 15 shared, thou and I; how lovingly we walked as fellow pilgrims to the house of God! May death overtake 16 them, may the abyss swallow them up alive, their homes, their hearts so tainted with evil!

Still I will call upon God, and the Lord will save; 17 still at evening and morn and noon I will cry aloud and 18 make my plea known; he will not be deaf to my appeal. He will win my soul peace, will rescue me 19 from attack, when many take part against me. He, the 20 God who reigned before time was, will listen to me, will bring them low. Never a change of heart, never the fear of God; not one but will turn against his 21 friend, break his pledged word. Smooth as butter 22 their looks, when their hearts are all hatred; soft as on their speech, yet never was drawn sword so deadly. 23

Cast the burden of thy cares upon the Lord, and he

v. 15. "The companionship we shared"; Vg. "the feast when we shared it."

v. 16. Cf. Num. 16:30-32.

v. 19. "When many take part against me"; the Vulgate here renders the Hebrew literally, "when those who took part with me were (few) among many." The Hebrew text is now generally interpreted as meaning "Those (at issue) with me amounted to many," but the phrase is awkward.

v. 21. "Never a change of heart"; this may be the sense of the Vulgate, but more probably (like the Septuagint Greek) it means, "So long they have gone unpunished."

uv. 21, 22. Vg. "His hand is raised now, to do justice. They violated his covenant, and still his frown was hidden from them, now his anger draws near; his words were so gentle, they soothed like oil, but in truth they are weapons of destruction." "His frown was hidden from them" may also be rendered, "they were scattered by his frown."

will sustain thee; never the innocent feet will he suffer to fall. These, O God, thou wilt sink in a pit of ruin; the blood-thirsty, the treacherous, will not live out half their days; but I, Lord, will put my trust in thee.

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PSALM 55

(To the choir-master. Melody, Yonat Elem Rehoquim. Of David. A miktam. When the Philistines had him in their hands at Gath.)

Have Mercy on me, O God, downtrodden evermore by man's cruel oppression; evermore my ene-3 mies tread me under foot, so many there are to make war upon me. In thee, the most High, I will put my 4 trust when peril overtakes me. I claim God's promise; 5 my trust is in God, no mortal threat can daunt me. Evermore they traduce me, have no thought but for 6 my undoing; conspire in secret, watching my steps as they plot against my life! O God, requite their treach-8 ery; trample on the Gentiles in thy anger. My wan-9 dering life none knows as thou; no tear of mine but thou dost hoard and record it. One cry raised to thee, 10

v. 4. Vg. "Day is no sooner up than peril overtakes me, but I will put my trust in thee."

υυ. 8, 9. Vg. "So worthless, and wilt thou be their protector? Thou, who dost bring nations to ruin when thou art angry? Nay, my God, my life has no secrets from thee; no tear of mine but is recorded in thy sight; faithful is thy promise."

and my enemies are driven back; shall I doubt God is
on my side? I claim God's promise; my trust is in
God, man's threats cannot daunt me. The vows which
thou claimest from me, O God, my sacrifice of praise
shall fulfil; hast thou not saved my life from every
peril, my feet from every slip? And shall I not enjoy
God's favour, while the light of life is with me?

PSALM 56

(To the choir-master. Melody, Do not destroy. Of David. A miktam. When he took refuge from Saul in a cave.)

HAVE MERCY on me, O God, have mercy on me; here is a soul that puts its trust in thee; I will take refuge under the shelter of thy wings, till the storms pass by. I will cry out to the most high God, the God who has ever befriended me: may he send aid now from heaven to deliver me, and bring confusion on my oppressors; his mercy, his faithfulness be my speed! Fallen among lions I, that eat men's flesh; here are envious teeth that bite deeper than spear or arrow, tongues sharp as any sword. O God, mount high above the heavens, till thy glory overshadows the

v. 5. Vg. "He has rescued me from a den of lions, where I fainted with fear; from the base breed of men, whose envious teeth" . . . etc.

whole earth. See where they have laid a snare for my 7 feet, to bring me low, dug a pit in my path; may it be their own undoing! A heart to serve thee, my God, 8 a heart ready to serve thee; its song, its music are for thee! Wake, all my skill, wake, echoes of harp and 9 viol; dawn shall find me watching; so will I give thee 10 thanks, Lord, for all the world to hear it, sing psalms while the Gentiles listen, of thy mercy, high as heaven 11 itself, of thy faithfulness, that reaches to the clouds. O 12 God, mount high above the heavens, till thy glory overshadows the whole earth.

PSALM 57

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(To the choir-master. Melody, Do not destroy. Of David. A miktam.)

Nobles all, are your thoughts honest thoughts? And you, common folk, do you make just award? See how you devise treachery in your hearts, deal out to this land nothing but oppression! Sinners that have lost their birthright; renegades and liars their mothers bore them! They are venomous as serpents, as the asp that turns a deaf ear and will not listen to the snake-charmer's music, magician and skilful player

 $[\]nu$. 9. "All my skill"; literally, "my glory," a term by which the Psalmist sometimes refers to himself, e.g. 29:13.

 $[\]nu.$ 2. The word here translated "nobles" is doubtful in the Hebrew, and does not appear in the Vulgate.

though he be. My God, break their cruel fangs: Lord. 7 8 shatter their jaws, strong as the jaws of lions. Like spilt water let them run to waste, shoot none but harmless arrows; melt into nothing, the snail's way, perish 9 like the untimely birth that sees never the light of the sun. Green stalks the whirlwind carries away, while 10 yonder pot still waits for fuel! The innocent man will 11 triumph at the sight of their punishment, as he dips his hands in the blood of the evil-doer; Sure enough, 12 men will say, innocence has its reward, sure enough, there is a God who grants redress here on earth.

PSALM 58

(To the choir-master. Melody, Do not destroy. Of David. A miktam. When Saul had his house watched, so as to put him to death.)

O Gob, deliver me from my enemies, rescue me from their assaults; thwart their malice, disappoint their lust for blood. See how they plot against my life, how strong is their confederacy! Yet never

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vv. 8-10. Vg. "They will vanish away like spilt water; when he bends his bow, they will be powerless before him. They will melt like wax; one touch of the flame, and they will see the sun no more; the flame will burn them alive, like young thorns that will grow into a thicket never." It seems probable that the Hebrew text in this passage is, and was from very early times, corrupt.

 $[\]nu$. 5. "They run about and make themselves ready"; Vg. "I have kept steadfastly on my way."

through any fault or offence of mine, Lord; unprovoked, they rush to the attack. Bestir thyself, come 6 to my side and witness my wrongs. Lord of hosts, God of Israel, awake; visit mankind, and shew the treacherous no mercy. See how they come back at 7 nightfall, like velping dogs, to prowl about the city! Tongues that boast, lips that rail, as if none could 8 hear them; and all the while thou, Lord, makest light 9 of them, thou, in whose esteem all the nations are as nothing. To thee I look, O God, my strength and my 10 refuge; my God, and all my hope of mercy. ΙI 12

With that Divine aid, may I triumph over my enemies. Smite them down, my God, before they compass the overthrow of my people; let that power of thine overawe and crush them, my protector, my Master! Down with the guilty tongues, the boastful lips; let their own pride ensnare them, their cursing and their lies. Ruinous, ruinous be thy vengeance; shew them that there is a God who rules over Israel, rules over the utmost ends of the earth. Let them come back at nightfall, like velping dogs, and prowl about the city; far and wide they will roam in search of their prey, and snarl with rage when they go unfed

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ν. 7. "Yelping"; Vg. "hungry." ν. 12. Vg. "Not for their destruction I pray; should my own people be lost to man's remembrance? Only let thy power disperse and crush them, my protector, my Master."

vv. 15, 16. The enemies of the Psalmist, who are patrolling the city to keep him in, will find that he has escaped, and will be scattered (as in verse 12) far and wide in their disappointed search for him.

at last. And I, ere long, will be proclaiming thy greatness, will be triumphing in the mercy thou hast shewn me, thou, my stronghold and my refuge in the day of my distress. To thee I will sing, the God who delivers, the God who upholds me, the God to whom alone I look for mercy.

PSALM 59

(To the choir-master. The melody, Lily of the Law. A miktam. Of David. To be used for teaching. This was when he marched against the Syrians of Naharaim and Soba, and Joab on his way home defeated the men of Edom in the Valley of Salt, twelve thousand of them.)

- Gop, thou hast been disowning us and breaking up our ranks; relent now, and bring us back to our own. Heal the wounds of the land thou hast shaken and torn asunder, the land that trembles still.

 A heavy burden thou hast made us bear; the wine
- thou gavest us to drink dazed our senses. But now thou hast set up a standard to rally thy faithful servants, and to protect them from the archers' onset; now

v. 6. Literally, "thou hast set up a standard to those who fear thee, that they should escape from the bow." Some would read "truth" instead of "bow" in the Hebrew text, and interpret the second half of the sentence differently.

bring aid to the men thou lovest, give our prayer answer, and lift thy right hand to save.

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God's word came to us from his sanctuary, In triumph I will divide up Sichem, and parcel out the
valley of Tents; to me Galaad, to me Manasse belongs; Ephraim is my helmet, Juda the staff I bear.
Now Moab, too, shall be my drudge; over Edom I
will claim my right; I will lead the Philistines away
in triumph. Such was the oracle; but now who is to
lead me on my march against this fortress, who is to
find an entrance for me into Edom, when thou, O
God, hast disowned us, and wilt not go into battle
with our armies? It is thou that must deliver us from
peril; the help of man is vain. Only through God
can we fight victoriously; only he can trample our
oppressors in the dust.

PSALM 60

(To the choir-master. For stringed instruments. Of David.)

LISTEN, Lord, to this cry of appeal; do not let my prayer go unheeded, though it be from the ends of the earth that I call upon thee. When my heart

υν. 8-10. This would seem to be a quotation from some old prophecy, referring to the conquest of Chanaan. The literal sense of verse 10 is, "Moab is my wash-basin, I will cast out my shoe over Edom" . . . etc. Cf. Ruth 4:7.

misgives me, thou wilt set me high up on a rock, thou wilt bring me repose; thou, my only hope, my strong

5 tower against the assault of my enemies. Oh let me dwell for ever in thy tabernacle, let me take refuge

6 under the shelter of thy wings! Lord, thou hast listened to my prayer, thou hast given thy worshippers a

7 home to dwell in. Year upon year do thou add to the king's reign; while generations come and go, may his

8 life still last. For ever may he reign under God's

favour; let mercy and faithfulness be his escort. Eternally I will sing thy praises, day after day perform my vows.

PSALM 61

(To the choir-master. The melody, Idithun. A psalm. Of David.)

To REST has my soul but in God's hands; to him I look for deliverance. I have no other stronghold, no other deliverer but him; safe in his protection, I fear no deadly fall. Still one man my enemies single out for their enslaught, all swept one way, as

v. 8. Vg. "His mercy and faithfulness are beyond all reckoning." It is not clear whether the mercy and faithfulness referred to are those of God, or those of the king; the former explanation seems more likely, since David himself is traditionally the author of the psalm.

5 though at hedge's gap or wall's breach. From my safe fastness they would fain dislodge me, ready liars that speak me fair, but ever with a curse in their hearts.

6 Yet even now, my soul, leave thyself in God's hands;

all my trust is in him. He is my stronghold and my deliverer, my protector, bidding me stand unmoved.

8 God is all my defence and all my boast; my rock-

g fastness, my refuge is in God. Israelites one and all, put your confidence in him, and lay the homage of your hearts at his feet; God is our defence for ever.

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Man is a breath that passes; in Adam's sons there is no trust. High in the scales they rise, weighed all together and lighter than a breath. Put your faith in extortion no more, boast no more of plunder; do not set your heart on riches that are easy to win. Not once, but twice I have heard God's voice of warning: All power is God's. To thee, Lord, mercy belongs; thou wilt repay every man the reward of his deeds.

v. 5. Vg. "Still I must go on my way thirsting, while these seek to dishonour me, men that once used to speak me fair, but ever with a curse in their hearts."

v. 10. Vg. "Man is but emptiness, light weigh the sons of Adam as false coin in the scales; vain are all their conspiracies to deceive."

(A psalm. Of David. This was when he was in the desert of Juda.)

God, thou art my God; how eager my quest for 2 thee, body athirst and soul longing for thee, like some parched wilderness, where stream is none. So, 3 in the holy place, I contemplate thee, ready for the revelation of thy greatness, thy glory. To win thy 4 favour is dearer to me than life itself; my songs of praise can no more be withheld. So, all my life long, 5 I will bless thee, holding up my hands in honour of thy 6 name; my heart filled, as with some rich feast, my mouth, in joyful accents, singing thy praise. My 7 thoughts shall go out to thee at dawn, as I lie awake remembering thee, and the protection thou hast given 8 me. Gladly I take shelter under thy wings, cling close 9 to thee, borne up by thy protecting hand. In vain do 10 my enemies plot against my life, soon to be swallowed up in the depths of earth, a prey to the sword, carrion ΤT for jackals! The king shall triumph in God's protec-12 tion, blessed as they are ever blessed who take their vows in his name; silence shall fall on the lips that muttered treason.

v. 2. Here the Vulgate, following the Hebrew text, has "in a parched wilderness" for "like a parched wilderness," and the beginning of verse 3 runs, "See, I have made pilgrimage to thy holy place."

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David.)

God, listen to my prayer when I call for aid, save me from the threats of my mortal foe. Thine 3 to defend me from this conspiracy of malice, the thronging enemies that are bent on my hurt; the 4 tongues that wound like a sharpened sword, the poisoned words aimed at me, like arrows. Stealthily 5 they attack the innocent; suddenly, from a safe vantagepoint, they wound him. Pledged to an evil resolve, 6 they plot to lay snares for me, sure that they will go unseen. With what care they hatch their designs, plan-7 ning treason double-dyed! Let the thoughts of man's heart be deep as they will, yet God has arrows, too, to 8 smite them with, sudden wounds to deal them; all 9 their conspiring plays them false. Scornfully the onlookers shake their heads, awe-stricken every one, and 10 ready to tell the story of God's doings, understand his purposes at last. Honest men will rejoice and put their 11 trust in the Lord; upright hearts will not boast in vain.

v. 7. "Planning treason double-dyed"; Vg. "Redoubled care that defeats its purpose"; literally, "they have failed through scrutinizing with scrutiny."

v. 8. Vg. "Yet God must triumph; their arrows do no more harm than children's toys."

v. 9. "Scornfully the onlookers shake their heads"; Vg. "The onlookers stand amazed."

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David. A song.)

God, thou shalt yet have praise in Sion; to thee let the vow be paid, hearer of prayer. To thee 3 all mankind must look for pardon, weighed down by 4 its sinfulness till thou dost forgive. Blessed the man 5 on whom thy choice falls, whom thou takest to dwell with thee in thy own domain! Fill these hearts with love of thy house, with awe of thy holy temple. Wonderful the miracles thou shewest when in mercy 6 thou dost hear us, O God our Saviour; at the bounds of earth, far over the seas, in thee we hope. What 7 power girds thee about! In thy strength the mountains stand firm; thou dost calm the raging of the 8 sea, raging sea-billows, ay, and the turmoil of angry nations. Thy portents strike terror at the world's end, 9 fill the lands of sunrise and sunset with rejoicing.

And now thou hast brought relief to this land of ours, hast watered and greatly enriched it; from that deep channel whence thy divine ordinance provides

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v. 2. The Hebrew text omits "at Jerusalem," given by the Septuagint Greek and by the Vulgate at the end of this verse.

v. 4. Vg. "And though the cause of the wicked has prevailed against us, do thou restore a sinful people to thy favour."

v. 6. Vg. "Wonderful in its ordered worship. Listen to us, O God our Saviour" . . . etc.

 $[\]nu$. 8. Vg. "That stirs up the depths of the sea, and sets its billows roaring; portents that fill the heathen with dismay."

- our human needs. Thine to water its furrows, loosen its clods with soft showers, bless it with fruitfulness.
- 12 Thy bounty it is that crowns the year; where thy feet
- have passed, the stream of plenty flows; flows through the desert pastures, till all the hill-sides are gaily clad,
- 14 herds throng the fields, and the valleys stand deep in corn; the shout of joy everywhere, everywhere the hymn of praise.

(To the choir-master. A song. A psalm.)

T ET THE WHOLE WORLD keep holiday in God's presence, L sing praise to his name, pay homage to his glory! 2 Cry out to God, What dread, Lord, thy acts inspire! 3 How great is that might of thine, which makes thy enemies cringe before thee! Let the whole earth wor-4 ship thee, sing of thee, sing praises to thy name. Come 5 near, and see what God does, how wonderful he is in his dealings with human kind, how he turns the sea 6 into land, and lets men cross a river dry-shod; we will see it, and give joyful thanks to him. In that power 7

 $[\]nu$. II. Vg. "Make earth's channels dance, make its fruits abound with the showers that fall on it, till it blossoms forth joyfully."

v. 12. "Where thy feet have passed, the stream of plenty flows"; Vg. "The fields, through thee, will be thick with harvest."

of his he reigns for ever, and has eyes for what the 8 Gentiles do; let rebellious souls tame their pride. Bless the name of our God, you Gentiles, echo the sound of his praise.

God's will is we should live yet; he does not suffer 9 our steps to falter. Yes, Lord, thou hast put us to the 10 proof, tested us as men test silver in the fire; led us ΙI into a snare, and bowed our backs with trouble, while 12 human masters rode us down; our way led through fire and water, but now thou hast brought us out into a place of repose. See, I come into thy house with 13 burnt-offerings, to pay thee all the vows these lips have 14 framed, this mouth has uttered, when trouble came upon me. Fat burnt-offerings of sheep shall be thine, 15 and the smoke of ram's flesh; bullocks and goats shall be thy sacrifice. Come and listen, all you who worship 16 God, while I tell of the great mercies he has shewn me; how this voice of mine cried out to him, this 17 tongue did him honour. Would God listen to me, if 18 my heart were set on wrong? And God has listened 19 to me; given heed to my cry for succour. Blessed be God, who does not reject my prayer, does not withhold his mercy from me.

(To the choir-master. For stringed instruments. A psalm. A song.)

May God be merciful to us, and bless us; may he grant us the favour of his smile. Make known 3 thy will, O God, wide as earth; make known among all nations thy saving power. Honour to thee, O God, 4 from the nations, honour from all the nations! The 5 Gentiles, too, may rejoice and be glad; a whole world abides thy judgement, and the Gentiles, too, obey on earth thy sovereignty. Honour to thee, O God, from 6 the nations, honour from all the nations! The land 7 has yielded its harvest; God, our own God, has blessed us; may God grant his blessing, and may earth, far 8 and wide, do him reverence.

PSALM 67

(To the choir-master. Of David. A psalm. A song.)

- 2 Let God bestir himself, needs must his foes be scattered, their malice take flight before his coming.
- 3 Vanish the wicked at God's presence as the smoke
- 4 vanishes, as wax melts at the fire, while the just keep holiday and rejoice at the sight of him, glad and con-
- 5 tent. Sing, then, in God's honour, praise his name with a psalm; a royal progress through the wilderness

for the God, whose name is Javé. Triumph in his presence; he is a father to the orphan, and gives the widow redress, this God who dwells apart in holiness.

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7 This is the God who makes a home for the outcast, restores the captives to safety, leaves none but the rebels to find their abode in the wilderness.

8 O God, when thou didst go forth at the head of thy people, on that royal progress of thine through 9 the desert, how the earth shook, how the sky broke at God's coming, how even Sinai shook, when the 10 God of Israel came! And on this thy own land, O God, thou sendest rain to be a mark of thy favour; 11 all parched it lies, and thou dost bring it relief. All living things that dwell in it are thy pensioners; so kindly, O God, is the provision thou hast made for the poor.

Word has come from the Lord, good news borne on a multitude of lips: Routed the kings, routed their armies; they have left their spoils for housewives to carry away; never shone silver so bright on a dove's feathers, never gold so fair on a dove's wings; and you, all the while, resting quiet among the sheepfolds! White fell the snows on Salmon, when the Lord put kings to rout.

Basan's hills are high, Basan's hills are rugged; must you turn your eyes, rugged hills, towards God's

v. 7. Vg. "This is the God who unites in peace the families that were scattered, brings the prisoners back in the flower of their manhood; the outlaws, too, that lurked in barrows among the hills."

mountain, and envy what you see? The mountain where God loves and will ever love to dwell.

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See where God's chariot comes, with twenty legions for its escort; thousands upon thousands; comes from Sinai to this his sanctuary. Thou dost mount up on high, thou dost capture thy spoil, and men must be thy tribute; the heathen must make way for the Lord God to dwell in their midst. Blessed be the Lord now and ever, the God who bears our burdens, and wins us the victory. Our God is a God of deliverance; Javé is a Lord who saves from peril of death. God will smite the heads of his enemies, smite the proud locks

vv. 12-17. Vg. "Here are bringers of good news, with a message the Lord has given them, from the army he leads; a king, leading the armies of a beloved people, a people how well beloved! He bids the favourites of his court divide the spoil between them. Live at peace in the midst of your inheritance, and (riches shall be yours like) the silver that covers the dove's wings, like the sheen of gold on its back. He who dwells in heaven has strewn the ground with (the wealth of) kings, like the snow that lies white on Salmon. God's mountain, how fruitful it is! How rugged, yet how fruitful it is! What need to look up enviously at the mountain heights? It is this mountain God has chosen for his dwelling-place; on this mountain the Lord will dwell for ever."

v. 13. "House-wives"; literally, "she who dwells at home" in the Hebrew text. It seems possible the reference is to Jael (Judges 4:17-22). The early part of this psalm clearly refers to the victory of Barac over King Sisara; verses 8 and 9 being actually repeated from Judges 5:4 and 5. Similarly, we may compare verse 13 of the Hebrew with Judges 5:28, and verse 14 of the Hebrew with Judges 5:16.

v. 18. "Comes from Sinai to this his sanctuary"; Vg. "The Lord is their leader, as at Sinai, so here on his holy mountain."

v. 19. St. Paul in Eph. 4:5, apparently using some other text, has "gave gifts to men" instead of "received gifts of men."

of the men who live at ease in their wickedness. I will 23 restore my people, the Lord says; I will restore them to their land, from Basan, from the shore of the high seas. Soon the blood of thy enemies will stain thy 24 feet, stain the tongues of the jackals that follow thee. Thou comest, O God, a mark for all eyes; he comes, 25 my God and my king, the dweller in the sanctuary. Before him go the singers, and the minstrels follow, 26 while the maids play on their tambours round about. Give praise to the Lord God in this solemn assembly, 27 28 sons of Israel! Here is Benjamin, youngest of the tribes, that marches in the van; here are the chieftains of Juda with their companies, chieftains, too, from

Zabulon, chieftains from Naphtali.

Shew thy power, O God, shew thy Divine power, perfect thy own achievement among us; so, in thy temple at Jerusalem, kings shall offer gifts before thee.

Tame the wild beasts of the marshes; fierce bulls that

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Tame the wild beasts of the marshes; herce bulls that lord it over the peaceful herd of nations, down fall

v. 23. God says that he will bring back (his people, is presumably understood) from Basan, from the depths of the sea, according to the Hebrew text; the Vulgate has "to the depths." The sense is in any case obscure; the Vulgate is perhaps best understood as a mere geographical description of Northern Palestine, which lay between the Basan country and the Mediterranean.
v. 28. "That marches in the van"; Vg. "Rapt in worship."

v. 31. The sense of this verse is far from certain, but it is generally agreed that the wild beast of the marshes (literally, "reeds") is a symbol of the power of Egypt. "Down fall they, bringing silver pieces for their ransom"; Vg. "Ready to shut out thy loyal tributaries from their lands."

they, bringing silver pieces for their ransom; scatter the nations that delight in war, till Egypt sends hither her 3**2** princes, till Ethiopia hastens to make her peace with God. Kingdoms of the earth, raise your voices in God's 33 honour, sing a psalm to the Lord; a psalm to God, who 34 mounts on the heavens, the immemorial heavens, and utters his word in a voice of thunder. Pay honour to 35 God, the God whose splendour rests over Israel, who holds dominion high among the clouds. Awe dwells 36 about it, his holy place! The God of Israel gives his people strength and courage; blessed be God!

PSALM 68

(To the choir-master. Melody: The Lilies. Of David.)

God, save me; see how the waters close about me, threatening my very life! I am like one who sticks fast in deep mire, with no ground under his feet, one who has ventured out into mid-ocean, to be drowned by the storm. Hoarse my throat with ceaseless crying for help; my eyes ache with looking up for mercy to my God. Countless as the hairs on my head are my wanton enemies, I am no match for the oppressors that wrong me. Should I make amends to them, I, that never robbed them? O God, thou

 $[\]nu$. 34. "The immemorial heavens"; Vg. "Over against the dawn."

knowest my frailties, no fault of mine is hidden from 7 thy sight. Master, Lord of hosts, shall ill fortune of mine bring shame to those who trust in thee, make men repent of looking for aid to thee, the God of 8 Israel? It is for thy sake that I have met with reproach, that I have so often blushed with confusion,

proach, that I have so often blushed with confusion, an outcast among my own brethren, a stranger to my own mother's children. Was it not jealousy for the honour of thy house that consumed me; was it not

uttered against thee, the reproach I bore?

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What more could I do? I humbled myself before them by fasting; and that, too, was matter for finding fault; I dressed in sackcloth, and they made a by-word of me. The idlers at the city gate would taunt me; the drunkards would make a song of me over their wine. To thee, Lord, I make my prayer; never man

wine. To thee, Lord, I make my prayer; never man more needed thy good will. Listen to me, O God, full of mercy as thou art, faithful as thou art to thy promise of aid. Save me from sinking in the mire, rescue me from my enemies, from the deep waters that sur-

round me. Let me not sink under the flood, swallowed up in its depths, and the well's mouth close

above me. Listen to me, Lord, of thy gracious mercy, look down upon me in the abundance of thy pity; do

not turn thy face away from thy servant in this time of trouble, give a speedy answer to my prayer. Draw near in my distress, and grant deliverance; relieve me,

so hard pressed by my enemies.

20 Lord, thou knowest how they reproach me, how I blush with shame; thou seest how many are my per-

secutors. Heart-broken with that shame, I pine away, 21 looking round for pity, where pity is none, for comfort, where there is no comfort to be found. They gave me 22 gall to eat, and when I was thirsty they gave me vinegar to drink. Let their feast be turned into a trap, 23 a net to catch them and theirs; ever the blind eye be 24 theirs, ever the halting loin. Pour out thy anger upon 25 them, let them be over-taken by thy avenging wrath; let their dwelling-place be deserted, their tents for ever 26 uninhabited. Who is it they persecute? A man al-27 ready afflicted by thee; hard was my hurt to bear, and these have added to it. Do thou add guilt to guilt in 28 their reckoning; let them never find their way back to thy favour; let their names be blotted out from the 29 record of the living, and never be written among the iust.

See how friendless I am, and how distressed! Let 30 thy help, O God, sustain me. I will sing in praise of 31 God's name, herald it gratefully; a more acceptable 32 sacrifice, this, to the Lord than any young bullock, for all its promise of horn and hoof. Here is a sight 33 to make the afflicted rejoice; to cheer men's spirits in their quest for God. The Lord listens to the prayer 34 of the destitute; he does not forget his servants in their chains. To him be praise from sky, earth and sea, and 35 36 from all the creatures that move about them. God will grant deliverance to Sion; the cities of Juda will rise

v. 22. Matt. 27:48.

v. 23. Rom. 11:9.

v. 26. Acts 1:20.

from their ruins, inhabited now and held firmly in possession, an inheritance for the race that serves him, a home for all true lovers of his name.

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PSALM 69

(To the choir-master. Of David. A commemoration.)

DEIGN, O God, to set me free; Lord, make haste to help me. Cover them with confusion and awe, the enemies who plot against my life; send them away baffled, my ill-wishers, all their taunts turned to blushes. Triumphant joy be theirs, who long for thee; Praise to the Lord, be ever their song, who look eagerly now for thy succour. Thou seest me helpless and destitute; my God, help me. Thou art my champion and my deliverer; Lord, do not delay thy coming.

PSALM 70

To THEE, O God, I turn for succour; may I never be disappointed! Rescue and deliver me, faithful as thou art; listen to my plea, and save me. Let me find in thee a rock-fastness, a citadel of defence; I have

 $[\]nu\nu$. 1-6. This psalm is nearly a repetition of Ps. 39, vv. 14-18.

- no other stronghold, no other refuge, but thee. Rescue 4 me. Lord, from the power of the wicked, from the grasp of lawlessness and oppression; thou, my Lord
- 5 and Master, the hope and confidence of my youth.
- Thou hast upheld me from birth, thou hast guarded 6 me ever since I left my mother's womb; ever in thee was my trust. Men stare at me now as a strange
- 7 portent, so signal the protection thou hast given me.
- And evermore praise was on my lips, my constant 8 theme thy glory.
- Do not cast me off now, in my old age; slowly my 9 strength ebbs, do not thou forsake me. I have enemies 10 that watch me closely, that conspire together, and ΙI whisper, God has abandoned him; now is the time to overtake and seize him; no one can bring him rescue now. O God, do not keep thy distance from 12 me; hasten, my God, to aid me. Defeat their plot 13 against my life, and bring it to nothing; cover my ill-wishers with confusion and shame.
- Still will I hope on, praising thee ever more and 14 more. Day in, day out, these lips shall tell of thy faith-15 fulness, of thy saving power, and find no end to them.
- I will make the great acts of the Lord my theme; I 16 will commemorate the faithfulness that belongs only to
- thee. It is thou, O God, that hast inspired me ever 17

v. 7. It is not clear in what sense the Psalmist was a portent or sign to his contemporaries, but the context suggests that he may be referring to his great age, and God's long preservation of him.

v. 15. "And find no end to them"; Vg. "All unskilled in learning."

since the days of my youth, and still I am found telling the tale of thy wonders. O God, do not fail me, now 18 when I am old and grey-headed, until I have proclaimed thy great deeds to this, to all the generations that will follow; that faithfulness of thine which 19 reaches up, O God, to the heavens, so signally made manifest. There is none like thee, O God, none like thee. Ah, how often thou hast burdened me with 20 bitter trouble! And still thou wouldst relent, and give me back life, and bring me up again from the very depths of the earth. Lift my head high; turn back, 21 and comfort me. So true to thy word, and shall 22 I not give thee thanks with psalm-music, praise thee on the harp, O God, the Holy One of Israel? Gladly these lips will sing of thee, this heart, which 23 owes thee its deliverance. Day in, day out, I will 24 repeat the story of thy faithfulness, what shame fell, what confusion, on the men who sought to wrong me.

PSALM 71

(Of Solomon.)

T ment; the king, O God, thy own skill in judgement; the inheritor of a throne, may be just, as thou art just; may he give thy people right awards, and to the poor, redress. Such the harvest his subjects shall reap, peace on every mountain, justice on every hill-side. Right award he will give to friendless folk;

protect the children of the poor, and crush the oppressor. While a sun shines in heaven, while the moon gives light, he will endure; kindly as the rain that drops on the meadow grass, as the showers that water the earth. His days will be crowned with the fair fruit of justice, with the blessings of peace; and may those days last till the moon shines no more.

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From sea to sea, from the great river to the ends 8 of earth, his sway shall reach. In his presence rebels 9 shall bend the knee, all his enemies will be humbled in the dust; gifts shall flow in from the lords of 10 Tharsis and the islanders, tribute from the kings of Arabia and of Saba; all the kings of the earth must ΙI needs bring their homage, all the nations serve him. He will give the poor redress when they cry to him, 12 destitute folk, with none to befriend them; in their 13 need and helplessness, they shall have his compassion.

Their rights he will take into his keeping, set them 14 free from the claims of usury and oppression, dearly avenge their blood. Long life shall be his, and gold 15 from Arabia shall be given him; men will pray for him continually, bless his name evermore. The land 16 shall have good store of corn, high up the hill-sides, rustling like the woods of Libanus; shall multiply its citizens like grass on the ground. For ever let his name 17

be used in blessing, a name to endure while the sun gives light; in him all the tribes of the earth shall be

 $[\]nu$. 6. "The meadow grass"; Vg. "The shorn fleece." ν . 9. "The rebels"; Vg. "The Ethiopians."

18 enriched, all the nations shall extol him. Blessed be the Lord God of Israel, who does wonderful deeds as
 19 none else, and blessed for ever be his glorious name; all the earth shall be filled with his glory, Amen, Amen.

PSALM 72

(A psalm. Of Asaph.)

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THAT bounty God shews, what Divine bounty, to the upright, to the pure of heart! Yet I was near losing my foothold, felt the ground sink under my steps, such heart-burning had I at the good fortune of the sinners that flout his law; for them, never a pang; health and sleek their bodies shew. Not for these to share man's common lot of trouble; the plagues which afflict humankind still pass them by. No wonder if pride clings about them like a necklace, if they flaunt their wrong-doing. How malice distils from those pampered lives; how they betray the falseness

v. 19. At the end of this psalm the Vulgate, like the Hebrew text, adds: "Here end the praises of David, son of Jesse." It is the general opinion of commentators that one section or volume of the Psalms ended here. In the second half of the Psalter, as in the first, many psalms are to be found which claim King David as their author.

v. 4. Vg. "Men that have no hope in death, no comfort to support them in calamity."

v. 7. "Malice distils"; the sense of the Hebrew text is, "their eyes stand out," or possibly, "their eyes look out." "How they betray the falseness"; Vg. "How easily they win the desire."

8 of their hearts! Ever jeering, ever talking maliciously, 9 throned on high they preach injustice; their clamour reaches heaven, and their false tales win currency on earth.

Enviously the men of my own race look on, to see TO them draining life's cup to the full; Can God, they ask, 11 be aware of this? Does the most High know of all that passes? Look at these sinners, how they live at peace, 12 how lordly is their estate! Why then, thought I, it is 13 to no purpose that I have kept my heart true, and washed my hands clean in pureness of living; still, 14 all the while, I am plagued for it, and no morning comes but my scourging is renewed. Was I to share 15 their thoughts? Nay, that were to put the whole company of thy children in the wrong. I set myself to 16 read the riddle, but it proved a hard search, until I 17 betook myself to God's sanctuary, and considered, $\mathbf{18}$ there, what becomes of such men at last. The truth is, thou art making a slippery path for their feet, ready to plunge them in ruin; in a moment they are fallen, 19 vanished, engulfed in calamity. And thou, Lord, dost 20 rise up and brush aside their pretensions, as a waking man his dream.

What if my mind was full of bitterness, what if I was pierced to the heart? I am all dumbness, I am all ignorance, standing there like a brute beast in thy

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 $[\]nu$. 17. "Betook myself to God's sanctuary"; or perhaps, "entered into God's mysteries."

 $[\]nu.$ 20. "Rise up and brush aside"; Vg. "Brush aside in thy holy city."

presence. Yet ever thou art at my side, ever holdest 23 me by my right hand. Thine to lead me in a way of 24 thy own choosing, thine to take me up to thyself at last in glory. What else does heaven hold for me, but thy-25 self? What crave I on earth but thy companionship? This frame, this earthly being of mine must come to 26 an end; still God will be my heart's stronghold, eternally my inheritance. Lost those others may be, who 27 desert thy cause, lost are all those who break their troth with thee; I know no other content but clinging 28 to God, putting my trust in the Lord, my Master; within the gates of royal Sion I will be the herald of thy praise.

PSALM 73

(A maskil. Of Asaph.)

God, hast thou altogether abandoned us? Sheep of thy own pasturing, must we feel the fires of thy vengeance? Bethink thee of the company thou hast gathered, long ago; of the tribe thou hast chosen to be thy own domain; of mount Sion, where thou hast thy dwelling-place. Hither turn thy steps, where all is ruin irretrievable; see what havoc thy enemies have

 $[\]nu$. 3. Vg. "Lift up thy hand, to crush human pride for ever; see" . . . etc.

wrought in the holy place, how their malice has raged 4 in thy very precincts, setting up its emblems for a trophy of conquest. Blow after blow, like woodmen in 5 the forest, they have plied their axes, brought it down, 6 with pick and mallet, to the ground. They have set 7 fire to thy sanctuary, sullied the dwelling-place of thy glory in the dust. They think to destroy us like one 8 man, sweep away every shrine of God in the land. Our 9 own emblems are nowhere to be seen; there are no prophets left now, no wise counsellors. O God, shall 10 our enemy taunt us everlastingly, and defy thy name to his heart's content? Why dost thou withhold thy 11 hand? That right hand of thine, must it always lie idle in thy bosom? 12

Ours is a King who reigned before time was; here on earth he has the means to bring deliverance. What power but thine could sunder the shifting sea, crush

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 $[\]nu$. 4. "For a trophy of conquest"; Vg. "Strange emblems over gate-way and stair-head."

 $[\]nu$. 5. "Plied their axes"; Vg. "broken down its doors with axes."

 $[\]nu$. 8. Vg. "They have but one thought, the whole brood of them, to sweep away all God's worship (literally, holidays) from the land."

v. 9. "No wise counsellors"; Vg. "None will acknowledge us." The Hebrew text may mean "There is none of us who can tell how long" (the tyranny will last).

vv. 12-15. Some think these verses refer to the escape of Israel from Egypt and the miracles done in the wilderness, Leviathan (perhaps the crocodile) being used as a symbol of Egypt. Others think the whole is an allegorical account of the Creation.

ν. 13. "Sunder"; Vg. "Heap up."

the power of the monster beneath its waters; shatter 14 Leviathan's power, and give him up as prev to the sea-beasts? Thou didst open up fountains and streams 15 of water; thou, too, madest the swollen rivers run dry. Thine is the day, thine the night; moon and sun are 16 of thy fashioning; thou hast fixed all the bounds of 17 earth, madest the summer, madest the cool of the year. Wilt thou take no heed, when thy enemies taunt 18 thee, and in their recklessness set the name of Javé at defiance? Must the dove be the vulture's prey? 19 Souls unbefriended, but for thee, wilt thou leave us quite forgotten? Bethink thee of thy covenant; every-20 where oppression lurks, or walks openly through the fields. Do not let the humble go away disap-21 pointed; teach the poor and the helpless to exalt thy name. Bestir thyself, O God, to vindicate thy own 22 cause; do not forget the taunts which reckless men hurl at thee all day long; do not overlook them, the 23 triumphant shouts of thy enemies, the ever growing insolence that here defies thee.

v. 14. "Sea-beasts"; Vg. "Dwellers in the wilderness." v. 15. "Swollen rivers"; Vg. "Rivers of Ethan" (cf. Ex.

^{13:20).}v. 19. "Must the dove be the vulture's prey?"; Vg. "Wilt

thou throw us to wild beasts, the souls that acknowledge thee?"

"" 20 Vg "Bethink thee of the covenant: darkness has

 $[\]nu$. 20. Vg. "Bethink thee of thy covenant; darkness has fallen on the land, and the lairs of oppression are all about us."

(To the choir-master. The melody, Do not destroy. A psalm. Of Asaph. A song.)

TX/E PRAISE thee, O God, and, praising thee, call 2 upon thy name; tell the story of thy wondrous deeds. When the time is ripe, I will judge strictly; 3 faint grows the earth, and all that dwell on it; I alone 4 support its fabric. Rebel no more, I cry to the rebels, 5 Abate your pride, to the transgressors; would they match themselves against the most High, hurl defiance at God? Look east, look west, it will avail you noth-7 ing; no help comes from the desert, or the high hills; it is God who rules all, humbling one man and exalting 8 another. In the Lord's hand foams a full cup of spiced 9 wine; he holds it to one man's lips, then to another's; but the dregs are not drained yet, sinners everywhere must drink them. Evermore will I triumph, singing 10 praises to the God of Israel; mine to crush the pride 11 of every sinner, and raise high the drooping spirits of the just.

north); Vg. "From the desert mountains."

vv. 3, 4. It is not clear whether the speaker is God or man, nor whether he is still the speaker in vv. 5 sqq. The two verses are ordinarily interpreted as God's own utterance, but a comparison of v. 11 below suggests that an earthly judge may be intended; "the earth" in v. 4 may also be translated "the land." v. 7. "From the desert, or the high hills" (i.e., south or

(To the choir-master. For stringed instruments. A A psalm. Of Asaph. A song.)

Tr is in Juda God makes himself known, in Israel that his name is extolled; there, in Salem, he makes his abode, dwells in Sion. It was there he broke the onset of the archers, broke shield, and sword, and battle array. How wonderful was thy dawning over the everlasting hills! Brave hearts, foiled of their purpose, they slept their long sleep; lay there, no hand stirring, the warriors in their pride; lay there, chariots and horsemen, overthrown, God of Jacob, at thy word of rebuke.

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Who can resist thee, so terrible, so sudden in thy anger? Loud rings in heaven the doom thou utterest; earth trembles and is silent when God rouses himself to execute his sentence, giving redress to those who are scorned on earth. Its madness tamed, Edom shall do thee honour; to thee the spared remnant of Emath shall keep holiday. To the Lord your God let vows be made and paid; bring gifts from every side to God, the terrible; he it is that cows the hearts of princes, feared among all the kings of the earth.

vv. 1-7. If the traditional title of this psalm gives the true account of it, the reference is probably to the defeat of Sennacherib (II Paralip. 32:21).

v. 11. Vg. "Human malice itself shall fall to praising thee; to thee the spared remnant of the conspiracy shall keep holiday."

(To the choir-master. Melody, Idithun. Of Asaph. A psalm.)

CRY TO MY God in loud appeal, a cry to my God, to Awin his hearing! To the Lord I look when distress comes upon me; in his presence I lift up my hands amid the darkness, never wearying. My heart is steeled against all consolation; it is to God my thoughts 4 turn with sighing, of God I muse, my heart all uncomforted, my eyes unvisited by sleep, bewildered with 5 terror. I reflect upon days long past, the immemorial 6 years possess my mind; lonely musings occupy my thoughts at midnight, stir my heart to its depths. Can it be that God will always leave us forsaken, will never shew us again his old kindness? Will he forget his 9 promise, and shut us out, age after age, from his pity? Can God forget to be gracious, can anger move 10 him to withhold his mercy? For me, I tell myself, ΤT this sorrow was reserved; the most High has altered the fashion of his dealings with men.

To remember all the Lord has done, to recall those wonderful acts of thine, since first the world was! To

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ν. 3. "Never wearying"; Vg. "There is no cheating away my grief."

v. 4. Vg. "It is to God my thoughts turn, in him lies all my content, all my study. So I wait, my heart uncomforted."
v. 11. Vg. "And now I resolve to begin afresh; it is at such times that the most High relents in his dealings with men."

ponder over all thy doings, pass thy wonders in review! Thy path, O God, is hedged about with holiness; 14 what God is great as our God is great? Thy own 15 wonderful acts acclaim thy Deity; even to the Gentiles thou wouldst make thy power known, forcing them 16 to set free thy people, the sons of Jacob and of Joseph. The waters saw thee, O God, the waters trembled at 17 the sight of thee, moved to their inmost depths; the waves roared, the clouds volleyed rain. To and fro thy 18 arrows passed, thy crackling thunders rolled, till all 19 the world shone with thy lightning, and the troubled earth shook. Thy way led through the sea, the deep 20 tide made a road for thee, and none may read the traces of thy passage, where thou, with Moses and 21 Aaron for thy shepherds, didst bring thy people out on their journey.

PSALM 77

(A maskil. Of Asaph.)

Listen, my people, to this testament of mine, do not
turn a deaf ear to the words I utter; I speak to you
with mysteries for my theme, read the riddles of long
ago. It is a story often heard, well known among us;
have not our fathers told it to us, a thing not to be
kept back from their children, from the generation

v. 2. Matt. 13:35.

which follows? Their talk was of God's praise, of his great power, of the wonderful deeds he did. He made a covenant with Jacob, gave Israel his law, commanding our fathers to hand on the message, so that a new

6 ing our fathers to hand on the message, so that a new generation might learn it; sons would be born to take their place, and teach it to their own sons after them.
 7 They were to put their trust in God, ever remembering

They were to put their trust in God, ever remembering his Divine dealings with them, ever loyal to his commands; they were not to be like their fathers, a stub-

born and defiant breed, a generation of false aims, of a spirit that broke faith with God.

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So it was that the sons of Ephraim, bow in hand, 9 were routed in the day of battle. They were false to 10 God's covenant, refused to follow his law, as if they 11 had forgotten all his mercies, all those wonderful deeds of his they had witnessed. Had not their fathers seen 12 wonders enough in Egypt, on the plains of Tanis, when 13 he parted the sea to let them pass through it, making its waters stand firm as a mound of earth; when he 14 led them with a cloud by day, with glowing fire all through the night? He pierced the rock, too, in the 15 desert, and slaked their thirst as if from some deep pool, bidding the very stones yield water, till fountains 16 gushed from them, abundant as rivers.

v. 9. "Ephraim" is probably used here to represent the people of Israel, as often in the prophets, who contrast it with "Juda" (cf. v. 68 below). The reference may be to the refusal to invade Palestine (Numbers 14), but the chronology of this psalm is difficult to disentangle.

v. 13. "As a mound of earth"; Vg. "as though in a cistern."

And still they went on offending him, there in the 17 wilderness, rebelling against the most High, challeng-18 ing God in their thoughts to give them the food they craved for. Bitterly they asked, Can God spread a 19 table for us in the wilderness? True, he smote the rock, 20 and made water flow from it, till the stream ran in flood, but can he give bread too, and provide meat for his people? All this the Lord heard, and his indigna-21 tion blazed out; its mounting fires Jacob had fed, its stream was ready to pour out on Israel. What, had 22 they no faith in God, no trust in his power to save? He 23 laid his command upon the clouds above them, threw open the doors of heaven, and rained down manna for 24 them to eat. The bread of heaven was his gift to them; man should eat the food of angels, and so their want 25 should be supplied abundantly. Next, he brewed a 26 storm in the eastern sky, let loose the fury of the southern gale, raining down meat on them thick as 27 dust, birds on the wing, plentiful as the sea-sand. Into 28 their very camp it fell, close about their tents; and 29 they ate, and took their fill. All they asked, he granted them; even now, their dreams came true. But while 30 the food was vet in their mouths God's anger rose, 31 and slew the strongest of them, caught them unawares, all the flower of Israel.

v. 21. Vg. "All this the Lord heard, and waited a while; but already a fire was lit among the sons of Jacob, already his anger was mounting against Israel."

v. 25. "Of angels"; literally, "of the strong."

 $[\]nu$. 26. Vg. "Next, he swept away the south wind from the sky; it was his power that sent them a south-west wind."

pressor, all those miracles among the men of Egypt, those portents in the plain of Tanis, when he turned all their streams, all their channels into blood, so that they could not drink? He sent out flies, to their ruin, frogs to bring devastation on them, gave all their harvest over to the caterpillar, their tillage to the locust, sent hail on their vineyards, frost on their mulberry-

 $[\]nu$. 46. "The caterpillar"; Vg. "The mildew."

48 trees, let the hail have its way with their cattle, the lightning with their flocks. He let his anger loose on 49 them in all its vehemence; what rage, what fury, what havoc, as the angels of doom went on their errand! So, 50 the way made ready for his vengeance, he took toll of their lives, including even their cattle under sentence of death; on every first-born creature in Egypt, on the 51 first-fruits of increase in all the dwellings of Cham, his stroke fell. Then, like a shepherd, he set his own 52 people on their way, led them, his own flock, through the wilderness; guided them in safety, free from all 53 alarm, while the sea closed over their enemy. So he 54 brought them to that holy land of his, the mountain slopes he took, with his own right hand for title; so 55 he drove out the heathen at their onset, parcelled out the land to them by lot, to each his own inheritance, bidding the tribes of Israel dwell where the heathen had dwelt before them.

56 These were the men who defied the most high God, and rebelled against him; would not observe his decrees, but turned away and broke faith with him as 57 their fathers had done, like a bow that plays the archer false: made mountain shrines, to court his anger, 58 carved images, to awake his jealousy! The Lord heard 59 the bruit of it, and burned with anger, cast Israel away in bitter scorn; he forsook his tabernacle in Silo, that 60 61 tabernacle where once he dwelt among men. A prey, now, to the captor, all that once was strong, a prey now, all that once was fair, to the power of the enemy; he would leave his people at the mercy of the sword, 62

disdain his own inheritance. Their young men fed the flames, and the maidens must go unwed; their priests fell by the sword, and never a widow left to mourn for them.

Then suddenly, like a man that wakes up from 65 sleep, like some warrior that lay, till now, bemused 66 with wine, the Lord roused himself; he smote his enemies as they turned to flee, branded them for ever with shame. But he refused, now, to make his dwell-67 ing with Joseph; it was not the tribe of Ephraim he would choose; he chose the tribe of Juda, and the hill 68 of Sion, there to bestow his love. And there he built 69 his sanctuary, immovable as heaven or earth, his own unchanging handiwork. He chose David, too, for his 70 servant; took him away from herding the sheep; bade 71 him leave off following the ewes that were in milk, and be the shepherd of Jacob's sons, his own people, of Israel, his own domain. His was the loyal heart that 72 should tend them, his the skilful hand that should be their guide.

v. 63. Vg. "Their young men fed the flames, and where were the maidens to mourn for them? Their priests fell by the sword, and who was left to comfort their widows?"

v. 66. "As they turned to flee," or possibly "in their buttocks" (I Kings 5:9).

v. 69. Vg. "And there, on soil for ever undisturbed, he built his sanctuary, terrible as the pasture-grounds of the wild oxen."

(A psalm. Of Asaph.)

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God, the heathen have broken into thy inheritance; they have profaned the temple, thy sanctuary, and left Jerusalem in ruins. They have thrown 2 the corpses of thy servants to feed all the birds of heaven; wild beasts prey on the carrion of the just; blood has flowed like water on every side of Jerusalem, 3 and there was none to bury the dead. What a triumph 4 was this for the nations that dwell around us; how have our neighbours mocked and derided us! Lord, 5 must we always taste thy vengeance, must thy jealous anger still burn unquenched? Pour out this indigna-6 tion of thine upon the nations that do not acknowledge thee, on the kingdoms that never invoke thy name; see 7 how they have made Jacob their prey, and left his dwelling-place in ruins! Forget the long record of our 8 sins, and haste in mercy to our side; never was need so sore as this.

O God, our Saviour, help us; deliver us, Lord, for the glory of thy name, pardon our sins for the sake of thy own renown! Shall the heathen ask, What has become of their God? Shall our eyes never witness thy vengeance upon the Gentiles, that open vengeance thou wilt take for thy servants' blood? Could but the

v. 11. "A race doomed to die"; Vg. "The children of the slain."

groaning of the captive reach thy presence! Thy arm has not lost its strength; claim for thy own a race doomed to die. Pour out seven-fold retribution into the laps of our neighbours, for all the insults, Lord, which they have put upon thee; and we, thy own people, sheep of thy pasturing, will give thee thanks for ever, echo, from one generation to the next, the story of thy renown.

PSALM 79

(To the choir-master. Melody, The Lily of the Law. Of Asaph. A psalm.)

TIVE audience, thou that art the guide of Israel, 2 that leadest Joseph with a shepherd's care. Thou who art enthroned above the Cherubim, reveal thyself to Ephraim, Benjamin, and Manasse; exert thy sov-3 ereign strength, and come to our aid. O God, restore us to our own; smile upon us, and we shall find deliverance. Lord God of hosts, wilt thou always turn 5 away in anger from thy servants' prayer; daily wilt 6 thou allot us, for food, for drink, nothing but tears? Thou hast made us a coveted prize to our neighbours, 7 8 enemies mock at our ill fortune! O God of hosts, restore us to our own; smile upon us, and we shall find deliverance.

Long ago, thou didst bring a vine out of Egypt, rooting out the heathen to plant it here; thou didst

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prepare the soil and it took root where thou hadst planted it, filled the whole land. How it overshad-II owed the hills, how the cedars, divinely tall, were overtopped by its branches! It spread out its ten-12 drils to the sea, its shoots as far as the great river. Why is it that in these days thou hast levelled its 13 wall, for every passer-by to rob it of its fruit? See 14 how the wild boar ravages it, how it gives pasture to every beast that roams! God of hosts, relent, look 15 down from heaven, look to this vine, that needs thy care. Revive the stock which thy own hand has 16 planted, branches that by thee throve, and throve for thee. Death be in thy frown for the men that have 17 cut it down and burned it. Thy chosen friends, the 18 souls that by thee throve, and throve for thee, O let thy hand protect them still! Henceforth we will never 19 forsake thee; grant us life, and we will live only to invoke thy name. Lord God of hosts, restore us to 20 our own; smile upon us, and we shall find deliverance.

v. 14. Vg. "See how the wild boar ravages it, lone dweller in the woods, and finds pasture in it."

(To the choir-master. Melody, The Wine-presses. Of Asaph.)

D EJOICE we all in honour of the God who aids us: R cry out with gladness to the God of Jacob. Out 3 with psaltery and tambour, the harp, sweetly sounding, and the zither! A new month, and a full moon; 4 blow the trumpet loud, to grace our festival! Duty 5 demands it of Israel; the God of Iacob has decreed it, made it a law for Joseph, since the day he left 6 Egypt, and gained the further shore. With him, I listened to an alien speech; it was I that eased his 7 shoulder of the burden, set his hands free, at last, from the slavery of the hod! Such deliverance I 8 brought, when thou didst cry out to me in thy misery; gave thee audience under a canopy of cloud, and tested thee at the Waters of Rebellion.

Give heed, my people, to this warning of mine;
Israel, wilt thou listen? Then let no strange worship find a home with thee; never let thy knees be bowed
to an alien God; am not I the Lord thy God, I, who rescued thee from Egypt? Open thy mouth wide, and
thou shalt have thy fill. So I spoke, but my people would not listen; Israel went on unheeding, till I was fain to give their hard hearts free play, let them

v. 4. The new moon was always celebrated as a festival; the full moon began the Pasch and the Feast of Tabernacles.

14 follow their own devices. Ah, if my people did but listen to me! Did Israel but take me for their guide!
15 How lightly, then, would I bring their enemies low, smite down their persecutors! The very men that were once the Lord's enemies would be cringing at his feet; such, for ever, should be their destiny; Israel should have full ears of wheat to nourish them, and honey dripping from the rock to their heart's content.

PSALM 81

(A psalm. Of Asaph.)

Tee, where he stands, the Ruler of all, among the rulers assembled, comes forward to pronounce judgement on the rulers themselves! Will you never cease perverting justice, espousing the cause of the wicked? Come, give redress to the poor and the friendless, do right to the afflicted and the destitute; to you need and poverty look for deliverance, rescue them from the hand of wickedness. But no, ignorant and unperceiving, they grope their way in darkness; see how unstable are the props of earth! Gods you

υν. 16 and 17. Vg. "But now, the Lord's enemies have won him over; age after age their prosperity endures; full ears of wheat are still the nourishment he gives them, and honey" . . . etc.

 $[\]nu$. 1. "Rulers," literally, "gods" as in v. 6, the Divine name being specially applied in this way to judges (cf. Ex. 21:6).

ν. 6. John 10:34.

are, I myself have declared it; favoured children, every one of you, of the most High; yet the doom of mortals awaits you, you shall fall with the fall of human princes. Bestir thyself, Lord, bring the world to judge-8 ment; all the nations are thy own domain.

PSALM 82

(A song. A psalm. Of Asaph.)

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 $B^{\scriptscriptstyle E}$ stilent, Lord, no longer. O God, do not keep still now, do not hold back now; what turmoil among thy enemies; how their malice lifts its head! Maliciously they plot against thy people, compass the ruin of the men thou hast set apart for thyself; Come, they whisper, let us put an end to their sovereignty, so that the very name of Israel will be remembered no more. All are agreed, all alike are ranged in confederacy against thee; here Edom lies encamped, there Ismael; Moab, too, and the Agarenes; Gebal, Ammon and Amelec, the Philistines, and the folk that dwell at Tyre. Even Assyria has made com-9 mon cause with them, lends her aid to these children of Lot.

v. 2. Vg. "O God, who can compare with thee?" ev. 7-9. It is not certain, what was the occasion of this psalm. The names given suggest a simultaneous attack on the Jews by all their neighbours; the children of Lot are the Moabites and the Ammonites (Gen. 19:37).

Do to these what thou didst to Madian, to Sisara 10 and Jabin at the brook of Cisson; the men who died 11 at Endor, rotted there like dung on the ground. May 12 their princes fare as Oreb fared, and Zeb; may the doom of Zebee and Salmana be the doom of all their chieftains. And did they think to make God's chosen 13 portion their spoil? My God, send them whirling this 14 way and that, like leaves, like straws before the wind. See how the fire burns up the forest, how its flames 15 scorch the mountain-side! So the storm of thy onset 16 will rout them, thy fury will dismay them. Let their 17 cheeks blush crimson with shame, Lord, till they come to sue for thy favour; confusion and dismay be theirs 18 for ever, for ever let them be abashed and brought to nothing, till they, too, know the meaning of Jave's 19 name, acknowledge thee as the most high God, the Overlord of earth.

PSALM 83

(To the choir-master. Melody, The Wine-presses. Of the sons of Core. A psalm.)

2,3 Courts of the Lord's house, my soul faints with longing. The living God! at his name my heart, my whole being thrills with joy. Where else should the

vv. 10-12. See Judges ch. 14; ch. 7:25; and ch. 8.

sparrow find a home, the dove a nest for her brood, but at thy altar, Lord of hosts, my King and my God? How blessed, Lord, are those who dwell in thy house! They will be ever praising thee. How blessed is the man who finds his strength in thee! Where there are hearts set on pilgrimage, the parched ravine turns into a water-course at their coming, new-clad by the bounty of returning rain. So, at each stage refreshed, they will reach Sion, and have sight there of the God who is above all gods.

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Lord of hosts, listen to my prayer; God of Israel, grant me audience! God, ever our protector, do not disregard us now; look favourably upon him whom thou hast anointed. Willingly would I give a thousand of my days for one spent in thy courts! Willingly reach were it but the threshold of my God's house, so I might dwell no more in the abode of sinners! Sun to enlighten, shield to protect us, the Lord God has favour, has honour to bestow. To innocent lives he will never refuse his bounty; Lord of hosts, blessed the man who puts his confidence in thee.

υν. 6-8. Vg. "How blessed is the man who finds strength in thee! He sets his heart on an upward journey, that leads through a valley of weeping, but to his goal. To these, their Master grants his blessing; so, at each stage refreshed"...etc.

v. 10. It is not certain whether King David, or the people of Israel, is here referred to as the anointed (or Christ) of God.

v. 11. "Reach were it but the threshold of my God's house"; Vg. "Lie there forgotten in the house of my God."

 $[\]nu$. 12. "Sun to enlighten, shield to protect us"; Vg. "God loves mercy and faithfulness."

(To the choir-master. Of the sons of Core. A psalm.)

HAT BLESSINGS, Lord, thou hast granted to this land of thine, restoring Israel's fortunes, pardoning thy people's guilt, burying away the record of their sins, all thy anger calmed, thy fierce displeasure forgotten! And now, God of our deliverance, do thou restore us; no longer let us see thy frown. Wouldst thou always be indignant with us? Must thy resentment sinoulder on, age after age? Nay, thou wilt relent, O God, and give fresh life, to rejoice the spirits of thy people. Shew us thy mercy, Lord; grant us thy deliverance!

Let me listen, now, to the voice of the Lord God; it is a message of peace he sends to his people; to his loyal servants, that come back, now, with all their heart to him. For us, his worshippers, deliverance is close at hand; in this land of ours, the Divine glory is to find a home. See, where mercy and faithfulness meet in one; how justice and peace are united in one embrace! Faithfulness grows up out of

v. 9. "With all their heart to him"; Vg. "To take counsel of their hearts"; cf. Is. 46:8. The Hebrew text has, "let them not turn back to their folly."

vv. 11, 12. These verses perhaps imply that God's fidelity to his promises and God's mercy have combined to restore the Jewish people; that his justice, satisfied with the expiation of their sins, no longer grudges them peace and well-being; that

the earth, and from heaven, redress looks down. The Lord, now, will grant us his blessing, to make our
 land yield its harvest; justice will go on before him, deliverance follow where his feet tread.

PSALM 85

(A prayer. Of David.)

TURN THY ear, Lord, and listen to me in my helplessness and my need. Protect a life dedicated to 2 thyself; rescue a servant of thine that puts his trust in thee. In thee, my own God; have mercy, O Lord; 3 for mercy I plead continually; comfort thy servant's heart, this heart that aspires, Lord, to thee. Who is so 5 kind and forgiving, Lord, as thou art, who so rich in mercy to all who invoke thee? Give a hearing, then, 6 Lord, to my prayer; listen to my plea when I cry 7 out to thee in a time of sore distress, counting on thy audience. There is none like thee, Lord, among the 8 gods; none can do as thou doest. Lord, all the nations 9 thou hast made must needs come and worship thee, honouring thy name, so great thou art, so marvellous 10 in thy doings, thou who alone art God.

loyalty to the old covenant is once more a native growth in the land of Israel, and that God looks down to reward it. But the picture may be a more general one.

Guide me, Lord, thy own way, thy faithful care my 11 escort; be all my heart's direction reverence for thy name. O Lord my God, with all my heart I will give 12 thee thanks, eternally hold thy name in honour for the 13 greatness of the mercy thou hast shewed me, in rescuing me thus from the lowest depths of hell. And 14 now, O God, see how scornful foes have set upon me, how their dread conspiracy threatens my life, with no thought of thee to restrain it! But thou, Lord, art a 15 God of mercy and pity, patient, full of compassion, true to thy promise. Look upon me and be merciful 16 to me; rescue, with thy sovereign aid, a slave whose mother bore him to thy service! Shew me some token 17 of thy favour; let my enemies see, abashed, how thou, Lord, dost help me, how thou, Lord, dost comfort me.

PSALM 86

(Of the sons of Core. A psalm. A song.)

H is own building amidst the inviolate hills, the Lord loves Sion walls better than any other home in Israel. How high a boast, city of God, is made for thee, Mine it is to reckon the folk of Egypt, of

v. 11. "Be all my heart's direction reverence for thy name"; Vg. "make my heart thrill with reverence for thy name."

vv. 4-7. The sense of the original is wholly a matter of conjecture. The Vulgate has: "I can tell of Egypt and of Babylon as peoples that know me well. The Philistines, too,

- Babylon, too, among my citizens! Philistines, Tyrians, Ethiopians, all must claim Sion as their birth-place;
- 5 None was ever born, the proverb shall run, that did not take his birth from her; it was the most High, none
- 6 other, that founded her. This was their birth-place, the Lord shall write over the muster-roll of the nations;
- 7 nor any but shall proclaim, in festal song, how from that soil it drew its origin.

(A song. A psalm. Of the sons of Core. To the choir-master. The melody, Mahalat. For singing. A maskil. Of Heman the Ezrahite.)

- 2,3 LORD God, day and night I cry bitterly to thee; let my prayer reach thy presence, give audience to my
- 4 entreaty, for indeed my heart is full of trouble. My
- 5 life sinks ever closer to the grave; I count as one of those who go down into the abyss, like one powerless.
- 6 As well find my home among the dead, men laid low in the grave, men thou rememberest no longer, cast

and the Tyrians, and the Ethiopian tribes, all have visited her. Not for Sion to boast that this man or that man was born in her, when she was founded by no other than the most High. So the Lord proclaims, telling the tale of nations and princes that have visited her. All the world, rejoicing, finds its dwelling-place in thee."

v. 7. The Hebrew text appears to read: "And the singers are like the dancers; all my springs are in thee."

away, now, from thy protecting hand. Such is the place where thou hast laid me, in a deep pit where the
 dark waters swirl; heavily thy anger weighs down on

dark waters swirl; heavily thy anger weighs down on me, and thou dost overwhelm me with its full flood.

9 Thou hast estranged all my acquaintance from me, so that they treat me as a thing accursed; I lie in a prison whence there is no escape, my eyes grow dim with tears. So, all day long, I call upon thee, all day long stretch out my hands to thee.

Not for the dead thy wonderful power is shewn: not for pale shadows to return and give thee thanks.

There in the grave, how shall they recount thy mercies; how shall they tell of thy faithfulness, now that life is gone? How can there be talk of thy marvels in a

is gone? How can there be talk of thy marvels in a world of darkness, of thy favour in a land where all is forgotten? In haste, Lord, I cry to thee; let my prayer

reach thee while there is yet time. Why dost thou reject my plea, Lord, and turn thy face away from me? Ever since youth, misery and mortal sickness

me? Ever since youth, misery and mortal sickness have been my lot; wearily I have borne thy visitations;

17 I am overwhelmed with thy anger, dismayed by thy 18 threats, that still cut me off like a flood, all at once

surrounding me. Friends and neighbours gone, a world of shadows is all my company.

 $[\]nu$. 16. "Wearily I have borne my visitations"; Vg. "Lifted up only to be cast down."

(A maskil. Of Ethan to Ezrahite.)

ΙI

Here is a song to put the Lord's mercies on record for ever; ages will pass, and still these words of mine shall proclaim thy faithfulness. There, in the heavens, thou hast framed a design of everlasting mercy; there thy faithful promise rests; I have made a sworn covenant with my chosen servant David: To all time I will make thy posterity continue, age after age I will bid thy throne endure.

And are not those heavens, Lord, witnesses of thy wonderful power, of thy faithfulness, before the court of the holy ones? Who is there above the clouds to rival the Lord; where is the Lord's like among all the sons of God? How honoured is God, in that assembly of the holy ones; how great he is, how high in reverence above all that stand about him! Lord God of hosts, who can compare with thee; in the power, Lord, that is thine, in the faithfulness that everywhere attends thee? It is thou that dost curb the pride of the sea, and calm the tumult of its waves; insolence lies crushed at thy feet, where thy strong arm has routed thy enemies. Thine are the heavens, thine the earth; author, thou, of the world and all it

v. 11. The word translated "insolence" is no doubt a proper noun, Rahab; either meaning Egypt (as in 86:4), or personifying the principle of Chaos which was destroyed by the Creation (cf. 73:13).

holds. The north wind and the south are of thy 13 fashioning; thy name wakes the glad echoes of Thabor and Hermon. God of the strong arm, the sure, the 14 uplifted hand, right and justice are the pillars of thy 15 throne; mercy and faithfulness the heralds of thy

coming. Happy, Lord, is the people that has ever a cry of 16 praise on its lips, that lives, Lord, in the smile of thy protection! Evermore they take pride in thy name, 17 rejoice over thy just dealings. What else but thy glory 18 inspires their strength? What else but thy favour bids us lift our heads? From the Lord, the Holy One of 19 Israel, that royal protection comes which is our shield. Long ago, in a vision, thou didst make a promise to 20 thy faithful servants. Thou saidst, I have crowned you a warrior king, chosen out among you a man to honour. My servant David was ready to my hand; 21 on him my consecrating oil has been poured. My hand 22 shall strengthen him, my arm shall give him courage; no enemy shall have his way with him, no envious 23 rival have power, henceforth, to injure him; I will 24 crush the foes that confront him, put all their malice to rout. My faithfulness and mercy shall go with him: 25

as my champion he shall rise to greatness. I will make his power rest on the sea; to the streams of the great river his hand shall reach out. Thou art my Father, he will cry out to me, thou art my God, my stronghold

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v. 13. "The south"; Vg. "The sea." v. 26. "The great river" is Euphrates, as in 71:8; 79:12. The Hebrews called the south "the right."

and my refuge; and I will acknowledge him as my 28 first-born, overlord to all the kings of earth. I will 29 continue my favour towards him for ever, my covenant with him shall remain unbroken; I will give him a 30 posterity that never fails, a throne enduring as heaven itself. Do his children forsake my law, to follow paths 31 not mine; do they violate my decrees, leave my will 32 undone? Then they shall feel the rod for their trans-33 gressions, I will scourge them for their sin, but I will 34 not cancel my gracious promise to him; never will I be guilty of unfaithfulness, never will I violate my 35 covenant, or alter the decree once spoken. Pledged 36 stands my inviolable word, I will never be false to David; his posterity shall continue for ever, his royalty, 37 too, shall last on in my presence like the sun; like the 38 moon's eternal orb, that bears witness in heaven un-

alterable. And now? Now thou hast only loathing and scorn for us; turnest away in anger from him thou hast anointed. Thou hast annulled the covenant thou didst make with thy servant, dishonoured his royalty in the dust, broken down all the walls about him, and made a ruin of his stronghold, till he is plundered by every passer-by, a laughing-stock to all his neighbours. Thou hast granted aid to the attacking armies, triumph to all his enemies, foiling the thrust of his sword, and denying him thy succour in battle. Thou hast robbed him of the bright glory that once was his; thou hast cast 46 down his throne to earth, cut his prosperity short before its time; confusion overwhelms him.

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Lord, wilt thou always turn away so obdurately, 47 will the flame of thy anger never be quenched? Re-48 member how frail a thing I am, how brief a destiny thou hast granted to all Adam's sons. Where is the 49 man that can live on, and leave death untasted; can ransom his life from the power of the world beneath? Lord, where are those mercies of an earlier time, prom-50 ised so faithfully to David? Remember how bitterly a 51 world's taunts assail thy people, and this one heart must bear them all; shall they hurl taunts, Lord, these, 52 thy enemies, after the man thou thyself hast anointed? Blessed be the Lord for ever. Amen, Amen. 53

PSALM 89

(A prayer. Of Moses, the man of God.)

Lord, thou hast been our refuge from generation to generation. Before the hills came to birth, before the whole frame of the world was engendered, from eternity to eternity, O God, thou art. And wilt thou bring man to nothing, that thou sayest, Return, children of Adam, to what you were? In thy sight, a thousand years are but as yesterday, that has come and gone, or as one of the night-watches. Swiftly thou bearest our lives away, as a waking dream, or the green grass

 $[\]nu$. 5. Vg. "What is man's life-time but a thing not worth the reckoning?"

that blooms fresh with the morning; night finds it 6 faded and dead. Still thy anger consumes us, thy displeasure denies us rest, so jealous thy scrutiny of our 8 wrong-doing, so clear our lives shew in the light of thy presence. Day after day vanishes, and still thy anger consumes us; swift as a breath our lives pass away. What is our span of days? Seventy years it lasts, eighty 10 years, if we count among the heroes; for the most part, toil and sorrow; years that vanish in a moment, and we are gone. Alas, that so few heed thy vengeance, ΙI measure thy anger by the reverence we owe thee! Teach us to count every passing day, till our hearts find 12 wisdom.

Relent, Lord; must it be for ever? Be gracious to thy servants. For us thy timely mercies, for us abiding happiness and content; happiness that shall atone for the time when thou didst afflict us, for the long years of ill fortune. Let these eyes see thy purpose accomplished, to our own sons reveal thy glory; the favour of the Lord our God smile on us! Prosper our doings, Lord, prosper our doings yet.

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v. 9. "Swift as a breath our lives pass away"; Vg. "The work of a lifetime is only gossamer."

v. 10. "If we count among the heroes"; with reference to Gen. 6:4; or the sense may be simply, "if we are strong men." "Years that vanish in a moment, and we are gone"; Vg. "And at last thy hand comes upon us in mercy, for our correction."

v. 12. Vg. "With such correction thou must needs assert thy power, chasten us and make us wise."

v. 16. Vg. "Look upon thy servants, thy own fashioning, and be the guide of their posterity."

ONTENT if thou be to live with the most High for thy defence, under his Almighty shadow nestling still, him thy refuge, him thy stronghold thou mayst 2 call, thy own God, in whom is all thy trust. He it is 3 will rescue thee from every treacherous lure, every destroying plague. He will give thee the shelter of his 4 arms; under his wings thou shalt find refuge, his faithful care thy watch and ward. Nothing shalt thou 5 have to fear from nightly terrors, from the arrow that flies by day-light, from pestilence that walks to and 6 fro in the darkness, from the death that wastes under the noon. Though a thousand fall at thy side, ten 7 thousand at thy right hand, it shall never come next or near thee; rather, thy eyes shall look about thee, and 8 see the reward of sinners.

He, the Lord, is thy refuge; thou hast found a stronghold in the most High. There is no harm that can befall thee, no plague that shall come near thy dwelling. He has given charge to his angels concerning thee, to watch over thee wheresoever thou goest; they will hold thee up with their hands lest thou shouldst chance to trip on a stone. Thou shalt tread safely on 13

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ν. 3. "Every destroying plague"; Vg. "every whisper of harm."

v. 6. Vg. "From trouble that infests the darkness, from the assault of man or fiend under the noon."

v. 9. Vg. "Yes, Lord, thou art my hope; (my soul) thou hast found a stronghold in the most High."

v. 13. For "the asp" the Hebrew text has "the lion."

asp and adder, crush lion and serpent under thy feet.

14 He trusts in me, mine it is to deliver him; he acknowledges my name, from me he shall have protec-

tion; when he calls upon me, I will listen, in affliction I am at his side, to bring him safety and honour.

16 Length of days he shall have to content him, and find in me deliverance.

PSALM 91

(A psalm. A song. On the sabbath day.)

weer it is to praise the Lord, to sing, most high God, in honour of thy name; to proclaim thy 3 mercy and faithfulness at day-break and at the fall of night. Here is a theme for ten-stringed harp and viol, 4 for music of voice and zither; so delightsome, Lord, 5 is all thou doest, so thrills my heart at the sight of all thou hast made. How magnificent is thy creation, 6 Lord, how unfathomable are thy purposes! And still, 7 too dull to learn, too slow to grasp his lesson, the 8 wrong-doer goes on in his busy wickedness. Still he thrives, makes a brave show like the grass in spring, yet is he doomed to perish eternally, whilst thou, Lord, 9 art for ever exalted on high. Vanished away thy ene-10 mies, Lord, vanished away, and all their busy wickedness scattered to the winds!

[135]

Thou givest me strength, that givest strength to the wild oxen; refreshest me as with the touch of pure oil.

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Blessed are these eyes with the sight of my enemies' downfall, these ears with the tidings of insolent malice

defeated. The innocent man will flourish as the palmtree flourishes; he will grow to greatness as the cedars

14 grow on Libanus. Planted in the temple of the Lord,

15 growing up in the very courts of our God's house, the innocent will flourish in a green old age, all freshness

and vigour still; theirs to proclaim how just is the Lord our refuge, his dealings how clear of wrong.

PSALM 92

THE LORD reigns as king, robed in majesty; royalty the Lord has for robe and girdle. He it was that founded the solid earth, to abide immovable. Firm stood thy throne ere ever the world began; from all eternity, thou art. Loud the rivers echo, Lord, loud the rivers echo, crashing down in flood. Magnificent the roar of eddying waters; magnificent the sea's rage; magnificent above these, the Lord reigns in heaven. How faithful, Lord, are thy promises! Holy is thy house, and must needs be holy until the end of time.

v. 15. "All freshness and vigour still"; Vg. "prospering still."

v. 11. "Refreshest me as with the touch of pure oil"; Vg. "Even in my grey hairs his mercy is rich towards me." The meaning of the Hebrew text is doubtful.

TN THY Divine vengeance, Lord, in thy Divine ven-I geance stand revealed! Judge of the world, mount 2 thy throne, and give the proud their deserts! Must it 3 be the sinners still, Lord, the sinners still that triumph? Shall there be no end to the prating, the rebellious talk, 4 the boastfulness of wrong-doers? See, Lord, how they 5 crush down thy people, afflict the land of thy choice, 6 murder the widow and the stranger, slay the orphan! And they think, The Lord will never see it, the God 7 of Israel pays no heed. Pay heed, rather, yourselves, 8 dull hearts that count among my people; fools, learn your lesson ere it is too late. Is he deaf, the God who 9 implanted hearing in us; is he blind, the God who gave us eyes to see? He who punishes nations, who 10 taught man all that man knows, will he not call you to account? The Lord looks into men's hearts, and ΙI finds there illusion.

Happy, Lord, is the man whom thou dost chasten, 12 reading him the lesson of thy law! For him, thou wilt 13 lighten the time of adversity, digging a pit all the while to entrap the sinner. God will not abandon his people, 14 will not desert his chosen land; ere long, his justice 15 will reappear in judgement, claiming all upright hearts for its own. Who takes my part against the oppressor? 16 Who rallies to my side against the wrong-doers? It is 17 the Lord that helps me; but for that, the grave would soon be my resting-place. Still, when my foothold 18

seems lost, thy mercy, Lord, holds me up; amid all the thronging cares that fill my heart, my soul finds
comfort in thy consolation. What part have these unjust judges with thee, that make mischief in the name of law? Let them harry the just as they will,
pass sentence of death upon the innocent, the Lord will be my defence, in my God I shall find a rockfastness still. He will punish the wrong-doers, destroy them in their wickedness; doubt not the Lord our God will destroy them.

PSALM 94

We out merrily to God, our strength and deliverer; with praises court his presence, singing a joyful psalm! A high God is the Lord, a king high above all the gods; beneath his hand lie the depths of earth, his are the mountain peaks; his the ocean, for who but he created it? What other power fashioned the dry land? Come in, then, fall we down in worship, bowing the knee before God who made us. Who but the

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v. 20. "That make mischief in the name of law"; Vg. "Thy punishments are for the breakers of thy law"; literally, "Thou who dost fashion misfortune (or, perhaps, toil) in accordance with precept."

v. 3. The Roman Psalter, which is used in the liturgical recitation of the psalm, adds at the end of this verse "God will not abandon his people" (cf. 93:14).

Lord is our God? And what are we, but folk of his pasturing, sheep that follow his beckoning hand?

Would you but listen to his voice to-day! Do not harden your hearts, as they were hardened once at Meriba, at Massa in the wilderness. Your fathers put

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me to the test, challenged me, and had proof of my power, for forty years together; from that generation

power, for forty years together; from that generation I turned away in loathing; These, I said, are ever wayward hearts, these have never learned to obey me.

11 And I took an oath in anger, They shall never attain my rest.

PSALM 95

S ING THE Lord a new song; in the Lord's honour,

2 let the whole earth make melody! Sing to the
Lord, and bless his name; day after day never cease

3 to bear record of his power to save. Publish his glory
among the heathen; his wonderful acts for all the

vv. 8-11. See Hebrews 3:7-19, from which passage it appears that the words "for forty years together" go with what precedes them.

 $[\]nu$. 10. The Roman Psalter has, "I lived close to that generation."

υν. 1-13. This psalm is to be found in a slightly altered form in I Paralip. 16 (vv. 23 and following). The "captivity" referred to in the Vulgate title is not that of Israel, but that of the Ark, which had been taken by the Philistines (I Kings 4:11), and seems not to have been a centre of worship for Israel until David brought it back to Jerusalem.

world to hear. How great is the Lord, how worthy 4 of honour! What other god is to be feared as he? They are but fancied gods the heathen call divine; 5 the Lord, not they, made the heavens. Honour and 6 beauty are his escort; worship and magnificence the attendants of his shrine.

Tribes of the heathen, make your offering to the 8 Lord, an offering to the Lord of glory and praise, an offering of glory to the Lord's name; bring sacrifice, come into his courts, worship the Lord in holy array. 9 Before the Lord's presence let the whole earth bow in reverence; tell the heathen, The Lord is king now, 10 he has put the world in order, never to be thrown into confusion more; he will give the nations a just award. Rejoice, heaven, and let earth be glad; let the sea, and 11 all the sea contains, give thunderous applause. Smiling 12 the fields, and all the burden they bear; no tree in the forest but will sing for joy to greet its Lord's coming. He comes to rule the earth; brings the world justice, 13 to every race of men its due award.

PSALM 96

THE LORD reigns as king; let earth be glad of it, Let the isles, the many isles, rejoice! All about him are clouds and darkness; and from his throne, on right

 $[\]nu$. 5. "Fancied gods"; Vg. "Devils." ν . 9. "In holy array"; the Hebrew text has "in holy beauty" (cf. I Paralip. 16:29); Vg. "in his holy temple."

and justice pillared, a fire goes out in his presence, burning up his enemies on every side. In the flash of his lightning, the world shines revealed; earth sees, and trembles at the sight. The hills melt like wax at the presence of the Lord; his presence, whom all the earth obeys. The very heavens proclaim his faithfulness; no nation but has witnessed his glory. Shame upon the men that worship carved images, and make their boast of false gods! Him all the powers of heaven, prostrate, adore.

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Glad news for Sion, rejoicing for Juda's townships, when thy judgements, Lord, are made known; art thou not sovereign Lord of earth, beyond measure exalted above all gods? They are God's friends, who were never friends to wrong; souls that are true to him he guards ever, rescues them from the power of evil-doers. Dawn of hope for the innocent, dawn of gladness for honest hearts! Rejoice and triumph, just souls, in the Lord, publish the sacred record of his renown.

v. 11. "Dawn of hope"; literally, "light has dawned." The Hebrew text has, "light has been sown."

v. 10. "They are God's friends, who were never friends to wrong"; Vg. "Lovers of the Lord, hate the evil thing."

PSALM 97

(A psalm.)

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CING THE Lord a new song, a song of wonder at his doings; how his own right hand, his own holy arm, brought him victory. The Lord has given proof 2 of his saving power, has vindicated his just dealings, for all the nations to see; has remembered his gracious 3 promise, and kept faith with the house of Israel; no corner of the world but has witnessed how our God can save. In God's honour let all the earth keep holiday; let all be song and rejoicing and festal melody! Praise the Lord with the harp, with harp and psaltery's music; with trumpets of metal, and the music of the 6 braying horn! Keep holiday in the presence of the Lord, our King; the sea astir, and all that the sea holds, 8 the world astir, and all that dwell on it; the rivers echoing their applause, the hills, too, rejoicing to see the Lord come. He comes to judge the earth; brings the world justice, to every race of men its due award.

PSALM 98

THE LORD is king, the nations are adread; he is 1 throned above the Cherubim, and earth trembles before him. Great is the Lord who dwells in Sion,

v. 1. "The nations are adread"; Vg. "let the nations chafe as they will."

sovereign ruler of all peoples! Let them all praise that 3 great name of thine, a name terrible and holy. Dearly 4 thy kingly heart loves justice; thou dost bring redress to all, thou dost pronounce sentence and award for the sons of Jacob. Praise, then, the Lord our God, and 5 bow down before his footstool; that, too, is holy. Remember Moses and Aaron, and all those priests of his, Samuel and those others who called on his name, how the Lord listened when they called upon him. His voice came to them from the pillar of cloud; so it was they heard the decrees, the command he gave them. And thou, O Lord our God, didst listen to them, and 8 they found thee a God of pardon; yet every fault of theirs thou wert quick to punish. Praise the Lord our 9 God, and do worship on the holy mountain where he dwells; the Lord our God is holy.

PSALM 99

(A psalm. For thanksgiving.)

TET THE whole earth keep holiday in God's honour;
pay to the Lord the homage of your rejoicing,
appear in his presence with glad hearts. Learn that it
is the Lord, no other, who is God; his we are, he it

v. 5. The Hebrew text may mean "for he is holy" at the end of the verse.

v. 3. "His we are, it was he that made us": Vg. "We did not make ourselves, it was he that made us."

was that made us; we are his own people, sheep of his own pasturing. Pass through these gates, enter these courts of his, with hymns of praise; give him thanks, and bless his name. Gracious is the Lord, everlasting his mercy; age after age, he is faithful to his promise still.

PSALM 100

(Of David. A psalm.)

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or MERCY and of justice my song shall be; a psalm in thy honour, Lord, with a life of holiness for its theme. Ah, when wilt thou grant me thy presence? Here in my house I would live with stainless heart; no ill purpose clouding my view, the transgressors of the law my enemies. None such will I have at my side; away, false hearts! Ill-doers shall be none of my acquaintance. From me, the whisper of calumny shall win no forgiveness; proud looks, and grasping ambition, find no place at my table. To honest hearts in the land I will look for my company; my servants shall

v. 2. "I would live"; this verb, and all the verbs which follow, up to the end of the psalm, are given by the Vulgate in a past tense, which seems meant to describe the daily habits of the Psalmist. The Hebrew verbs in question are here understood as verbs referring to the future, describing what the course of the Psalmist's life will be when God has "granted his presence." This last phrase is thought by some commentators to mean the coming of the Ark to Jerusalem (II Kings 6).

be such as follow the path of innocence. No welcome here for rebellious spirits, no standing in my presence for men who talk deceitfully. Mine, ere long, to root out from the land every guilty soul, till I purge the Lord's city of all evil-doing.

PSALM 101

(A prayer for the friendless man, when he is troubled, and is pouring out his griefs before the Lord.)

- Lord, hear my prayer, and let my cry come unto thee. Do not turn thy face away from me, but lend me thy ear in time of affliction; give me swift
- 4 audience whenever I call upon thee. See how this life of mine passes away like smoke, how this frame wastes
- 5 like a burning faggot! Drained of strength, like grass the sun scorches, I leave my food untasted, forgotten;
- 6 I am spent with sighing, till my skin clings to my
- bones. I am no better than a pelican out in the desert,
- 8 an owl on some ruined dwelling; I keep mournful watch, lonely as a single sparrow on the house top.
- 9 Still my enemies taunt me, in their mad rage make a
- byword of my name. Ashes are all my food, I drink nothing but what comes to me mingled with my tears;
- 11 I shrink before thy vengeful anger, so low thou hast
- brought me, who didst once lift me so high. Dwindling like a shadow as the days pass, wasting away, like grass in the sun!

Lord, thou endurest for ever, thy name, age after 13 age, is not forgotten; surely thou wilt bestir thyself, and 14 give Sion redress! It is time, now, to take pity on her, the hour has come. See how thy servants love her even 15 in ruin, how they water her dust with their tears! Thy Divine name will be reverenced by the heathen, 16 honoured by all the kings of earth, when they hear 17 that the Lord has built Sion anew; that he has revealed himself there in glory, has given heed to the prayer 18 of the afflicted, neglects their appeal no more. Be this 19 the story a new generation has to tell; a new people will arise, to praise the Lord; the Lord, who looks 20 down from his sanctuary on high, viewing earth from heaven, who has listened to the groans of the prisoners, 21 delivered a race that was doomed to die. There will 22 be talk of the Lord's name in Sion, of his praise in Jerusalem, when peoples and kings meet there to pay 23 their homage.

Here, on my journey, he has brought my strength to an end, cut short my days. What, my God, wilt thou snatch me away, my life half done? Age after age thy years endure; it was thou, Lord, that didst lay the foundations of earth when time began, it was

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v. 24. The first half of this verse, in the Vulgate, means literally, "he has answered him (or, it) in the journeying of his strength." With this reading, it seems best to understand God as the subject, and his people (referred to in verse 19 above) as receiving an answer from him: "Has he not answered his people's prayer, come mightily to their aid?" The second half of the verse is, in the Vulgate, "Give me warning of the time I have left me."

thy hand that built the heavens. They will perish, but thou wilt remain; they will all be like a cloak that grows thread-bare, and thou wilt lay them aside like a garment, and exchange them for new; thou art unchanging, thy years can never fail. Be it for our sons to hold their lands in peace, and leave a race to serve thee.

PSALM 102

(Of David.)

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LESS THE Lord, my soul, unite, all my powers, to **D** bless that holy name. Bless the Lord, my soul, 2 remembering all he has done for thee, how he pardons 3 all thy sins, heals all thy mortal ills, rescues thy life 4 from deadly peril, crowns thee with the blessings of his mercy; how he contents all thy desire for good, 5 restores thy youth, as the eagle's plumage is restored. The Lord's acts are acts of mercy, he offers every 6 wronged soul redress. Did he not make known his 7 thoughts to Moses, his hidden design to the sons of Israel?

How pitying and gracious the Lord is, how patient, how rich in mercy! He will not always be finding fault, his frown does not last for ever; he does not treat us as our sins deserve, does not exact the penalty of our wrong-doing. High as heaven above the earth towers his mercy for the men that fear him; far as the

east is from the west, he clears away our guilt from us. For his own worshippers, the Lord has a father's 13 pity; does he not know the stuff of which we are made, 14 can he forget that we are only dust? Man's life is like 15 the grass, he blooms and dies like a flower in the fields; once the hot wind has passed over it, it has 16 gone, forgotten by the place where it grew. But the 17 Lord's worshippers know no beginning or end of his mercy; he will keep faith with their children's children, do they but hold fast by his covenant, and live mindful 18 of his law. The Lord has set up his throne in heaven, ΙQ rules with universal sway. Bless the Lord, all you 20 angels of his; angels of sovereign strength, that carry out his commandment, attentive to the word he utters; bless the Lord, all you hosts of his, the servants that 21 perform his will; bless the Lord, all you creatures of 22 his in every corner of his dominion; and thou, my soul, bless the Lord.

PSALM 103

(For David himself.)

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BLESS THE Lord, my soul; O Lord my God, what magnificence is thine! Glory and beauty are thy clothing. The light is a garment thou dost wrap about thee, the heavens a curtain thy hand unfolds. The

v. 16. "Forgotten by"; Vg. "Forgetting."

waters of heaven are thy antechamber, the clouds thy chariot: on the wings of the wind thou dost come and go. Thou wilt have thy angels be like the winds, the servants that wait on thee like a flame of fire.

The earth thou hast planted on its own firm base,

5 undisturbed for all time. The deep once covered it, 6 like a cloak; the waters stood high above the mountains, then cowered before thy rebuking word, fled 7 away at thy voice of thunder, leaving the mountain-8 heights to rise, the valleys to sink into their appointed place! And to these waters thou hast given a frontier 9 they may not pass; never must they flow back, and cover the earth again. He sends the torrents down the 10 ravines, water-courses among the hills that give drink 11 to every wild beast; here the wild asses may slake their thirst. The birds of heaven, too, will roost beside them: 12 vocal is every bough with their music.

From thy high dwelling-place thou dost send rain 13 upon the hills; thy hand gives earth all her plenty. Grass must grow for the cattle; for men, too, she must 14 put forth her shoots, if they are to bring corn out of the earth; if there is to be wine that will rejoice man's 15 heart, oil to make his face shine, and bread that will keep man's strength from failing. Moisture there must 16

v. 4. "Angels," literally, "messengers." Some would translate, "Who makes messengers of the winds, servants out of the flaming fire." But see Heb. 1:7, which plainly supports the sense given above.

ν. 6. See Gen. 1:9.

v. 16. "The forest trees"; literally, "the trees of the Lord."

be for the forest trees, for the cedars of Libanus, trees of the Lord's own planting. Here it is the birds build their nests; the stork makes its home in the fir branches; finds refuge there such as the goats find in the high hills, the hedge-hog in its cave.

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He has given us the moon for our calendar; the sun 19 knows well the hour of his setting. Thou dost decree 20 darkness, and the night falls; in the night all the forest is astir with prowling beasts; the young lions 21 go roaring after their prey, God's pensioners, asking for their food. Then the sun rises, and they meet to lie 22 down in their dens, while man goes abroad to toil 23 and drudge till the evening. What diversity, Lord, 24 in thy creatures! What wisdom has designed them all! There is nothing on earth but gives proof of thy creative power.

There lies the vast ocean, stretching wide on every hand; this, too, is peopled with living things past number, great creatures and small; the ships pass them on their course. Leviathan himself is among them; him, too, thou hast created to roam there at his pleasure.
And all look to thee to send them their food at the appointed time; it is through thy gift they find it, thy hand opens, and all are filled with content. But see, thou hidest thy face, and they are dismayed; thou

v. 26. "To roam there at his pleasure"; it is possible to read another sense, whether in the Hebrew, in the Greek, or in the Latin; namely, that God has made the whale (or whatever creature Leviathan represents) as a jest for his own enjoyment.

takest their life from them, and they breathe no more, 30 go back to the dust they came from. Then thou sendest forth thy spirit, and there is fresh creation; thou dost repeople the face of earth.

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Glory be to the Lord for ever, the Lord who takes delight in his creatures. One glance from him makes earth tremble; at his touch, the mountains are wreathed in smoke. While life lasts, I will sing in the Lord's honour; my thanks shall be his while I have breath to thank him; may this praise of mine content him, as he is all my content! Perish all sinners from the land, let the wrong-doers be forgotten! But thou, my soul, bless the Lord. Alleluia.

PSALM 104

PRAISE THE Lord, and call upon his name; tell the story of his doings for all the nations to hear; greet him with song and psalm, recount his acts of miracle.

Triumph in that holy name; let every heart that longs for the Lord rejoice. On the Lord, on the Lord's

greatness still let your hearts dwell, on the Lord's pres-

5 ence be your hearts set. Remember the marvellous acts

6 he did, his miracles, his sentences of doom; are you not the posterity of Abraham, his own servant, sons of that

7 Jacob on whom his choice fell? And he, the Lord, is our own God, wide though his writ runs through all

8 the world. He keeps in everlasting memory that cov-

enant of his, that promise which a thousand ages might not cancel. He gave Abraham a promise, bound him-9 self to Isaac by an oath; by that law Jacob should live, 10 his Israel, bound to him with an eternal covenant. To 11 thee, he said, I will give the land of Chanaan, a portion allotted to thee and thine. So few they were in 12 number; only a handful, living there as strangers! And 13 ever they passed on from country to country, the guests of King or people; but he suffered none to harm them; 14 to kings themselves the warning came; Lay no hand 15 on them, never hurt them, servants anointed and true spokesmen of mine.

And now he brought famine on the land, cutting 16 off all their supply of bread. But he had sent an envoy 17 to prepare the way for them, that very Joseph, who was sold as a slave. Fetters held his feet, the yoke 18 galled his neck, but he proved a true prophet at last, 19 the Lord's accomplished word to vindicate him. Then 20 the king sent to release him; the proud ruler of many peoples set him free, and appointed him master of his 21 household, lord of all the possessions that were his; Joseph should teach his courtiers to be as Joseph was, 22 should train his aged counsellors in wisdom. So it 23 was that Israel came into Egypt, that Jacob dwelt as an alien in the country of Cham.

v. 14. See Gen. 12:17.

vv. 18, 19. See Gen. 40, 41. Vg. "His feet were galled with fetters, till the iron pierced his inmost being; but a time came when his prophecies proved true, when an oracle from the Lord inspired him."

Time passed, and he gave his people great increase 24 of numbers, till it outmatched its rivals. And in these 25 he wrought a change of heart; they grew weary of his people's presence, devised ruin for his worshippers. And now he sent his servant Moses, and Aaron, the 26 man of his choice, to bring about those signs, those 27 miracles of his which the country of Cham would witness. Dark night he sent to benight them, and still 28 his warnings went unheeded. He turned their supply 29 of water into blood, killing all the fish; frogs swarmed 30 out of the ground, even in their royal palaces; at his 31 word, flies attacked them, and gnats everywhere; hail 32 was the rain he gave them, and it brought fire that burned up their country side; he shattered their vines 33 and fig-trees, broke down all the wood that grew in their domains. He gave the word, and locusts came, 34 grasshoppers, too, past all numbering, eating up all 35 the grass they had, eating up all the crops their land yielded. Then his hand fell upon their first-born, on 36 the first-fruits of all they had engendered; and so he 37 brought his people out, enriched with silver and gold, no foot that stumbled among all their tribes. 38

Glad indeed was Egypt at their going, such fear of them had overtaken it. He spread out a cloud to cover

ν. 28. The Hebrew text has, in the second half of this verse, "and they did not rebel against his word." The sense of the Vulgate is perhaps "and still he kept his worst threat in store"; literally, "he did not (as yet) aggravate his word." The darkness may be understood in the literal sense, of the ninth plague, or figuratively of the blindness which God sent upon Pharao and his court.

them, that turned to fire in the darkness, lighting their journey. Quails came, when they asked for food; he

4r satisfied their desire, too, with bread from heaven, and pierced the rock so that water flowed down, running

42 streams in the wilderness. So well did he remember that holy promise of his, made to his servant Abraham;

43 in joy and triumph he led them out, his chosen people,

44 and gave them the lands of the heathen for their own.

There, on soil Gentile hands had tilled, his commandments should be kept sacred, his law should reign. Alleluia.

PSALM 105

(Alleluia.)

40

PRAISE THE Lord, the Lord is gracious; his mercy endures for ever; what tongue can recount all the great deeds of the Lord, can echo all his renown?

3 Blessed are they who abide ever by his decrees, ever

4 do the right! Remember us, Lord, with loving thoughts towards thy people, come and strengthen me

with thy aid, to witness the prosperity of thy chosen servants, to rejoice with thy people that rejoices, to share the glory of thy own domain.

6 We have taken part in our father's sins; we are

 $[\]nu$. 4. The Vulgate has "us" for "me" in this verse.

guilty men, rebels against thee. Heedless of the won-7 derful things thou hadst done in Egypt, forgetful of thy great mercies, our fathers were already challenging thee, the most High, at the Red Sea's brink. Yet, for 8 his own honour, to make known his power, he delivered them, checking the Red Sea, so that it dried up, 9 and leading them through its bed as safely as if they trod the desert sands. So he rescued them from 10 that vengeful power, claimed them as his own from the enemy's pursuit, and the water overwhelmed their 11 oppressors, till not one of them was left. They be-12 lieved, then, in his promises, sang songs, then, in his honour, but soon they forgot what he had done, and 13 could not wait upon his will. They must needs give 14 way to their cravings in the wilderness, challenge God's power, there in the desert, till he granted their 15 will, then sent a wasting sickness to plague them. There was mutiny in the camp against Moses, against 16 Aaron, the Lord's chosen priest; and now earth gaped, 17 swallowing up Dathan, overwhelming Abiron and his conspiracy; fire broke out in their company, and the 18 rebels perished by its flames. They made a calf, too, 19 at Horeb, fashioning a golden image and worshipping it, as if they would exchange the glory that dwelt 20 among them for the semblance of a bullock at grass. So little they remembered the God who had delivered 21 them, those portents of his in Egypt, strange things 22

 $[\]nu$. 15. "Sent a wasting sickness to plague them"; Vg. "plagued their appetites with satiety."

seen in that land of Cham, terrible things done by the Red Seal What wonder if he threatened to make an end of them? But Moses, the man of his choice, stood in the breach to ward off his anger, to save them from ruin.

And now they poured scorn on the land of their 24 desire, distrusting his promise; all was disaffection 25 in the camp. So the Lord, finding they would not listen to his voice, lifted his hand and threatened to 26 smite them down, there in the wilderness; they should 27 be lost among the peoples, scattered wide through the world. They dedicated themselves to Beelphegor, 28 offering sacrifice to lifeless things; till their wicked 29 ways roused God's anger, and a plague fell upon them. Nor might the destruction cease, till Phinees rose up 30 and made amends, winning himself such title to God's 31 favour as shall be remembered, age after age, eternally. They provoked his anger, too, at the waters of Meriba, 32 so that Moses was punished for their sake; because, 33 in his heart's bitterness, he broke out into open complaining.

Not theirs to root out the heathen, as the Lord had bidden them; they mingled with the heathen instead, and learned their ways; worshipping carved images, to their own undoing, sacrificing their sons and daughters in honour of devils. Innocent blood, the blood of their own sons and daughters, was poured out in worship to the idols of Chanaan; with blood the whole land was polluted, so heinous the guilt of its people, so wanton their ways. Then God's anger blazed up against his

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people, his chosen race became abominable to him, and **4**I he handed them over to the Gentiles; despised slaves, they were oppressed by their enemies, bowed down 42 under the yoke. Again and again he brought them 43 deliverance, but ever there were fresh shifts to provoke him, there was fresh guilt to drag them in the dust. And still, when he saw their distress, when he heard 44 their appeals to him, the thought of his covenant 45 availed them, in his great mercy he would relent; their 46 very captors should be moved to pity.

Deliver us, O Lord our God, and gather us again, scattered as we are among the heathen, to praise thy holy name, to triumph in thy renown. Blessed be the God of Israel from all eternity to all eternity; let all the people cry, Amen, Alleluia.

PSALM 106

(Alleluia.)

PRAISE THE Lord, the Lord is gracious; his mercy endures for ever; be this the cry of men the Lord has rescued, rescued them from the enemy's hand, and gathered them in from far-off countries, from sunrising and sunset, from the north and from the southern sea.

Some have wandered in parched deserts, missing the way to the city that was their home, hungry and thirsty,

so that their spirits died within them. So they cried out to the Lord in their trouble, and he relieved their
distress, guiding them on the right way that led to
the city where they dwelt. Praised be the Lord in his mercies, in his wondrous dealings with mortal men;
poor souls that were thirsty, contented now, poor souls that were hungry, satisfied now with all good.

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Some lay where darkness overshadowed them, helpless in bonds of iron; their punishment for rebelling against God's decrees, for thwarting the will of the most High. Their hearts bowed down with sorrow, none else to aid their mortal weakness, they cried out to the Lord in their trouble, and he relieved their distress, rescuing them from darkness, from the shadows, tearing their chains asunder.

Praised be the Lord in his mercies, in his wondrous dealings with mortal men; the Lord who has shattered the gates of brass, riven the bonds of iron.

Some for their own fault must needs be humbled; must expiate their guilt by lying sick, with no stomach for food, close to death's door. So they cried out to

 $[\]nu$. 10. "Where darkness overshadowed them"; Vg. "In darkness, overcast with the shadow of death"; so also in verse 14.

v. 17. In the Hebrew text, "Fools are brought low because of their wrong-doing and of their guilt"; but some think the original word must have been "sick men" instead of "fools." In any case it is clear that this section of the psalm deals with relief in sickness. The Vulgate has, "Some for their own guilt must needs be humbled; from their own guilt's consequence he saved them; (they lay sick) with no stomach for food" . . . etc.

the Lord in their trouble, and he relieved their distress, uttered the word of healing, and saved them from their peril. Praised be the Lord in his mercies, in his wondrous dealings with mortal men; theirs to offer him sacrifice in thanksgiving, and proclaim joyfully what he has done for them.

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There are some that venture abroad in ships, traffick-23 ing over the high seas; these are men that have wit-24 nessed the Lord's doings, his wonderful doings amid the deep. At his word the stormy wind rises, churning 25 up its waves; high up towards heaven they are carried, 26 then sink into the trough, with spirits fainting at their peril; see them reeling and staggering to and fro as 27 a drunkard does, all their seamanship forgotten! So 28 they cry out to the Lord in their trouble, and he relieves their distress, stilling the storm into a whisper, till all 29 its waves are quiet. Glad hearts are theirs, when calm 30 falls about them, and he brings them to the haven where they longed to be. Praised be the Lord in his 31 mercies, in his wondrous dealings with mortal men; let them extol his name, where the people gather, 32 glorify him where the elders sit in council.

Here, he changes rivers into desert sand, wells into dry ground; land that once was fruitful into a salty marsh, to punish its people's guilt. There, he turns the wilderness into pools of water, desert ground into springs; and establishes hungry folk there, so that they build themselves a city to dwell in, sow fields, and plant vineyards, and reap the harvest; he blesses them, so that their numbers increase beyond measure, and

takes no toll of their cattle. Once, they were but few,
worn down by stress of need and ill fortune; but now the same power that shames the tyrant and drives him homeless into the desert, has rescued the poor from need, their households thrive like their own flocks. Honest men will rejoice to witness it, and
malice will stand dumb with confusion. Heed it well, if thou wouldst be wise; be these thy study, the mercies of the Lord.

PSALM 107

(A song. A psalm. Of David.)

A HEART to serve thee, O God, a heart ready to serve thee; its song, its music are for thee. Wake, all my skill, wake, echoes of harp and viol; dawn shall find me watching. Let me give thanks, Lord, for all the world to hear it, sing psalms while the Gentiles listen, of thy mercy, high above heaven itself, of thy faithfulness, that reaches the clouds! O God, mount high above the heavens, till thy glory

v. 39. The arrangement of the sense in the Hebrew is obscure; the Vulgate may perhaps be rendered, "Here, men grow few, worn down by stress of need and ill fortune; scorn overwhelms them now, those proud chieftains, and keeps them wandering in a pathless desert. There, he rescues the poor from need" . . . etc.

vv. 2-6. See Psalm 56, 8-12.

overshadows the whole earth. Now, to preserve those 7 thou lovest, shew thy saving power, listen to my prayer. This is the oracle God has given in his 8 sanctuary: In triumph I will divide up Sichem, and parcel out the valley of Tents; to me Galaad, to me 9 Manasse belongs; Ephraim is my helmet, Juda the staff I bear. Now Moab, too, shall be my drudge; over 10 Edom I will claim my right; I will lead the Philistines away in triumph. Such was the oracle; but now who 11 is to lead me on my march against this fortress, who is to find an entrance for me into Edom, when thou, 12 O God, hast disowned us, and wilt not go into battle with our armies? It is thou that must deliver us from 13 peril; the help of man is vain. Only through God can 14 we fight victoriously; only he can trample our oppressors in the dust.

PSALM 108

(To the choir-master. Of David. A psalm.)

od that guardest my renown, do not leave me unbefriended; there are malicious lips, treacherous lips, that decry me; whispering against me, hedging me about with a conspiracy of hatred, in unprovoked attack. On their side, all calumny in turn for love,

υυ. 7-14. See Psalm 59, 6-14.

on mine all prayer; kindness is repaid with injury, love with ill will.

6 An ill master let him have, and an accuser ready at his side; let him leave the court of judgement a doomed 7 8 man, pleading with heaven in vain. Swiftly let his days come to an end, and his office be entrusted to another; orphancy for the children, widowhood for the 9 wife! Driven from a ruined home, to and fro let his 10 children wander, begging their bread, while eager 11 creditors count his goods, and strangers divide the fruits of his toil. May no friend be left to take his part, 12 none to have pity on his defenceless kin; a speedy end 13 to his race, oblivion for his name before a generation passes! Still may the sin of his fathers be remembered 14 in the Lord's sight, his mother's guilt remain indelible; still may the Lord keep it in mind, and wipe out their 15 memory from the earth. Did he himself keep mercy 16 in mind, when he persecuted the helpless, the destitute, the grief-stricken, and marked them down for death? Cursing he loved, and a curse shall come upon him; 17 for blessing he cared little, and blessing shall keep its distance from him. Cursing shall wrap him about, 18 sink like water into his inmost being, soak, like oil, into the marrow of his bones! Let it be the garb he 19

 $[\]nu\nu$. 6–19. It is possible to understand these verses (or vv. 6–17) as spoken, not by the Psalmist, but of the Psalmist by his detractors.

v. 6. "An accuser," or perhaps, "An evil spirit."

v. 8. Acts 1:20.

v. 19. Vg. "Cursing was the livery of his choice; it sank

wears, cling to him like a girdle he can never take off. So, in their own coin, may the Lord repay them, 20 my accusers that defame me so cruelly. But do thou, 21 my Lord and Master, take my part, to defend thy own honour; no mercy is so tender as thine. Deliver me in 22 my helpless need; my heart is pierced through with anguish. Like a dwindling shadow I depart, swept 23 away like a locust on the wing. My knees are weak 24 with fasting, my strength pines away unnourished. They make a laughing-stock of me, toss their heads in 25 derision as they pass by. Help me, O Lord my God; 26 deliver me in thy mercy; prove to them that my woes 27 are a visitation from thee, sent by no hand but thine. Bless me, thou, and let them curse as they will; dis-28 appoint my adversaries, and grant thy servant relief. Let these, my accusers, be covered with shame, 29 wrapped in the mantle of their own confusion. Loudly 30 will I give the Lord thanks, praise him before multitudes that listen; the Lord who has stood at the right 31 hand of the friendless, brought redress to an innocent soul misjudged.

like water into his inmost being, soaked, like oil, into the marrow of his bones."

v. 20. The meaning of the Hebrew text is uncertain. The word here taken as meaning "reward" has nowhere else the sense of "punishment." The literal rendering would be "Such are the doings of my accusers," but it is difficult to fit in the words "from the Lord."

v. 24. "Unnourished"; literally, "from oil," either in the sense of "fatness," or because the Psalmist was denying himself the use of oil while keeping a fast.

PSALM 109

(Of David. A psalm.)

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To the Master I serve the Lord's promise was given, Sit here at my right hand while I make thy enemies a footstool under thy feet. The Lord will make thy empire spring up like a branch out of Sion; thou art to bear rule in the midst of thy enemies. From birth, princely state shall be thine, holy and glorious; thou art my son, born like dew before the day-star rises. The Lord has sworn an oath there is no retracting, Thou art a priest for ever in the line of Melchisedec. At thy right hand, the Lord will beat down kings in the day of his vengeance; he will pass sentence on the nations, heap high the bodies, scatter far and wide the heads of

v. 1. Cf. Mt. 22:44, Mk. 12:36, Lk. 20:42, Acts 2:34.

v. 3. "Princely state shall be thine"; in the Hebrew text, "thy people offers itself willingly." Some would translate the words which follow, "in holy garments"; it is possible that there was a manuscript error, and the original line ran, "upon the holy mountains." The second half of the verse, as it is given in the Hebrew text, is traditionally rendered "the dew of thy birth is of the womb of the morning," a phrase of which many different explanations have been given. The Vulgate renders, "When thou shewest thy power, princely state shall be thine, amid the splendour of the holy places; thou art my son, born before the day-star rises."

v. 4. See Heb. 5:6 and elsewhere.

v. 6. Vg. "He will pass sentence on the nations, and accomplish their ruin; assail a well-peopled land and smite down its princes." Some think the Hebrew words "in the land of many" conceal a proper name, "in the land of Rabba" (capital of Ammon).

the slain. Now that he has drunk of the brook by the way side, he will lift up his head in victory.

PSALM 110

(Alleluia.)

ALL MY heart goes out to the Lord in thanksgiving, Abefore the assembly where the just are gathered. Chant we the Lord's wondrous doings, delight and 2 study of all who love him. Ever his deeds are high 3 and glorious, faithful he abides to all eternity. Great 4 deeds, that he keeps still in remembrance! He, the Lord, is kind and merciful. In abundance he fed the 5 men who feared him, keeping his covenant for ever. Lordly the power he shewed his people, making the 6 lands of the heathen their possession. No act but shews 7 him just and faithful; of his decrees there is no re-8 lenting. Perpetual time shall leave them changeless; right and truth are their foundation. So he has brought Q our race deliverance; to all eternity stands his covenant. Unutterable is his name and terrible; vain without his 10 fear is learning. Wise evermore are you who follow it; yours the prize that lasts for ever.

v. 7. This verse, which has been variously explained, remains wholly obscure.

 $[\]nu$. 2. "Delight and study of all who love him"; literally, "searched out by those who delight in them." The Vulgate has, "Decreed to accomplish all his purposes."

PSALM 111

(Alleluia.)

BLESSED man is he, who fears the Lord, bearing A great love to his commandments. Children of his shall win renown in their country; do right, and thy sons shall find a blessing. Ease shall dwell in his house, 3 and great prosperity; fame shall ever record his bounty. Good men see a light dawn in darkness; his light, who 4 is merciful, kind and faithful. It goes well with the 5 man who lends in pity, just and merciful in his dealings. Length of days shall leave him still unshaken; 6 men will remember the just for ever. No fear shall he 7 have of evil tidings; on the Lord his hope is fixed unchangeably. Patient his heart remains and steadfast, 8 quietly he waits for the downfall of his enemies. Rich 9 are his alms to the needy; still his bounty abides in memory. The Lord will lift up his head in triumph; ungodly men are ill content to see it. Vainly they gnash 10 their teeth in envy; worldly hopes must fade and perish.

 ν . 3. "Ease"; Vg. "Esteem." ν . 4. "His light"; it is not clear whether this refers to the just man, or to Almighty God.

v. 5. "Just and merciful in his dealings"; or perhaps, "Justice shall be found in all his pleadings."

v. g. II Cor. 9:9.

(Alleluia.)

RAISE the Lord, you that are his servants, praise the name of the Lord together. Blessed be the Lord's 2 name at all times, from this day to all eternity; from 3 the sun's rise to the sun's setting let the Lord's name be praised continually. The Lord is sovereign king of all 4 the nations; his glory is high above the heavens. Who 5 is like the Lord our God, so high above us, that stoops 6 to regard both heaven and earth, lifting up the poor 7 from the dust he lay in, raising the beggar out of his dung-hill, to find him a place among the princes, the 8 princes that rule over his people? He gives the bar-9 ren woman a home to dwell in, a mother rejoicing in her children.

PSALM 113A*

(Alleluia.)

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HEN Israel came out of Egypt, and the sons of Jacob heard no more a strange language, the Lord took Juda for his sanctuary, Israel for his own dominion. The seas fled at the sight they witnessed,

^{*} Psalm 113 in the Latin combines Psalms 114 and 115 of the Hebrew text (see note on Psalm 9): Latin 113A, vv. 1-8: Hebrew 114; Latin 113B, vv. 9-26; Hebrew 115.

backward flowed the stream of Jordan; up leapt, like rams, the startled mountains, up leapt the hills, like yearling sheep. What ailed you, seas, that you fled in terror; Jordan's stream, what drove thee back? Why did you leap up like rams, you mountains, leap up, you hills, like yearling sheep? Let earth thrill at its Master's presence; it is he that comes, the God of Jacob, who turned the rock into pools of water, the flint-stone

PSALM 113B

into a springing well.

Tor to us, Lord, not to us the glory; let thy name alone be honoured; thy name for mercy, thy name for faithfulness; why must the heathen say, 10 Their God deserts them? Our God is a God that 11 dwells in heaven; all that his will designs, he executes. The heathen have silver idols and golden, gods which 12 the hands of men have fashioned. They have mouths, 13 and yet are silent; eyes they have, and yet are sightless; ears they have, and want all hearing; noses, and yet no 14 smell can reach them; hands unfeeling, feet unstirring; 15 never a sound their throats may utter. Such be the end 16 of all who make them, such the reward of all who trust them. It is the Lord that gives hope to the race of Israel, 17 their only help, their only stronghold; the Lord that 18 gives hope to the race of Aaron, their only help, their only stronghold; the Lord that gives hope to all who 19

fear him, their only help, their only stronghold. The 20 Lord keeps us in mind, and grants us blessing, blesses the race of Israel, blesses the race of Aaron; all those 21 who fear the Lord, small and great alike, he blesses. Still may the Lord grant you increase, you and your 22 children after you; the blessing of the Lord be upon 23 you. It is he that made both heaven and earth; to the 24 Lord belongs the heaven of heavens, the earth he gives to the children of men. From the dead, Lord, thou 25 hast no praises, the men who go down into the place 26 of silence; but we bless the Lord, we, the living, from this day to all eternity.

PSALM 114*

(Alleluia.)

MY HEART is aflame; blessed be the Lord, that hears
my entreaty; the Lord, who grants me audience
when I invoke his name. Death's noose about me,
caught in the snares of the grave, ever I found distress
and grief at my side, till I called upon the Lord, Save
me, Lord, in my peril. Merciful the Lord our God is,
and just, and full of pity; he cares for simple hearts,

^{*} Psalm 114 in the Latin is Psalm 116, vv. 1-9 in the Hebrew text.

 $[\]nu$. 3. "Death's noose about me, caught in the snares of the grave"; Vg. "Death's pangs about me, overtaken by all the terrors of the grave."

- and to me, when I lay humbled, he brought deliverance. Return, my soul, where thy peace lies; the Lord
- 7 ance. Return, my soul, where thy peace lies; the Lord 8 has dealt kindly with thee; he has saved my life from peril, banished my tears, kept my feet from falling.
- 9 Mine to walk at ease, enjoying the Lord's presence, in the land of the living.

PSALM 115*

2, 3 TRUSTED, even when most I bewailed my unhappy 2, 3 lot; bewildered, I said, Man's faith is false; but thy mercies, Lord, have never failed me; what return shall

- I make to thee? I will take the cup that is pledge of my deliverance, and invoke the name of the Lord upon
- 5 it; I will pay the Lord my vows in the presence of all
- 6 his people. Dear in the Lord's sight is the death of
- 7 those who love him; and am not I, Lord, thy servant, born of thy own handmaid? Thou hast broken the
- 8 chains that bound me; I will sacrifice in thy honour,

 $[\]nu$, 9. Vg. "I will be the Lord's servant henceforward in the land of the living."

^{*} Psalm 115 in the Latin is Psalm 116, vv. 10-19 in the Hebrew text.

vv. 1-3. The sense here is obscure, and much disputed. It is usually supposed that what the Psalmist said comes to an end with verse 2; but it is difficult to see how this could be described as a confident utterance (see II Cor. 4:13), and it seems best to take verse 3, and part or the whole of what follows, as falling within the quotation. In verse 1, the Vulgate has, "I trusted, and trusting found words to utter in my abasement."

9 and call on the name of the Lord. Before a throng of 10 worshippers I will pay the Lord my vows, here in the courts of the Lord's house, here, Jerusalem, in thy heart.

PSALM 116

(Alleluia.)

PRAISE the Lord, all you Gentiles, let all the nations of the world do him honour. Abundant has his mercy been towards us; the Lord remains true to his word for ever.

PSALM 117

(Alleluia.)

IVE thanks to the Lord; the Lord is gracious, his mercy endures for ever. Echo the cry, sons of Israel; the Lord is gracious, his mercy endures for ever.

- 3 His mercy endures for ever, echo the cry, sons of
- 4 Aaron; his mercy endures for ever; echo the cry all
- 5 you who are the Lord's worshippers. I called on the Lord when trouble beset me, and the Lord listened,
- 6 and brought me relief. With the Lord at my side, I
- 7 have no fear of the worst man can do; with the Lord

[171]

at my side to aid me, I shall witness the tall of my 8 enemies. Better to trust the Lord than to rely on the help of man; better to trust the Lord than to rely on 9 the word of princes. Let all heathendom ring me 10 round, see, in the power of the Lord I crush them! They cut me off from every way of escape, but see, ΙI in the power of the Lord I crush them! They swarm 12 about me like bees, their fury blazes up like fire among thorns, but see, in the power of the Lord I crush them! I reeled under the blow, and had well-nigh fallen, 13 but still the Lord was there to aid me. Who but the 14 Lord is my protector, my stronghold; who but the Lord has brought me deliverance?

The homes of the just echo, now, with glad cries 15 16 of victory; the power of the Lord has triumphed. The power of the Lord has brought me to great honour, the power of the Lord has triumphed. I am reprieved 17 from death, to live on and proclaim what the Lord has done for me. The Lord has chastened me, chastened 18 me indeed, but he would not doom me to die. Open 19 me the gates where holiness dwells; let me go in and thank the Lord! Here is the gate that leads to the 20 Lord's presence; nothing unholy may enter there. Thanks be to thee, Lord, for giving me audience, 21 thanks be to thee, my deliverer. The very stone which 22 the builders rejected has become the chief stone at the

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corner; this is the Lord's doing, and it is marvellous

in our eyes. This day is a holiday of the Lord's own

vv. 22, 23. Matt. 21:42.

choosing; greet this day with rejoicing, greet this day with triumph!

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Deliverance, Lord, deliverance; Lord, grant us days of prosperity! Blessed is he who comes in the name of the Lord! A blessing from the Lord's house upon your company! The Lord is God; he has restored hope to us; marshal the procession aright, with a screen of boughs that reaches to the very horns of the altar. Thou art my God, mine to praise thee, thou art my God, mine to extol thee. Give thanks to the Lord; the Lord is gracious, his mercy endures for ever.

PSALM 118

AH, BLESSED they, who pass through life's journey unstained, who follow the law of the Lord! Ah, blessed they who study his decrees, make him the whole quest of their hearts! As for the wrong-doers, they leave his ways untrodden. Above all else it binds us, the charge thou hast given us to keep. Ah, how shall my steps be surely guided to keep faith with thy covenant? Attentive to all thy commandments, I go

v. 27. The interpretation of this verse, in the Hebrew text, is uncertain. Some would translate, "Bind the sacrifice with cords, close up to the horns of the altar." The Vulgate has, "Solemnize this day," which evidently supposes an allusion to the Feast of Tabernacles (Lev. 23:40).

 $[\]nu$. 28. At the end of this verse the Vulgate adds, "Thanking thee for giving me audience, thanking thee, my deliverer."

- 7 my way undaunted. A true heart's worship thou shalt 8 have, when once thou hast made known thy will. All shall be done thy laws demand, so thou wilt not forsake me utterly.
- Best shall he keep his youth unstained, who is true to thy trust. Be thou the whole quest of my heart; never let me turn aside from thy commandments.
- Buried deep in my heart, thy warnings shall keep me clear of sin. Blessed art thou, O Lord; teach me
- 13 to know thy will. By these lips let the awards thou 14 makest ever be recorded. Blithely as one that has
- 14 makest ever be recorded. Blithely as one that has 15 found great possessions, I follow thy decrees. Bethink-
- ing me still of the charge thou givest, I will mark thy
 16 footsteps. Be thy covenant ever in my thoughts, thy
 words kept in memory.
- 17 Crown thy servant with life, to live faithful to thy 18 commands. Clear sight be mine, to contemplate the
- 19 wonders of thy law. Comfort this earthly exile; do
- 20 not refuse me the knowledge of thy will. Crushed lies
- 21 my spirit, longing ever for thy just awards. Chastener
- of the proud, thy curse lies on all who swerve from thy covenant. Clear me of the reproach I bear, as I was
- 23 ever attentive to thy claims. Closeted together, princes plot against thy servant, that thinks only of thy de-
- 24 crees. Claims lovingly cherished, decrees that are my counsellors!
- Deep lies my soul in the dust, restore life to me, as thou hast promised. Deign, now, to shew me thy will,
- thou who hast listened when I opened my heart to thee.
- 27 Direct me in the path thou biddest me follow, and

- all my musing shall be of thy wonderful deeds. Despair wrings tears from me; let thy promises raise me up once more. Deliver me from every false thought; 29 let thy covenant be my comfort. Duty's path my 30 choice, I keep thy bidding ever in remembrance. Dis-31 appoint me, Lord, never, one that holds fast by thy commandments. Do but open my heart wide, and easy 32
- lies the path thou hast decreed. Expound, Lord, thy whole bidding to me; faithfully 33 I will keep it. Enlighten me, to scan thy law closely, 34 and keep true to it with all my heart. Eagerly I long 35 to be guided in the way of thy obedience. Ever let 36 my choice be set on thy will, not on covetous thoughts. Eyes have I none for vain phantoms; let me find life 37 in following thy way. Establish now the truth of thy 38 promise to one that serves and fears thee. Ease me of 39 the reproach my heart dreads, thou, whose awards are
- gracious. Each command of thine I embrace lovingly; 40 do thou in thy faithfulness grant me life. For me too, Lord, thy mercy, for me too the deliv-

- erance thou hast promised! Fit answer for those who 42 taunt me, that I rely on thy truth. Faithful thy word, 43 let me not boast in vain; in thy covenant lies my hope.
- For ever and for evermore true to thy charge thou 44
- shalt find me. Freely shall my feet tread, if thy will 45
- is all my quest. Fearlessly will I talk of thy decrees 46
- in the presence of kings, and be never abashed. Fain 47 would I have all my study in the law I love. Flung 48
- wide my arms to greet thy law, ever in my thoughts thy bidding.

Go not back on the word thou hast pledged to thy servant; there lies all my hope. Good news in my affliction, thy promises have brought me life. Ground down by the scorn of my oppressors, never from thy law I swerve aside. Gracious comfort, Lord, is the memory of thy just dealings in times long past. Great ruth have I to see wrong-doers, and how they abandon thy law. Gone out into a land of exile, of thy cov-

thy law. Gone out into a land of exile, of thy covenant I make my song. Gloom of night finds me still thinking of thy name, Lord, still observant of thy
 bidding. Glad is my lot, who have eyes for nothing

but thy will.

Heritage, Lord, I claim no other, but to obey thy

word. Heart-deep my supplication before thee for the mercies thou hast promised. Have I not planned out

60 my path, turned aside to follow thy decrees? Haste such as mine can brook no delay in carrying out all

61 thy bidding. Hemmed in by the snares which sinners 62 laid for me, never was I forgetful of thy law. Hearken

when I rise at dead of night to praise thee for thy just dealings. How well I love the souls that fear thee, and

are true to thy trust! How thy mercy fills the earth, Lord! teach me to do thy will.

In fulfilment of thy promise, Lord, what kindness thou hast shewn thy servant! Inspire, instruct me still; all my hope is in thy covenant. Idly I strayed till thou didst chasten me; no more shall thy warnings go unheeded. Indeed, indeed thou art gracious; teach me to do thy bidding. In vain my oppressors plot against me; thy will is all my quest. Inhuman hearts,

71 curdled with scorn! for me, thy law is enough. It was in mercy thou didst chasten me, schooling me to thy obedience. Is not the law thou hast given dearer to me than rich store of gold and silver?

Jealous for the handiwork thou hast made, teach me 73 to understand thy commandments. Joy shall be theirs, 74 thy true worshippers, to see the confidence I have in thy word. Just are thy awards; I know it well, Lord, 75 it was in faithfulness thou didst afflict me. Judge me 76 no more; pity and comfort thy servant as thou hast promised. Judge me no more; pardon and life for one 77 that loves thy will! Just be their fall, who wrong me 78 scornfully; thy law is all my study. Joined to my 79 company be every soul that worships thee and heeds thy warnings. Jealously let my heart observe thy bidding; let me not hope in vain.

Keeping watch for thy aid, my soul languishes, yet
I trust in thy word. Keeping watch for the fulfilment
of thy promise, my eyes languish for comfort still delayed. Kitchen-smoke shrivels the wine-skin; so waste
I, yet never forget thy will. Knowest thou not how
short are thy servant's days? soon be my wrongs redressed. Knaves will be plotting against me still, that
are no friends to thy law. Knaves they are that wrong
me; bring aid, as thy covenant stands unchanging.

87 Killed I had been if they had had their way, but thy 88 bidding forsook I never. Kind as thou ever wert, preserve me; then utter thy bidding, and I will obey.

v. 83. "Kitchen-smoke"; Vg. "Keen frosts."

Lord, the word thou has spoken stands ever un-89 changed as heaven. Loyal to his promise, age after 90 age, is he who made the enduring earth. Long as QΙ time lasts, these shall stand, obeying thy decree, Master of all. Lest I should sink in my affliction, thou hast 92 given thy covenant to be my comfort. Life-giving are 93 thy commands, never by me forgotten. Lend me thy 94 aid, for thine I am, and thy bidding is all my quest. Let 95 sinners go about to destroy me, I wait on thy will. Look 96 where I may, all good things must end; only thy law is wide beyond measure.

My delight is in thy bidding; ever my thoughts re-97 turn to it. Musing still on thy commandments, I have 98 grown more prudent than my enemies. More wisdom 99 have I than all my teachers, so well have I pondered thy decrees. More learning have I than my elders, I 100 that hold true to thy charge. Mindful of thy warn-TOT ings, I guide my steps clear of every evil path. Meek 102 under thy tuition, thy will I keep ever in view. Meat most appetizing are thy promises; never was 103 honey so sweet to my taste. Made wise by thy law, 104 I shun every path of evil-doing.

No lamp like thy word to guide my feet, to shew light on my path. Never will I retract my oath to give thy just commands observance. Nothing, Lord, but affliction, never the saving help thou didst promise

o8 me? Nay, Lord, accept these vows of mine; teach me

 $[\]nu$. 91. "These shall stand"; Vg. "The day keeps its appointed course."

to do thy bidding. Needs must I carry my life in my hands, yet am I ever mindful of thy law. Nearly the snares of the wicked caught my feet, yet would I not swerve from thy obedience. Now and ever thy covenant is my prize, is my heart's comfort. Now and ever to do thy will perfectly is my heart's aim.

Out upon the men that play traitor to the law I 113 love! Other defence, other stronghold have I none; 114 in thy law I trust. Out of my path, lovers of wrong; 115 I will keep my God's commandments. Only let thy 116 promised aid preserve me; do not disappoint me of the 117 hope I cherish. Only do thou sustain me in safety, 118 looking ever to thy will. Obey thee who will not, shall earn thy disdain; idle is all their scheming. Outcasts IIO they are that profane the land with wrong; for me, thy 120 law is enough. Overcome is my whole being with the fear of thee; I am adread of thy judgements.

Protect the justice of my cause; never leave me at the 121 mercy of my oppressors. Pledge thyself still to befriend T22 me; save me from the scorn of my enemies. Pining 123 away, I look for thy saving help, the faithful keeping of thy promises. Pity thy own servant, and teach him thy decrees. Perfect in thy own servant's heart the 125 knowledge of thy will. Put off the hour, Lord, no 126 more; too long thy commandment stands defied. Pre-127 128 cious beyond gold or jewel I hold thy law. Prized be

v. 112. "To do thy will perfectly"; Vg. "To do thy will, to win thy favour."

v. 120. "Overcome is my whole being"; Vg. "Overcome my whole being."

every decree of thine; forsworn be every path of evildoing.

Riddles thy decrees are, hard to read, and well my 129 130 heart heeds them. Revelation and light thy words disclose to the simple. Rises ever a sigh from my lips 131 as I long after thy covenant. Regard and pity me, as 132 thou hast pity for all that love thy name. Rule thou 133 my path and warn me; never be wrong-doing my master. Rescue me from man's oppression, to wait 134 henceforth on thy bidding. Restore to thy servant the 135 smile of thy loving favour, and teach him to know thy 136 will. Rivers of tears flow from my eyes, to see thy law forgotten.

So just, Lord, thou art, thy awards so truly given! 137 Strict justice and utter faithfulness inspire all thy 138 decrees. Stung by love's jealousy, I watch my enemies 139 defy thy bidding. Shall not I, thy servant, love thy 140 promises, tested and found true? Still, despised and 141 142 disinherited, I do not forget thy charge. Stands thy faithfulness eternally, thy law for ever changeless. Sor-143 row and distress have fallen on me; in thy commandment is all my comfort. Sentence eternal is thy decree; 144 teach me the wisdom that brings life.

Thy audience, Lord, my whole heart claims, a heart true to thy trust. To thee I cry, O grant deliverance; I will do all thy bidding. Twilight comes, and I awake to plead with thee, hoping ever in thy promises. Through the night my eyes keep watch, as I ponder thy sayings. Thine, Lord, to listen in thy mercy, and grant life according to thy will. Treacherous foes draw

near, that are strangers to thy covenant. Thou, Lord,
art close at hand; all thy awards are true. Taught long since by thy decrees, I know well thou hast ordained them everlastingly.

Unblessed is my lot; look down and rescue me, that 153 still am mindful of thy law. Uphold my cause, and 154 deliver me; true to thy promise, grant me life. Un-155 known thy mercy to the sinner that defies thy bidding. Unnumbered, Lord, are thy blessings; as thy will is, 156 grant me life. Under all the assaults of my oppressors, 157 158 I keep true to thy charge. Unhappy I, that watch thy warnings to the sinner go unheeded! Up, Lord, and 159 witness the love I bear thy covenant; in thy mercy bid me live! Unchanging truth is thy word's fountain-160 head, eternal the force of thy just decrees.

т6т Vexed by the causeless malice of princes, my heart 162 still dreads thy warnings. Victors rejoice not more over 163 rich spoils, than I in thy promises. Villainy I abhor and renounce; thy law is all my love. Votive thanks 164 seven times a day I give thee for the just awards thou 165 makest. Very great peace is theirs who love thy law; their feet never stumble. Valiantly, Lord, I wait on 166 167 thee for succour, keeping ever true to thy charge. Vanquished by great love, my heart is ever obedient to thy will. Vigilantly I observe precept and bidding of thine, 168 living always as in thy sight.

Wilt thou not admit my cry, Lord, to thy presence,
and grant me thy promised gift of wisdom? Wilt thou not countenance my plea, redeem thy pledge to deliver
me? What praise shall burst from my lips, when thou

makest known thy will! What hymns of thankfulness this tongue shall raise to the author of all just decrees!
Wouldst thou but lift thy hand to aid me, that hold fast to thy covenant! Weary it is, Lord, waiting for deliverance, but thy law is my comfort. When will thy just award grant redress, that I may live to praise thee? Wayward thou seest me, like a lost sheep; come to look for thy servant, that is mindful still of thy bidding.

PSALM 119

(A song of ascents.)

3

4

5

Not unhered I cry to the Lord in the hour of my distress. Lord, have pity and deliver me from the treacherous lips, the perjured tongue. Perjurer, he will give thee all thy deserts and more; sharp arrows from a warrior's bow, blazing faggots of broom. Unhappy I, that live an exile in Mosoch, or dwell among the tents of Cedar! Long banished here among

vv. 3, 4. The Hebrews and their neighbours, in taking an oath, used to say, "May the Lord do such and such things to me, and add such and such things, if I break my word." Here, the Psalmist supposes that the broken oath ran, "May the Lord visit me with sharp arrows, and add to them burning coals of broom." For "coals of broom," the Vulgate has "coals that spread desolation."

υυ. 5-7. Vg. "Unhappy I, that still am doomed to exile, still dwell where Cedar dwells, my heart sick for home!

the enemies of peace, for peace I labour, and their cry is still for battle.

PSALM 120

(A song of ascents.)

 ${f I}$ Lift up my eyes to the hills, to find deliverance; from the Lord deliverance comes to me, the Lord who made heaven and earth. Never will he who 3 guards thee allow thy foot to stumble; never fall asleep at his post! Such a guardian has Israel, one who is 4 never weary, never sleeps; it is the Lord that guards 5 thee, the Lord that stands at thy right hand to give thee shelter. The sun's rays by day, the moon's by 6 night, shall have no power to hurt thee. The Lord 7 will guard thee from all evil; the Lord will protect thee in danger; the Lord will protect thy journeying 8 and thy home-coming, henceforth and for ever.

Among the enemies of peace, for peace I labour; no word of mine but provokes their wanton attack."

 $[\]nu$. 6. "Hurt thee"; Vg. (literally) "burn thee." The idea seems to be that of protection from sun-stroke and from "moon-blindness."

 $[\]nu\nu$. 7, 8. The Vulgate renders this passage as a wish, not as a prophecy.

(A song of ascents. Of David.)

7 ELCOME sound, when I heard them saying, We will go into the Lord's house! And now our feet are set firmly in these courts of thine, Jerusalem: Jerusalem, built as a city should be built that is one 3 in fellowship. There the tribes meet, the Lord's own 4 tribes, to give praise, as Israel is ever bound, to the Lord's name; there the thrones are set for judgement, 5 thrones for the house of David. Pray for all that brings Jerusalem peace! May all who love thee dwell at ease! Let there be peace within thy ramparts, ease in thy strongholds! For love of my brethren and my familiar friends, peace is still my prayer for thee; remembering the house of the Lord our God, I long for thy happi-

PSALM 122

(A song of ascents.)

ness.

In the Heavens. See how the eyes of servants are fixed on the hands of their masters, the eyes of a maid

v. 5. "Thrones for the house of David"; Vg. "Thrones of authority over the house of David."

on the hand of her mistress! Our eyes, too, are fixed on the Lord our God, waiting for him to shew his mercy. Have mercy on us, Lord, have mercy on us; we have had our fill of man's derision. Our hearts can bear no more to be the scorn of luxury, the derision of the proud.

PSALM 123

(A song of ascents. Of David.)

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Is the Lord had not been on our side, Israel may boast, if the Lord had not been on our side when human foes assailed us, it seemed as if they must have swallowed us up alive, so fierce their anger threatened us. It seemed as if the tide must have sucked us down, the torrent closed above us; closed above us the waters that ran so high. Blessed be the Lord, who has not let us fall a prey to those ravening mouths! Our lives were saved, like a bird that escapes from the fowler's snare; the snare is broken now, and we are safe. We found help in the name of the Lord, who has made heaven and earth.

υν. 4, 5. Vg. "It seemed as if the tide must have sucked us down when we ventured our lives on that flood; an overbearing tide, and our lives ventured on it!"

(A song of ascents.)

Those who trust in the Lord are strong as mount
Sion itself, that stands unmoved for ever. The
hills protect Jerusalem; so the Lord protects his people,
now and for ever. How should the Lord allow wicked
men to bear sway over the innocent, and tempt the
innocent to share in their evil doings? Deal kindly,
Lord, with the kindly, with the true-hearted. Who
turns from the right path, shall bear the punishment
of his ill-doing; but upon Israel there shall be peace.

PSALM 125

(A song of ascents.)

THEN the Lord gave back Sion her banished sons, we walked like men in a dream; in every mouth was laughter, joy was on every tongue. Among the heathen themselves it was said, What favour the Lord has shewn them! Favour indeed the Lord has shewn

vv. 1, 2. Vg. "Those who trust in the Lord are strong as Mount Sion itself. Unmoved for ever is he who dwells at Jerusalem; as the hills protect it, so the Lord" . . . etc. v. 5. "By devious paths"; Vg. "Where snares await them."

us, and our hearts are rejoiced. Deliver us, Lord, from our bondage; revive our spirits, like a stream that flows in the desert. The men who are sowing in tears will reap, one day, with joy. They go out, weeping as they go, but with seed to scatter; when they come back, they will come rejoicing, as they carry their sheaves with them.

PSALM 126

(A song of ascents. Of Solomon.)

4

5

2

VAIN IS the builder's toil, if the house is not of the Lord's building; vainly the guard keeps watch, if the city has not the Lord for its guardian. Vain, that you should be astir before daybreak, and sit on over your tasks late into the night, you whose bread is so hardly won; is it not in the hours of sleep that he

v. 4. Some commentators think that the process of deliverance was still incomplete, only a small number of exiles (for example) having returned from captivity; others, that verse r expresses not something which had actually happened, but an imaginary picture.

v. 2. Vg. "Vain, that you should be astir before daybreak; rest awhile before you stir abroad, you whose bread is so hardly won; is not sleep his gift to the men he loves?" The verse is not, in any case, an incitement to idleness; the gist of the psalm lies in what follows. What is the use of a house to a childless man, of a well-built city with a dwindling number of inhabitants; what is the use of toiling day and night, unless you have a family to provide for?

blesses the men he loves? Fatherhood itself is the Lord's gift, the fruitful womb is a reward that comes
 from him. Crown of thy youth, children are like arrows in a warrior's hand. Happy, whose quiver is well filled with these; their cause will not be set aside when they plead against their enemies at the gate.

PSALM 127

(A song of ascents.)

B LESSED thou art, if thou dost fear the Lord, and follow his paths! Thyself shall eat what thy hands have toiled to win; blessed thou art; all good shall be thine. Thy wife shall be fruitful as a vine, in the heart of thy home, the children round thy table sturdy as olive-branches. Let a man serve the Lord, such is the blessing that awaits him. May the Lord who dwells in Sion bless thee; mayest thou see Jerusalem in prosperity all thy life long. Mayest thou live to see thy children's children, and peace resting upon Israel.

v. 4. "Crown of thy youth"; Vg. "For the disinherited." The mention of "youth" perhaps underlines the advantage of having grown-up sons to a man in his declining years.

v. 5. "Whose quiver is well filled with these"; Vg. "the man who has his heart's fill of these."

v. 3. "As a vine, in the heart of thy home"; Vg. "As the vine that grows on the walls of thy house."

(A song of ascents.)

this be Israel's boast); often have they assailed me even from my youth, but never once outmatched me. I bent my back to the oppressor, and long was the furrow ere the plough turned; but the Lord proved faithful, and cut the bonds of tyranny asunder. Let them be dismayed and routed, all these enemies of Sion. Let them be like the stalks on a house-top, that wither there unharvested; never will they be grasped in the reaper's hand, or fill the gleaner's bosom, no passer-by will say, The Lord's blessing on you; we bless you in the name of the Lord.

PSALM 129

(A song of ascents.)

Our of the depths I cry to thee, O Lord; Master, listen to my voice; let but thy ears be attentive to the voice that calls on thee for pardon. If thou,

 $[\]nu\nu$. 3, 4. Vg. "I bent my back, and sinners mishandled me (literally, played the carpenter); long their tyranny lasted, but the Lord proved faithful, and broke the sinners' necks in pieces."

v. 8. Cf. Ruth 2:4.

v. 3. "Keep record"; Vg. "Take heed."

- Lord, wilt keep record of our iniquities, Master, who
- 4 has strength to bear it? Ah, but with thee there is
- 5 forgiveness; be thy name ever revered. I wait for the
- 6 Lord, for his word of promise my soul waits; patient as ever watchman that looked for the day. Patient as
- 7 watchmen at dawn, for the Lord Israel waits, the Lord with whom there is mercy, the Lord with whom there
- 8 is power to ransom. He it is that will ransom Israel from all his iniquities.

(A song of ascents. Of David.)

2

Lord, my heart is not lifted up, my eyes not raised from the earth; my mind does not dwell on high things, on marvels that are beyond my reach. Bear

vv. 4-7. Vg. "Ah, but with thee there is forgiveness; I will wait for thee, Lord, as thou commandest. My soul relies on his promise, my soul waits patiently for the Lord. From the morning watch till night has fallen, let Israel trust in the Lord; the Lord, with whom"...etc.

v. 2. "Bear me witness that I kept my soul ever quiet," literally, "If I keep my soul quiet"; some such words as "may the Lord punish me for it" being understood. This was a frequent form of oath-taking among the Jews, cf. Ps. 94:II. In the Vulgate, this verse runs: "Bear me witness that mine were humble thoughts, that my soul was never exalted with pride. The thoughts of a child newly weaned towards its mother, this is all my soul knows of recompense," perhaps meaning that the Psalmist has no more thought of making return to God for his favours, than a weaned child has of making return to its mother. The meaning of the Hebrew text is far from certain.

me witness that I kept my soul ever quiet, ever at peace. The thoughts of a child on its mother's breast, a child's thoughts were all my soul knew. Let Israel trust in the Lord, henceforth and for ever.

PSALM 131

(A song of ascents.)

3

In a continuous continuous Lord, remember David, and all his patient care, the coath he swore to the Lord, the vow he made to the great God of Israel: Never will I come beneath the roof of my house, or climb up into the bed that is strewn for me; never shall these eyes have sleep, these eye-lids close, until I have found the Lord a home, the great God of Israel a dwelling-place. And now, at Ephrata, we have heard tidings of what we looked for, we have found it in the plains of Jaar; now to go into his dwelling, pay reverence at his footstool! Up, Lord,

v. 6. Literally, "Behold, we have heard of it at Ephrata, and found it in the plains of the wood (or, of Jaar)." If this psalm was composed for the dedication of Solomon's temple (II Paralip. 6:41, 42) and commemorates the bringing back of the Ark to Jerusalem (I Paralip. 13), we should naturally suppose that "it" means the Ark. It is not clear that the Ark ever rested at Bethlehem-Ephrata; but some think that Ephrata here is another name for Silo (I Kings 4:3), and that the other half of the verse refers to Cariathiarim, the "city of the woods" (I Paralip. 13:5).

v. 7. "His footstool"; Vg. "the place where he halted on his journey."

and take possession of thy resting-place, thou and the ark which is thy shrine! Let thy priests go clad in the vesture of innocence, thy faithful people cry aloud with rejoicing.

9

Think of thy servant David, and do not refuse audi-10 ence to the king thou hast anointed. Never will the ΙI Lord be false to that inviolable oath he swore to David: I will raise to thy throne heirs of thy own body; if T2 thy sons hold fast to my covenant, to the decrees which I make known to them, their sons too shall reign on thy throne for ever. The Lord's choice has fallen upon 13 Sion, this is the dwelling he longed for: Here, for 14 ever, is my resting-place, here is my destined home. I 15 will not fail to bless her with abundant store, the poor 16 shall have bread to their hearts' content. I will clothe her priests in the vesture of triumph, cries of rejoicing shall echo among her faithful people. There the stock 17 of David shall bud, there shall a lamp burn continually for the king I have anointed. I will cover his 18 enemies with confusion; on his brow the crown I gave shall shine untarnished.

ν. 15. "Her"; Vg. "her widows." ν. 17. Literally, "There will I make a horn grow for David, I have trimmed a lamp for my anointed," both metaphors for the continuance of his royal dynasty (III Kings 15:4, Luke 1:60).

v. 18. Vg. "I will cover his enemies with confusion; on his brow my holy unction shall be bright." In the Hebrew text, the verb means rather "to flourish" than "to shine," and "my crown" is "his crown."

(A song of ascents. Of David.)

on the head till it flows down on to the beard; balm that flowed down Aaron's beard, and reached the very skirts of his robe. It is as if dew like the dews of Hermon were falling on this hill of Sion; here, where the Lord has promised to grant benediction and life everlastingly.

PSALM 133

(A song of ascents.)

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OME, then, praise the Lord, all you that are the Lord's servants; you that wait on the Lord's house at midnight, lift up your hands towards the

ν. 3. Literally, "like the dew of Hermon that falls on the hill of Sion," which, however, was more than a hundred miles distant. It seems clear, therefore, that the dews of Hermon are only mentioned here as typically of exceptionally heavy dews; unless those authors are right who suspect that the reference is to a mount Sion, differently spelt in Hebrew, which was part of the Hermon range (Deut. 4:48).

v. 1. After the word "house" the Vulgate adds, "In the courts where our God dwells." The words were probably omitted in our present Hebrew text by accident; see next psalm.

sanctuary and bless the Lord. May the Lord who dwells in Sion bless thee, the Lord who made heaven and earth!

PSALM 134

(Alleluia.)

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PRAISE the Lord's name, praise the Lord, you that are his servants, you who stand in the house of the Lord, in the courts where our God dwells. Praise to the Lord, a Lord so gracious, praise to his name, a name so well beloved. Has not the Lord made choice of Jacob, claimed Israel for his own?

of Jacob, claimed Israel for his own?

Doubt it never, the Lord is great; he, our Master, is higher than all the gods. In heaven and on earth, in the sea and in the deep waters beneath us, the Lord accomplishes his will; summoning clouds from the ends of the earth, turning the lightning into a rainstorm, bringing winds out of his store-house. He it was that smote the first-born of the Egyptians, man and beast alike; what wonders and portents, Egypt, thou didst witness, sent to plague Pharao and all his servants! He it was that smote nation after nation, and slew the kings in their pride, Sehon king of the Amorrhites, and Og the king of Basan, and all the

 $[\]nu$. 5. It not clear here who is the speaker; probably the Psalmist makes himself the spokesman of the Jewish people.

rulers of Chanaan, and marked down their lands for a dwelling-place where his own people of Israel should dwell.

Lord, thy name abides for ever; age succeeds age, 13 and thou art ever unforgotten. The Lord defends his 14 people, takes pity on his servants. What are the idols 15 of the heathen but silver and gold, gods which the hands of men have fashioned? They have mouths, τ6 and yet are silent; eyes they have, and yet are sightless; ears they have, and want all hearing, never a 17 breath have they in their mouths. Such the end of 18 all who make them, such the reward of all who trust them. Bless the Lord, sons of Israel, bless the Lord, 10 sons of Aaron, bless the Lord, sons of Levi, bless the 20 Lord, all you that are the Lord's worshippers. Here, 21 in Jerusalem, his dwelling-place, here, in Sion, let the Lord's name be blessed.

PSALM 135

(Alleluia.)

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G IVE thanks to the Lord for his goodness, his mercy is eternal; give thanks to the God of gods, his mercy is eternal; give thanks to the Lord of lords, his mercy is eternal. Eternal his mercy, who does great deeds as none else can; eternal his mercy, whose wisdom made the heavens; eternal his mercy, who

poised earth upon the floods. Eternal his mercy, who
 made the great luminaries; made the sun to rule by
 day, his mercy is eternal; made the moon and the stars to rule by night, his mercy is eternal.

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Eternal his mercy, who smote the Egyptians by smiting their first-born; eternal his mercy, who delivered Israel from their midst, with constraining power, with his arm raised on high, his mercy is eternal. Eternal the mercy that divided the Red Sea in two, eternal the mercy that led Israel through its waters, eternal the mercy that swept Pharao and his host into the Red Sea. And so he led his people through the wilderness, his mercy is eternal.

17,18 Eternal the mercy that smote great kings, eternal the mercy that slew the kings in their pride, Sehon 19 king of the Amorrhites, his mercy is eternal, and Og 20 the king of Basan, his mercy is eternal. Eternal the 21 mercy that marked down their land to be a dwellingplace; a dwelling-place for his servant Israel, his mercy 22 is eternal. Eternal the mercy that remembers us in our 23 affliction, eternal the mercy that rescues us from our 24 enemies, eternal the mercy that gives all living things 25 their food. Give thanks to the God of heaven, his 26 mercy is eternal.

v. 26. The Vulgate adds, "Give thanks to the Lord of Lords, his mercy is eternal."

Wept there, remembering Sion. Willow-trees grow there, and on these we hung up our harps when 3 the men who took us prisoner cried out for a song. We must make sport for our enemies; A stave, there, from the music they sing at Sion! What, should we sing 4 the Lord's song in a strange land? Jerusalem, if I forget thee, perish the skill of my right hand! Let my tongue stick fast to the roof of my mouth if I cease to remember thee, if I find in aught but Jerusalem the fountain-head of my content! Remember, Lord, how 7 the sons of Edom triumphed when Jerusalem fell; Strip it, they cried, strip it, till never a foundation is left to it. Babylon, pitiless queen, blessed be the man who deals out to thee the measure thou hast dealt to us; blessed be the man who will catch up thy children, 9 and dash them against the rocks!

<sup>ν. 5. The Hebrew text has, "Let my right hand forget."
ν. 8. "Pitiless queen"; the Vulgate, following the Hebrew, has, "Poor withered queen."</sup>

(Of David.)

MY HEART's thanks, Lord, for listening to the prayer I uttered; angels for my witnesses, I will sing of thy praise. I bow down in worship towards thy sanctuary, giving thanks to thy name for thy mercy and faithfulness; thy own honour and thy pledged word thou hast vindicated for all the world to see. To thee 3 I appealed, and thou didst listen to me, didst fill my heart with courage. All the kings of the earth, Lord, 4 will praise thee now; were not thy promises made in their hearing? Their song shall be of the Lord's do-5 6 ings, how great is his renown, the Lord, who is so high above us, yet looks with favour on the humble, looks on the proud too, but from far off. Though 7 affliction surround my path, thou dost preserve me; it is thy power that confronts my enemies' malice, thy right hand that rescues me. The Lord will further all 8 I take in hand; thy mercy, Lord, endures for ever, and wilt thou abandon us, creatures of thy own fashioning?

 $[\]nu$. T. The Hebrew word here translated "angels" means, literally, "gods." Some think it refers, as in Psalm 81, to earthly rulers; cf. verse 4 below.

v. 2. The last sentence of this verse is probably corrupt; the Vulgate has, "thou hast exalted thy holy name above all things else"; the Hebrew text, apparently, "thou hast exalted thy word above all thy name."

(To the choir-master. Of David. A psalm.)

1,2 TORD, I lie open to thy scrutiny; thou knowest me, Lknowest when I sit down and when I rise up again, canst read my thoughts from far away. Walk I or sleep I, thou canst tell; no movement of mine but thou art watching it. Before ever the words are framed 4 on my lips, all my thought is known to thee; rear-5 guard and vanguard, thou dost compass me about, thy hand still laid upon me. Such wisdom as thine is far 6 beyond my reach, no thought of mine can attain it. Where can I go, then, to take refuge from thy spirit, to hide from thy view? If I should climb up to heaven, 8 thou art there; if I sink down to the world beneath, thou art present still. If I could wing my way east-9 wards, or find a dwelling beyond the western sea, still 10 would I find thee beckoning to me, thy right hand upholding me. Or perhaps I would think to bury 11

myself in darkness; night should surround me, friendlier than day; but no, darkness is no hiding-place from

υν. 3-5. Vg. "Thou dost map out the path I take, the lot I inherit, dost foresee all my journeyings, and yet no word of mine spoken. And indeed, Lord, thou knowest all things, new and old; it is thou that hast fashioned me, thy hand that has been laid upon me."

v. 11. "Night should surround me, friendlier than day"; Vg. "Night should be the only witness of my pleasures"; literally, "Night (should be all) my illumination in my pleasures."

thee, with thee the night shines clear as day itself; light and dark are one.

Thine are my inmost thoughts. Didst thou not form me in my mother's womb? I praise thee for my wondrous fashioning, for all the wonders of thy creation.

Of my soul thou hast full knowledge, and this mortal frame has no mysteries for thee, who didst contrive it in secret, devise its pattern, there in the dark recesses of the earth. All my acts thy eyes have seen, all are set down already in thy record; my days were numbered before ever they came to be.

A riddle, O my God, thy dealings with me, so vast

A riddle, O my God, thy dealings with me, so vast their scope! As well count the sand, as try to fathom them; and, were that skill mine, thy own being still confronts me. O God, wouldst thou but make an end of the wicked! Murderers, keep your distance from me! Treacherously they rebel against thee, faithlessly

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vv. 14-16. "I praise thee for thy awful majesty, for the wonders of thy creation, which my own soul must needs acknowledge. This mortal frame has no mysteries for thee, who didst contrive it in secret; all that I am was once hidden in the dark recesses of the earth. Thy eyes looked upon me, when I was yet unformed; all human lives are already written in thy record, brought to birth through the long days when they had no being."

wv. 17, 18. Literally, "How difficult are thy counsels for me (to understand), O God; how vast is the sum of them! If I should count them, they are more numerous than the sand; if I should reach the end of them, I am still with thee." The whole passage is probably corrupt; the Vulgate has "thy friends" instead of "thy counsels," and "When I wake up" instead of "if I should reach the end of them."

v. 20. Vg. "You are ever whispering in your hearts, They shall have no advantage from the cities thou gavest them."

- set thee at defiance. Lord, do I not hate the men who hate thee, am I not sick at heart over their seditions?
- 22 Surpassing hatred I bear them, count them my sworn
- enemies. Scrutinize me, O God, as thou wilt, and read my heart; put me to the test, and examine my
- restless thoughts. See if on any false paths my heart is set, and thyself lead me in the ways of old.

(To the choir-master. A psalm. Of David.)

RESCUE me, Lord, from human malice, save me
Refrom the lovers of oppression, always plotting treachery in their hearts, always intent on strife, tongues sharp as the tongues of serpents, lips that conceal the poison of asps. Preserve me, Lord, from the power of sinful men, save me from these lovers of oppression who are plotting to trip my feet. What hidden snares they set for me, these tyrants, what nets they spread to catch me, what traps they lay in my path!

To the Lord I make my appeal, Thou art my God, listen to the voice that pleads with thee. My Lord, my Master, my strong deliverer, it is thou that shieldest

The sense of this rendering seems to be, that the enemies of Israel are determined not to leave it in peaceful possession of the cities God has given it for an inheritance. Here too the text is probably corrupt.

- 9 my head in the day of battle. Lord, do not let malice have its way with me, do not prosper its evil designs.
- They carry their heads high as they close in around me; let their conspiracy prove its own undoing; let
- burning coals rain down on them, be they cast into a pit whence they shall rise no more. Not long the
- pit whence they shall rise no more. Not long the blasphemer's time on earth; misfortune will overtake
- the oppressor unawares. Can I doubt that the Lord will avenge the helpless, will grant the poor redress?
- 14 Honest men will yet live to praise thy name; upright hearts enjoy the smile of thy favour.

(A psalm. Of David.)

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OME quickly, Lord, at my cry for succour; do not let my appeal to thee go unheard. Welcome as incense-smoke let my prayer rise up before thee; when I lift up my hands, be it acceptable as the evening sacrifice. Lord, set a guard on my mouth, post a sentry

vv. 9-12. Vg. "Do not betray my hopes, Lord, into the hands of the wicked; do not forsake me, and let the schemers triumph. This be the fruit of their conspiracy, that all their busy whispering should recoil on themselves. Let burning coals fall upon them; down into the fire thou wilt hurl them, to anguish insupportable. Glib tongues will not always have their way on earth; misfortune will overtake the oppressors and destroy them."

before my lips; do not turn my heart towards thoughts of evil, that point the way to wrong-doing; never let me take part with the oppressors, and share the banquet with them. Rather let some just man deal me heavy blows, this shall be his kindness to me; reprove me, and it shall be balm poured over me; such unction never will this head refuse. Their injuries I will still greet with a prayer. . . .

. . . My words have won their hearts, a people that had seen their chieftains hurled down the rock-face, a people whose bones lie scattered at the grave's mouth, like seed when the earth is cloven into furrows.

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To thee these eyes look, my Lord, my Master; in thee I trust; let not my life be forfeit. Preserve me from the ambush they have laid for me, from the snares of the wrong-doers. Into their own nets, sinner upon sinner, may they fall, and I pass on in safety.

ev. 4, 5. Vg. "Do not turn my heart towards thoughts of evil, to cover sin with smooth names; not mine to mingle with the company they keep. Rather let some just man chastise me, reprove me; never shall the sinner sleek this head with the oil of his flattery. My prayer is still unabated while they have their will." The sense is in any case extremely doubtful.

v. 6. It seems probable, either that this verse is corrupt, or that some passage leading up to it has fallen out. The reference is obscure; some would translate, not "hurled down the rock's face," but "allowed to escape, there by the rock side," understanding an allusion to the occasion when David spared the life of Saul (I Kings 24:1-16, 26:8-20).

v. 7. Vg. "Our bones (that is, the bones of our fellow-countrymen) lie scattered at the grave's mouth, like the ruins of a landslip that has fallen to earth."

 $[\]nu$. 10. Vg. "Into his net the sinners shall fall, while I, all unprotected, go safe on my journey."

PSALM 141

(A maskil. Of David, when he was in the cave. A prayer.)

TOUD is my cry to the Lord, the prayer I utter for 2 Lthe Lord's mercy, as I pour out my complaint 3 before him, tell him of the affliction I endure. My heart is ready to faint within me, but thou art watching over my path. They lie in ambush for me, there by the way side; I look to the right of me, and find 5 none to take my part; all hope of escape is cut off from me, none is concerned for my safety. To thee, 6 Lord, I cry, claiming thee for my only refuge, all that is left me in this world of living men. Listen, then, to my plea; thou seest me all defenceless. Rescue me 8 from persecutors who are too strong for me; restore liberty to a captive soul. What thanks, then, will I give to thy name, honest hearts all about me, rejoicing to see thy favour restored!

v. 5. The Hebrew text is understood by some as meaning, "Look to the right of me, and thou wilt find none to take my part."

ν. 8. Vg. "What thanks, then, will I give to thy name! Too long have honest hearts waited to see thee grant mr redress."

PSALM 142

(A psalm. Of David.)

LISTEN, Lord, to my prayer; give my plea a hearing, as thou art ever faithful; listen, thou who lovest the right. Do not call thy servant to account; what 2 man is there living, that can stand guiltless in thy presence? See how my enemies plot against my life, 3 how they have abased me in the dust, set me down in dark places, like the long-forgotten dead! My spirits 4 are crushed within me, my heart is cowed. And my 5 mind goes back to past days; I think of all thou didst once, dwell on the proofs thou gavest of thy power. To 6 thee I spread out my hands in prayer, for thee my soul thirsts, like a land parched with drought. Hasten, Lord, to answer my prayer; my spirit grows 7 faint. Do not turn thy face away from me, and leave me like one sunk in the abyss. Speedily let me win 8 thy mercy, my hope is in thee; to thee I lift up my

heart, shew me the path I must follow; to thee I fly for refuge, deliver me, Lord, from my enemies. Thou art my God, teach me to do thy will; let thy gracious spirit lead me on, till I find sure ground under my feet. For the honour of thy own name, Lord, thou wilt grant me life; in thy mercy wilt rescue me from my cruel affliction. Thou wilt have pity on me, and scatter my enemies, put an end to all those who are sworn against my life, the life of thy own servant.

(Of David.)

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BLESSED be the Lord, my refuge, who makes these hands strong for battle, these fingers skilled in fight; the Lord who pities me and grants me safety, who shelters me and sets me at liberty, who protects me and gives me confidence, bowing down nations to my will. Lord, what is Adam's race, that thou givest heed to it, what is man, that thou carest for him? No better than a breath, a passing shadow.

Bid heaven stoop, Lord, and come down to earth; at thy touch, the mountains will be wreathed in smoke. Brandish thy lightnings, to rout my enemies; shoot thy arrows, and throw them into confusion! Send down thy help from above; save me, rescue me from the power of alien foes, who make treacherous promises, and lift their hands in perjury. Then, O my God, I will sing thee a new song, on a ten-stringed harp I will sound thy praise; the God to whom kings must look for victory, the God who has brought his servant David rescue. Save me from the cruel sword, deliver me from the power of alien foes, who make treacherous promises, and lift their hands in perjury.

So may our sons grow to manhood, tall as the saplings, our daughters shapely as some column at the turn

vv. 12-15. The Greek and Latin versions seem to suggest that the prosperity here described is experienced by the Psalm-

- of a building, it may be, the temple itself. Our garners full, well stored with every kind of plenty, our sheep bearing a thousand-fold, thronging the pasture in their tens of thousands, our oxen straining at the load; no ruined walls, no farewells, no lamenting in our streets.
- 15 Happy men call such a people as this; and is not the people happy, that has the Lord for its God?

PSALM 144

(Praises. Of David.)

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And shall I not extol thee, my God, my king; shall I not bless thy name for ever and for evermore? Blessing shall be thine, day after day; for ever and for evermore praised be thy name. Can any praise be worthy of the Lord's majesty, any thought set limits to his greatness? Down the ages the story of thy deeds is told, thy power is ever acclaimed. Each magnifies thy unapproachable glory, makes known thy wonders.

ist's enemies, mentioned in verse II. In that case, the latter half of verse 15 must be understood as instituting a contrast between temporal and spiritual well-being. But it is more likely that verses 12–14 should be taken as loosely depending on verse 15. In that case, the Vulgate will run: "(Happy is their lot) whose sons grow to manhood, tall as the saplings, their daughters fair of form, gaily decked to match the temple itself for beauty. Their garners full to bursting on this side and on that, their sheep bearing plentifully, thronging the pasture-land, sturdy their cattle, no ruined walls, no farewells, no lamenting in their streets."

Fearful are the tales they tell of thy power, proclaiming thy magnificence. Grateful their memory of all thy goodness, as they boast of thy just dealings. How gracious the Lord is, how merciful, how patient, how rich in pity! Is he not a loving Lord to his whole creation; does not his mercy reach out to all that he has made?

Joining, then, Lord, in thy whole creation's praise,
let thy faithful servants bless thee. Let them publish
the glory of thy kingdom, spread the tidings of thy
power. Make they that power known to the race of
men, the glory, the splendour of that kingdom! No age
shall dawn but shall see thee reigning still; generations
pass, and thy rule shall endure. O how true the Lord is
to all his promises, how gracious in all his dealings!

Prostrate though men may fall, the Lord will lift them
up, will revive their crushed spirits.

Quietly, Lord, thy creatures raise their eyes to thee, and thou grantest them, in due time, their nourishment. Ready thy open hand to fill with thy blessing all that lives. So faithful the Lord is in all he does, so gracious in all his dealings. The Lord draws near to every man that calls upon him, will he but call upon him with a true heart. Utter but the wish, you that fear the Lord, and he will grant it; will hear the cry, and bring aid. Vigilantly the Lord watches over all that

love him, utterly destroys the wicked. While these lips

 $[\]nu$. 13. The second half of this verse is wanting in the Hebrew text.

tell of the Lord's praise, let all that lives bless his holy name, for ever, and for evermore.

PSALM 145

(Alleluia.)

PRAISE the Lord, my soul; while life lasts, I will Ppraise the Lord; of him, my God, shall my songs be while I am here to sing them. Do not put your 3 trust in princes; they are but men, they have no power to save. As soon as the breath leaves his body, man 4 goes back to the dust he belongs to; with that, all their designs will come to nothing. Happy the man who 5 turns to the God of Israel for help, puts no confidence but in the Lord his God, maker of heaven and earth 6 and sea and all they contain; the God who keeps faith for ever, who redresses wrong, and gives food to the 7 hungry. The Lord, who brings release to the prisoner, 8 the Lord, who gives sight to the blind, the Lord, who comforts the burdened, the Lord, who befriends the innocent! The Lord, who protects the stranger, who 9 defends orphan and widow, who overturns the counsel of the wicked! The Lord, reigning for ever, thy 10

God, Sion, reigning from age to age! Alleluia.

(Alleluia.)

TRAISE the Lord; the Lord is gracious; sing to our PGod, a God who so claims our love; praise is his right. The Lord is rebuilding Jerusalem, is calling the 2 banished sons of Israel home; he it is that heals the 3 broken heart, and binds up its wounds. Does he not 4 know the number of the stars, and call each by its name? How great a Lord is ours, how magnificent 5 6 his strength, how inscrutable his wisdom! The Lord is the defender of the oppressed, and lays the wicked low in the dust. Strike up, then, in thanksgiving to the Lord, with the harp's music praise our God; the 8 God who curtains heaven with cloud, and lays up a store of rain for the earth, who clothes the mountainsides with grass, with corn for man's need, gives food 9 to the cattle, food to the young ravens that cry out to him. Not the well-mounted warrior is his choice, 10 not the swift runner wins his favour; the Lord's favour ΙI is for those who fear him, and put their trust in his Divine mercy.

^{*}Psalm 146 in the Latin is Psalm 147, vv. 1-11 in the Hebrew text.

v. 1. Vg. "Praise the Lord, a gracious thing is a psalm; cheerfully and worthily let us give our God praise."

v. 8. The last five words of this verse are wanting in the Hebrew text.

PSALM 147*

1,2 RAISE the Lord, Jerusalem; Sion, exalt thy God! He Lit is that bolts thy gates fast, and blesses thy children, who dwell safe in thee; that makes thy land a 3 land of peace, and gives thee full ears of wheat to sustain thee. See how he issues his command to the 4 earth, how swift his word runs! Now he spreads a 5 pall of snow, covers earth with an ashy veil of rime, doles out the scattered crusts of ice, binds the waters 6 at the onset of his frost. Then, at his word, all melts away; a breath from him, and the waters flow! This is the God who makes his word known to Jacob, gives Israel ruling and decree. Not such his dealings with 9 any other nation; nowhere else the revelation of his will. Alleluia.

PSALM 148

(Alleluia.)

that dwells on high. Praise him, all you angels of his, praise him, all his armies. Praise him, sun and moon; praise him, every star that shines. Praise him,

^{*} Psalm 147 in the Latin is Psalm 147, vv. 12-20 in the Hebrew text.

v. 5. "Rime"; Vg. "Mist."

v. 6. "Binds the waters at the onset of his frost"; Vg. "Sends the frost there is no enduring."

you highest heavens, you waters beyond the heavens. Let all these praise the Lord; it was his command that created them. He has set them there unaging for ever, given them a law which cannot be altered.

Give praise to the Lord on earth, monsters of the sea and all its depths; fire and hail, snow and mist, and the storm-wind that executes his decree; all you mountains and hills, all you fruit trees and cedars; all you wild beasts and cattle, creeping things and birds that fly in air; all you kings and peoples of the world, all you that are princes and judges on earth; young men and maids, old men and boys together; let them all give praise to the Lord's name. His name is exalted as no other, his praise reaches beyond heaven and earth; and now he has given fresh strength to his people. Shall not his faithful servants praise him, the sons of Israel, the people that draw near to him?

PSALM 149

(Alleluia.)

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S ING THE Lord a new song; here, where the faithful gather, let his praise be heard. In him, the maker of Israel, let Israel triumph; for him, the ruler of Sion, let Sion's children keep holiday; let there be dancing

v. 7. "Mist"; Vg. "Ice."

in honour of his name, music of tambour and of harp,
to praise him. Still the Lord shews favour to his people,
still he relieves the oppressed, and grants them victory.
In triumph let thy faithful servants rejoice, rejoice and
take their rest. Ever on their lips they bear the high
praise of God, ever in their hands they carry twoedged swords, ready to take vengeance upon the
heathen, to curb the nations, to chain kings, and bind
princes in fetters of iron. The doom written against
these, with pride his servants execute. Alleluia.

PSALM 150

(Alleluia.)

Praise God in his sanctuary, praise him on his sovereign throne. Praise him for his noble acts, praise him for his surpassing greatness. Praise him with the bray of the trumpet, praise him with harp and zither.

Praise him with the tambour and the dance, praise him with the music of string and of reed. Praise him with the clear note of the cymbals, praise him with the cymbals that tell of gladness. Let every thing that breathes praise the Lord. Alleluia.

THE SONG OF MOSES

Exodus 15:1-18

(Then Moses and the Israelites sang praise to the Lord, and this was their song:)

A PSALM for the Lord, so great he is and so glorious; horse and rider hurled into the seal. Who but the Lord is my protector and my stronghold, who but he has brought me deliverance? Shall I not praise him, my own God, shall I not extol him, the God of my father before me? Javé, the warrior God, Javé, whose very name tells of omnipotence! And now he would hurl Pharao's chariots, Pharao's army, into the sea; drowned in the Red Sea, the flower of all his chivalry; the depths closed over them, and they sank to the bottom like a stone. How magnificent, Lord, is the strength of thy right hand; that right hand which has shattered the enemy! The power that defied thee was overwhelmed by thy triumphant onslaught; the hot breath of thy anger burnt them up like stubble. The waters were piled high through the blast of thy fury; the waves were still; at the sea's heart the depths congealed.

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After them, seize them! the enemy cried; there will be spoil for all to their heart's content; now to unsheathe my sword, fill my hands with spoil! A breath from thee, and the sea closed over them; they sank in the raging waters like lead. What power is there, Lord, that can match thee? Who, as thou art, is august in

v. 2. "My stronghold"; Vg. "The pride of my song."

holiness, who so worthy of fear and praise, who so wonderful in his doings? Thou hadst but to stretch out thy hand, and the earth swallowed them up.

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Then, in thy mercy, thou who hadst ransomed thy 13 people wouldst also be their guide; it was thy power that brought them on their way to the holy place where thou dwellest. Nations went up, trembling, to their 14 strongholds; despair came on Philistia's citizens, the 15 chieftains of Edom were dismayed, the warriors of Moab overcome with fear, faint of heart were all that dwelt in Changan. Terror and dread must needs fall 16 upon them; still as a stone, under the threat of thy powerful arm, they must watch thy people go by, the people thou hast chosen for thyself go by as they would. Thy people brought within their borders, thy 17 people established on the mountain thou claimest for thy own, the dwelling-place, Lord, thou hast made for thyself, the sanctuary thy own hands have fashioned! The reign of the Lord will endure for ever and ever. т8

THE SONG OF MOSES

Deuteronomy 32:1-43

TISTEN, you heavens, while I have my say; earth, be Lattentive to the words I utter; here is teaching big with import as the rain, here are warnings that must

vv. 13-17. Some of the verbs in this passage are given in the future tense by the Vulgate.
v. 14. "Trembling"; Vg. "Chafing with anger."

soak in like the dew, wholesome as showers are to the grass, as moisture to the growing crops. The renown 3 of the Lord shall be my theme; to our God belongs majesty; the God who shelters us, how perfect is all 4 he does, how right are all his dealings! God, faithful and unerring, God, holy and just! And these, his sons, 5 have defied him, degenerate sons, a people of false aims and rebellious will. What, reckless still, inconsiderate б still! Is this the return thou wouldst make to the father who begot thee, the creator who fashioned thee? Cast 7 thy mind back to old days; nay, trace the record of each succeeding generation; ask thy father what news he has to tell, thy elders what word they have for thee. The Ruler of all has divided the nations apart, 8 sundering Adam's children and giving to each people its own home, peoples as numerous as the sons that sprang from Israel; but one was the Lord's treasured 9 possession, his own people; it was Jacob he had marked out for his own domain.

He sought them out in the wilderness, there in the echoing spaces of the desert, cherished and cared for them, guarded them as if they had been the apple of his eyes. (So the eagle that would incite its young to venture in the air now hovers over them, now spreads its wings and carries them at rest on its feathers).

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 $[\]nu$. 5. Vg. "And these, his sons, are lost to him, his sons no longer in their defilement, a generation of false aims and rebellious will."

 $[\]nu$. 8. According to the Jewish authors, there were then seventy nations in the world, as Jacob had seventy sons when he went into Egypt (Gen. 44:27).

- None but the Lord was their guide on that journey; there was no alien god to be found then in their company. So he brought them to a country of high hills,
- pany. So he brought them to a country of high hills, where they could eat the food their own lands yielded. Honey oozed from its rocks, on its barren uplands the olive could flourish; cheese from the herd, milk was their from the flock the flesh of well fed lamb and
 - theirs from the flock, the flesh of well-fed lamb and ram, cattle of Basan's breed, and he-goats; they ate the choicest wheat, drank the heady juice of the grape.
- A people so well loved! Pampered now and fullfed, they would throw off the yoke like pampered cattle. Pampered thou wert as a stalled ox, grown wanton with good living. They forsook that Divine creator,
- revolted against their strong deliverer. He must endure the rivalry of alien worship, look on indignantly at their detestable doings. To gods that were no gods,
- at their detestable doings. To gods that were no gods, but devils, they offered sacrifice; gods untried, upstart gods of yesterday, whom their fathers never held in
 awe. What, forsake the sheltering Power that gave thee birth, forget the very Lord who created thee? The
- Lord was roused to anger when he saw it, saw his own sons and daughters defying him. I will turn away from them, he said, and see what comes of it; here is an unnatural race, a faithless brood. They have deserted me for a god that was no god, phantoms have
 - been my rivals; now I will desert them in my turn, for a people that is no people of mine; their rivals shall be men as impious as themselves.
- My anger shall be like a raging fire that burns down to the depths of the abyss, that consumes earth and all

earth yields, scorches the very roots of the hills. I mean 23 to heap all my plagues upon them, exhaust all the arrows of my vengeance. Famine shall waste them. 24 fever and cruel pestilence devour them; I will send wild beasts, too, to prey on them, poisonous serpents shall creep on them through the dust. Havoc with-25 out, terror within doors; for man and maid, for infancy and old age, the same doom! Indeed, I had thought 26 to make away with them altogether, blot out their very name from all human remembrance; but no, I held 27 my hand; were those enemies of theirs to find room for boasting? Were rival nations to misread the lesson, and think it was their own power, not mine, that had won the day?

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Poor Israel, lost to right judgement, slow of discernment! If only they would take thought, they would learn better, and foresee what is coming. When they see their thousands put to rout by one man, ten thousand fleeing with two men in pursuit, can they doubt that their own God has relinquished them, that the Lord himself has given their enemy the mastery? That enemy himself will bear witness that his gods are no match for this God of ours. Does he enjoy my

v. 24. Vg. "What famine shall gnaw them, what winged terrors eat them up with destructive fangs! I will send wild beasts" . . . etc.

 $[\]nu$. 27. "Find room for boasting"; Vg. "Provoke me with taunts."

v. 32. "Does he enjoy my favour? No, says the Lord"; these words are not expressed in the original, but have to be supplied if we are to understand the train of thought.

favour? No, says the Lord, he is but a wild vine, such as grows in Sodom, or in the purlieus of Gomorrha, yielding grapes like gall, clusters of bitterness, yielding wine like the adder's venom, the rankling poison of the viper. Be sure that I keep the record of his wickedness stored away under seal in my treasure-house; vengeance is for me, I will repay when the time comes. A slip of the foot, and ruin is upon them; their doom is close at hand.

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Never doubt it, the Lord will give his people redress. will take pity on his servants, when he sees their strength so spent, the number of them so dwindled, whether bond or free. He will ask, What has become of those gods of yours, once so well trusted, that shared, once, the fat of your victims, the wine you poured in libation? Will they not bestir themselves, and come to your aid, protect you in your hour of need? Now you shall learn that I alone am God; there are no others to rival me; it is mine to kill and to quicken, mine to smite and to heal; from my power there is no deliverance. See, I lift up my hand, and swear by my own eternal being that I am whetting this bright sword of mine, to execute speedy judgement; I mean to take vengeance, now, on my enemies, requite them for all their malice. Now to glut my arrows with their blood, now to flesh this sword of mine with the slaughter of the enemy's chieftains, slain in battle or slain as

v. 42. "The enemy's chieftains, slain in battle or slain as captives"; Vg. "My enemies, warriors slain in battle and unhelmeted captives."

43 captives! Do honour, you nations, to the Lord's people; he means to avenge the blood of his servants, to punish their enemies, to be reconciled once again with the land and the people that are his.

THE SONG OF ANNA

(And Anna made this prayer which follows:)

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MY HEART thrills with joy in the Lord; pride in the God I worship lifts high my head; now I can flout my enemies, happy in thy gift of redress! Who so holy as the Lord? None, there is none else; there is no stronghold can compare with our God. Boast no more, boast no more; those lips must talk in a humbler strain; the Lord God is all-knowing, and weighs all the actions of men. See how he breaks the great warrior's bow, girds the feeble with strength; how the rich, for very need, must work as hirelings, while hungry men keep holiday! See how the barren womb seven times gives birth, and the fruitful mother has none to support her now! Lord of life and death, he brings men to the grave and back from the grave; Lord of poverty and wealth, he alone humbles, alone exalts, raising up the poor man out of the dust, the beggar from his dung-hill, to sit among princes and reach the honours of a throne. It is the Lord that poised the round world on its foundations, and holds them in his

9 keeping; safely his friends journey, low lie his enemies in the darkness; there is no protection for man in man's strength. The Lord will crush his adversaries; hark, how his thunders roll above them in heaven! The Lord will sit in judgement on the remotest peoples of earth, granting dominion and a sceptre of majesty to the king he has anointed.

SONG OF DAVID

I Paralipomenon 29:10-13

(And David sang the Lord this hymn of praise, there before the people.)

B Israel, blessed from the beginning to the end of time. Thine, Lord, the magnificence, thine the power, splendour and glory and majesty are thine; to thee all that is in heaven, all that is on earth, belongs, to thee the kingdom, and the prince that is without peer. Riches and honour come from thee; all things obey thy will; from thee power comes and dominion; only thy hand exalts, only thy hand makes strong. To thee, then, we pay homage this day, to thy glorious name bring renown.

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SONG OF TOBLAS*

Tobias 13:1-9

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B kingdom cannot fail. His to scourge, his to pity; he brings men to the grave and back from the grave; from his power there is no deliverance. Make known his fame, sons of Israel, for the Gentiles to hear; far and wide his own will has scattered us among them. Here, then, proclaim his greatness, tell of his praise so that all who live may listen. Is he not our Lord and God, is he not our father everlastingly? What though he scourge us for our sins? He will relent, and restore you from your exile in many distant lands. Only

come back to him, with heart and soul giving him unfeigned service; he will turn towards you, and hide his face no more. Think, what blessings he has in store for you; filled be every mouth with praise, as

store for you; filled be every mouth with praise, as you bless the Lord, the ever faithful, as you chant in his honour, king of all the ages.

I at least, in this land of exile, am the spokesman of his praise, herald of his power, his greatness, to a race of sinful men. Come back, sinners, and do his

^{*} The version of this song given in the Vulgate is substantially different. Verses 4-7 run as follows:

What meant he, when he scattered you among nations that know nothing of him, but that you should proclaim there his marvellous deeds, should teach men that he alone is God omnipotent? What though he scourge us for our sins? In his mercy, he will grant deliverance. See what blessings he has given us; give thanks to him with reverent awe; extol by every act of yours the king of all ages.

will; who knows but he will look on you with favour, and shew mercy to you? My God, heaven's king, shall I not chant his praises? Shall greatness like his never thrill my heart?

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THE SONG OF JUDITH

Judith 16:15-21

A HYMN, a new hymn, I will sing to the Lord my God. Great and glorious, Lord, thou art; there is no outmatching thy wondrous power. Let all thy creatures do thee service; were they not made at thy word, fashioned by a breath from thee? When thou commandest, none but must obey. Rain-swept, the mountains quake from their depths, the rocks melt like wax, at thy coming.

Yet art thou merciful to all that fear thee; little is every victim that tempts thy nostrils, little to thee every rich burnt-sacrifice; great is he who fears the Lord, in all his doings great.

Woe to the nations that levy war on my people; when the time comes for judgement, the Lord of hosts will execute vengeance on them. Their flesh the fire shall scorch, the worm shall devour; lament they must and bear their pain for ever.

v. 8. Vg. "Here at least, while I live, is a soul that finds content in him."

 $[\]nu$. 4. Of this verse, the Vulgate omits all but the first nine words and the last twelve.

v. 5. "Lament"; Vg. "Burn."

THE SONG OF ECCLESIASTICUS

Ecclesiasticus 36:1-16

1,2 TORD OF ALL, be merciful, and look towards us; strike Literror into all the nations; raise thy threatening 3 hand, and shew the Gentiles how strong thou art. They, in our punishment, have seen proof of thy holi-4 ness; let us, in their downfall, see proof of thy power; so learn they, as we have learned, that thou, Lord, 6 alone art God. Renew thy portents, as of old, shew once more thy marvellous power; let that hand, that 7 uplifted arm of thine, win fresh renown! Roused be 8 thy anger, widespread thy vengeance; away with the 9 enemy, death to the hateful breed! Delay no more: 10 put a term to their ignorance, and set them talking of thy wonderful doings. Cut off by the avenging fires 11 from all escape, swift be their ruin, the oppressors of thy people; crush the tyrants in their pride, who boast 12 that power save theirs is none. Gather Israel's tribes 13 once more, and give them domains as of old. Lord, 14 have pity on the people that bears thy name, Israel, long since acknowledged thy first-born son; have mercy 15 on Jerusalem, the holy city thou hast chosen for thy dwelling-place; let Sion echo with thy praise, thy 16 temple be filled with the brightness of thy presence.

THE SONG OF ISAIAS

Isaias 12:1-6

(When that day comes, thou wilt find thyself saying:)

THANK thee, Lord, who wast once so angry with me; now the storm has passed over, and thou hast brought me consolation instead. God is here to deliver me; I will go forward confidently, and not be afraid; source of my strength, tower of my defence, the Lord has made himself my protector.

(So, rejoicing, you will drink deep from the fountain of deliverance; singing, when that day comes:)

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Praise the Lord, and call upon his name, tell the story of his great doings among all the nations, proclaim his high renown. Sing in honour of the great deeds the Lord has done, make them known for all the world to hear. Cry aloud in praise, people of Sion; great is the holy One of Israel, that dwells among you.

SONG OF EZECHIAS

Isaias 38:10-22

T SEEMED as if I must go down to the gates of the world beneath, in the noon-tide of my years, the remnant of life that I hoped for, hoped for in vain. No

v. 2. "Tower of my defence"; Vg. "Theme of my song." This verse is a quotation from Ex. 15:2.

more (thought I) to lift my eyes to the Lord God in this land of the living, to see men's faces, my neighbours in mortality, no more! This familiar world taken away from me, folded up like a shepherd's tent, my life cut short like the weaver's thread, cut from the warp! No rest is mine night or day; the dawn comes, and finds me still lamenting; he racks my bones with a lion's fury, day and night, no rest. My voice is feeble as the voice of nestling swallow or murmuring dove; my eyes wearied out with ever straining upwards. Lord, I am in hard straits; win release for me!

6 How shall I thank him? Life promised me, and the promise made good! Bitterness of soul is passed; I shall live out my years. Life is theirs who win the 7 Lord's protection, and I, among these, shall have my fill of life and breath; thou hast healed me, saved me from death! All the bitterness turned to confidence; 8 thou hast rescued me from the snare of death, turned thy back on the record of my sins. Thou hast no praise 9 in the world beneath, death cannot honour thee; those who go down to the grave have no promises of thine to hope for; it is living men, as I am a living man 10

vv. 6 and 7, with the first half of verse 8, are of doubtful interpretation in the Hebrew. The Vulgate has: "And yet, what words can I use, what answer can I expect, when it is he himself that has brought this upon me? With bitter heart I pass all my years in review. Lord, so frail a thing is life; on so little does my mortal breath depend! Thou canst chastise me, thou canst make me live. Bitter, bitter the discipline that brings me peace!"

to-day, that give thee thanks, pass on from father to son the story of thy faithfulness. The Lord is my saviour still; while life lasts, the Lord's house shall ring with the music of my psalms.

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THE SONG OF ISALAS Isaias 45:15-26

TRULY, God of Israel, our Saviour, thou art a God I of hidden ways! All his enemies must needs be disappointed, the makers of false gods go away ashamed and abashed. Israel has found deliverance 3 in the Lord, eternal deliverance; while ages last no shame, no disappointment for you. The Lord has pro-4 nounced it, the Lord God who made the heavens, and the whole frame and fashion of earth: he did not create it to lie idle, he shaped it to be man's home. And he says, My name is Javé, there is no other to rival me; it was not in secret, not in some dark recess of 5 earth, that the word was spoken. It was not in vain that I bade the sons of Jacob search for me: I am the Lord, faithful to my promises, truthful in all I proclaim. Gather yourselves and come near, flock together to my side, heathen men that have found deliverance. They are fools, that lift up wooden images of their own fashioning, and pray to a god who cannot save. Tell us your thoughts, come, take counsel among yourselves; who was it that proclaimed this from the first, prophesied it long ago? Was it not I, the Lord? There

is no God where I am not. Was it not I, the faithful 8 God? There is no other that can save. Turn back to me, and win deliverance, all you that dwell in the remotest corners of the earth; I am God, there is no other. I swear it by my own honour; from my lips 9 comes the true promise there is no recalling, that every knee shall bow before me, and every tongue swear by my name. Of me it shall be said that redress and 10 dominion come from the Lord only; all those who rebelled against him shall appear in his presence abashed. Through the Lord, the whole race of Israel II shall be righted and brought to honour.

THE SONG OF JEREMY

Jeremias 31:10-14

Listen, Gentiles, to the Lord's promise; his word must go out to the islands that are far away; word that he who scattered Israel will gather Israel in, will guard it faithfully as a shepherd guards his flock. The Lord means to ransom Jacob, to grant deliverance from the tyrant's power. The exiles will return, greeting mount Sion with cries of gladness; thronging in to take possession of the Lord's gifts, corn and wine and oil, increase of flock and herd. Revived their spirits shall be, like a garden when the stream flows full; they shall pine away no more. Glad the maidens shall dance, gladness there shall be for young and old alike; I will

turn all their sorrow into joy, comfort and cheer their sad hearts. Full-fed my priests shall be with dainties; blessings my people shall have till they ask no more.

THE SONG OF THE THREE YOUNG MEN

Daniel 3:52-88

I

BLESSED art thou, Lord God of our fathers, praised and renowned above all for ever; blessed is thy holy and glorious name, praised and renowned above all for ever. Blessed art thou, in the temple where thy glory dwells apart, praised above all, renowned above all for ever; blessed art thou, reigning on thy kingly throne, praised above all, renowned above all for ever.

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Blessed art thou, who art throned above the cherubim, and gazest down into the depths, praised and renowned above all for ever. Blessed art thou in the vault of heaven, praised and renowned for ever.

Π

Bless the Lord, all things the Lord has made, praise and extol his name for ever. Bless the Lord, you, the Lord's angels; bless the Lord, you heavens. Bless the Lord, waters above the heavens; bless the Lord you, 6,7 the Lord's armies. Bless the Lord, sun and moon, bless

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8 the Lord, stars of heaven. Bless the Lord, each drop
9 of rain and moisture; bless the Lord, all you winds.
10,11 Bless the Lord, fire and heat; bless the Lord, cold and
12,13 winter. Bless the Lord, dew and rain, bless the Lord,
14 frost and the cold air. Bless the Lord, rime and snow,
15,16 bless the Lord, day-time and night-time. Bless the
17 Lord, light and darkness; bless the Lord, lightnings
and storm-clouds.

Let earth, too, bless the Lord, praise him and extol
his name for ever. Bless the Lord, mountains and
hills; bless the Lord, every growing thing that earth
Lord, seas and rivers. Bless the Lord, sea-monsters and
all life that is bred in the waters; bless the Lord, all
you birds that fly in heaven. Bless the Lord, wild
beasts and tame; praise him and extol his name for
ever.

26,27 Bless the Lord, you sons of men; and most let Israel
28 bless the Lord. Bless the Lord, you, the Lord's priests;
29,30 bless the Lord, you, the Lord's servants. Bless the
31 Lord, spirits and souls of all faithful men; bless the
32 Lord, dedicated and humble hearts. Well may Ananias, Azarias and Misael bless the Lord, praise him
and extol his name for ever.

v. 11. "Cold and winter"; Vg. "Cold and heat" (probably by an error of transcription).

THE SONG OF HABACUC

Habacuc 3:2-19

(A prayer. Of the prophet Habacuc. To sad music.)

I have heard, Lord, the tale of thy renown; I have seen a vision, Lord, of the power thou hast. Reveal that power in these latter days, in these latter days make it known once more! And though we have earned thy anger, bethink thee of mercy still.

God coming near from Theman, the holy One from yonder hills of Pharan! See how his glory overspreads heaven, his fame echoes through earth; the brightness that is his, like light itself, the rays that stream from his hand, masking his strength; pestilence his outrider, the wasting sickness in his train! Does he halt? Then earth trembles. Does he look about him? The nations are adread. Rocked the everlasting mountains,

bowed down the ancient hills, his own immemorial pathway, as he goes. I see the Ethiop quail in his tent, the dwellings of Madian astir with terror.

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Is it the rivers, Lord, that have awaked thy anger; should it be the rivers? Or is it the sea has earned thy vengeance, that thou comest thus mounted on thy

 $[\]nu$. 5. Vg. "Death his outrider, the accusing angel in his train."

 $[\]nu$. 6. "Does he halt? Then earth trembles"; Vg. "He stood still, and scanned (literally, measured) the earth."

v. 7. "The Ethiop quail"; Vg. "The Ethiop (tremble) for his sins."

9 horses, on thy chariot that crushes all before it; bearest thy bow stripped from its case, thy quiver so full of arrows? Earth is torn into ravines; the mountains tremble at the sight. Fierce falls the rain-storm, loud the ocean roars; the sun forgets to dawn in splendour, the moon lingers in her bower, so bright thy arrows volley, with such sheen of lightning glances thy spear.

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Nay, if thou ridest through the world so angrily, crushing the nations in thy disdain, it is to rescue thy own people, rescue thy own anointed servant, that thou goest out to battle. Down fall the battlements in yonder castle of godlessness, down sink the foundations to their very base; thrust through with thy spear are the heads of great warriors, eager now to overthrow me, confident now as some petty tyrant who oppresses the poor in secret; down into the sea thou dost hurl his chariots, sucked down by the ooze beneath its waves.

v. 9. "Thy quiver so full of arrows"; Vg. "Such was the promise thou hadst made to the nations (literally, tribes)," perhaps with a reference to Gen. 9:13.

νν. 10, 11. "Loud the ocean roars; the sun forgets to dawn in splendour, the moon lingers in her bower"; Vg. "The depths beneath us roar aloud; the heights beckon from above; sun and moon linger in their dwelling-place."

v. 13. "Rescue thy own people, rescue thy own anointed servant"; Vg. "Rescue thy people, march with thy anointed servant to their rescue."

v. 14. "Thrust through with thy spear are the heads of great warriors, eager now to overthrow me"; Vg. "Thy curse lay on the enemy's companies, (on the) heads of his warriors, as they came like a whirlwind to overthrow me."

Such was the tale that set my whole frame trem-16 bling; at the rumour of it I cried out in fear; there was a faintness overcame my whole being, my steps faltered as I went. Now with tranquil heart I await this day of doom; upon the enemies of our people it is destined to fall. What though the fig-tree never 17 bud, the vine yield no fruit, the olive fail, the fields bear no harvest; what though our folds stand empty of sheep, our byres of cattle? Still I will make my 18 boast in the Lord, triumph in the deliverance God sends me. The Lord, the ruler of all, is my strong-19 hold; he will bring me safely on my way, safe as the hind whose feet echo already on the hills.

SONG OF THE BLESSED VIRGIN MARY

Luke 1:46-55

1,2 M soul magnifies the Lord; my spirit has found joy in God, who is my Saviour, because he has looked graciously upon the lowliness of his handmaid.

v. 19. The Vulgate adds, "A psalm in my mouth for him"; apparently it has mistaken a musical direction in the original

for part of the song's text.

v. 16. "There was a faintness overcame my whole being; my steps faltered as I went. Now with tranquil heart I await this day of doom; upon the enemies of our people it is destined to fall"; Vg. "Now let wasting disease penetrate, if it will, this frame, rage in me, head to foot; none the less I will keep a tranquil heart when this day of doom comes, gird myself, with the rest of my people, for the march."

Behold, from this day forward all generations will count me blessed; because he who is mighty, he whose 4 name is holy, has wrought for me his wonders. He 5 has mercy upon those who fear him from generation to generation; he has done valiantly with the strength 6 of his arm, driving the proud astray in the imagination of their hearts; he has put down the mighty from their seat, and exalted the lowly; he has filled the hungry 8 with good things, and sent the rich away empty-handed. He has protected his servant Israel, keeping his merci-9 ful design in remembrance, according to the promise 10 which he made to our forefathers, Abraham and his posterity for evermore.

SONG OF ZACHARY

Luke 1:68–79

B LESSED be the Lord, the God of Israel; he has visited his people, and wrought their redemption. He has raised up a sceptre of salvation for us among the posterity of his servant David, according to the promise which he made by the lips of holy men that have been his prophets from the beginning; salvation from our enemies, and from the hand of all those who hate us. So he would carry out his merciful design towards our fathers, by remembering his holy covenant. He had sworn an oath to our father Abraham, that he would enable us to live without fear in his service,

delivered from the hand of our enemies, passing all our days in holiness, and approved in his sight. And thou, my child, wilt be known for a prophet of the most High, going before the Lord, to clear his way for him; thou wilt make known to his people the salvation that is to release them from their sins. Such is the merciful kindness of our God, which has bidden him come to us, like a dawning from on high, to give light to those who live in darkness, in the shadow of death, and to guide our feet into the way of peace.

SONG OF SIMEON

Luke 2:29-32

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Ruler of all, now dost thou let thy servant go in peace, according to thy word; for my own eyes have seen that saving power of thine which thou hast prepared in the sight of all nations. This is the light which shall give revelation to the Gentiles, this is the glory of thy people Israel.

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